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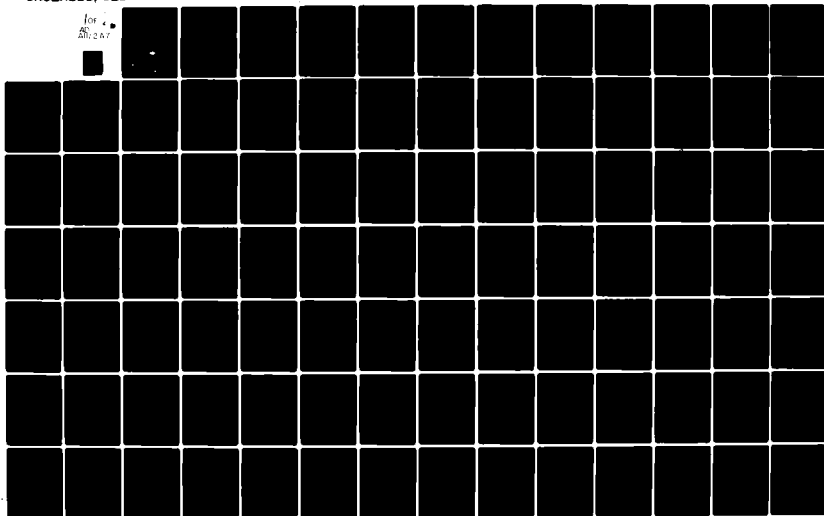
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Report 719C-7

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DOCUMENTATION OF THE LOCK CAPACITY  
MODEL USED IN THE FEASIBILITY  
ANALYSIS OF GL/SLS CAPACITY EXPANSION.  
MEASURES TO THE YEAR 2050

TASK 10 Report of Great Lakes/St. Lawrence  
Seaway Regional Transportation Studies

Prime Contract DACW 35-80-C0060

May 1981

M. R. Horne and A. P. Free

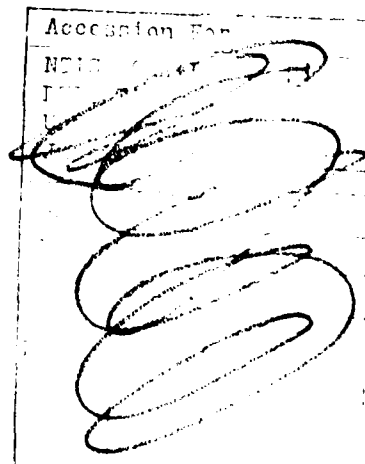
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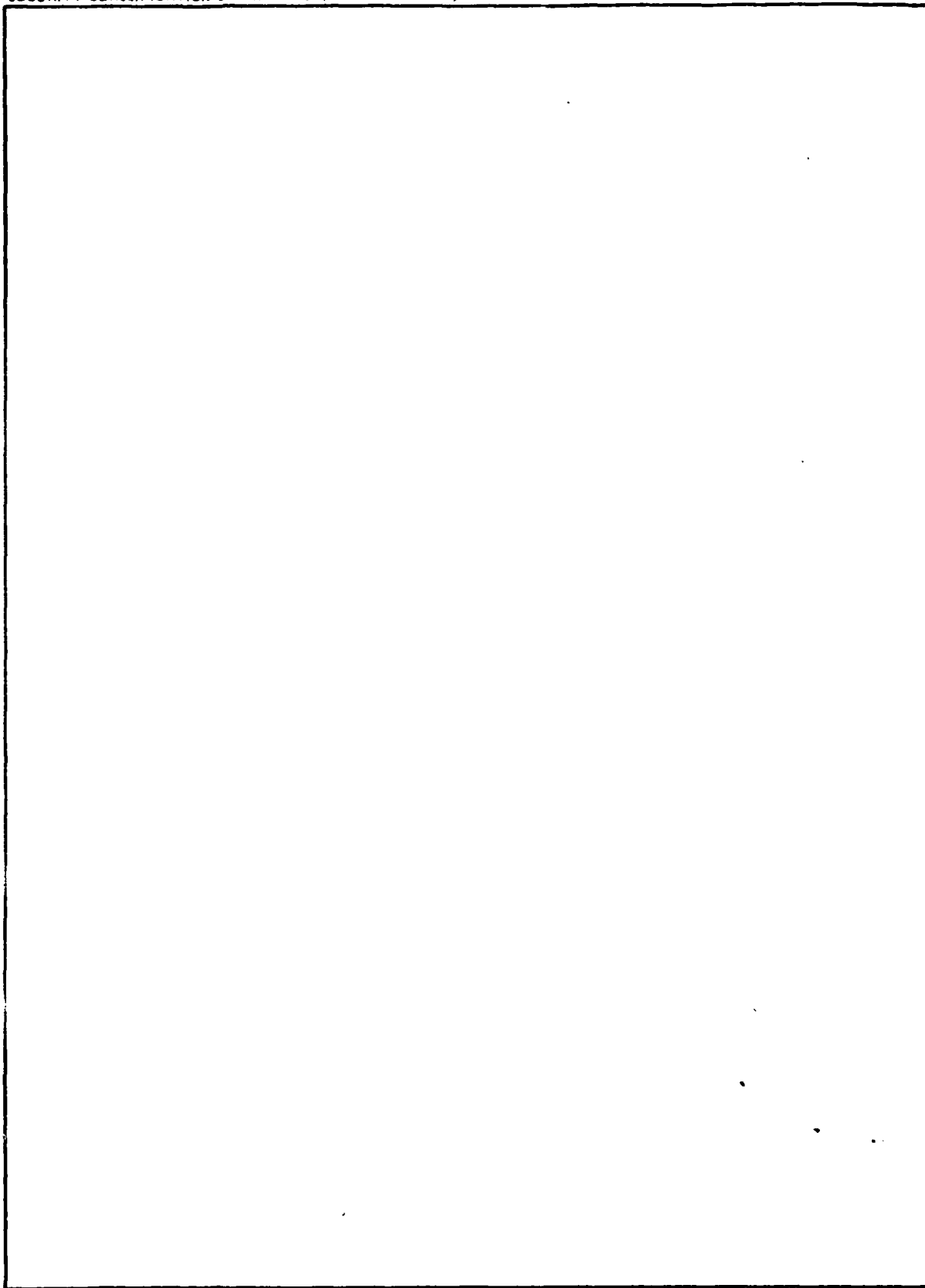
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## 1. OVERVIEW

### 1.1 Objectives

The specific objectives of this study were to develop a GL/SLS LOCK CAPACITY MODEL to be used as a planning tool to determine if, or when in time, the Soo, Welland, and St. Lawrence Lock Systems can be expected to reach capacity as a function of:

- Cargo Traffic Projections
- Vessel Fleet Projections
- Vessel Operating Characteristics and Locking Times
- Lock Operating Characteristics
- Length of Navigation Season
- Available Operating Time (Weather, Delays, Lock Malfunction Delays, Daylight-Only Navigation)
- Pleasure Craft and Non-Commercial Vessel Locking Requirements
- Winter Vessel and Lock Opening Procedures

Overall, the GL/SLS LOCK CAPACITY MODEL can be described as a queuing model which analyzes steady-state lock operations and vessel-lock interaction. For a given set of the above-listed data and a specific year, the GL/SLS LOCK CAPACITY MODEL generates the following output for 14 separate time periods (10 months plus early and late April, and early and late December):

- Cargo Transported by Commodity and Direction
- Vessel Operating Fleet
- Yearly Vessel Transit Demand by Vessel Class, Commodity, and Direction
- Daily Vessel Transit Demand by Direction

- Lock Cycle Time by Direction  
(Mean and Standard Deviation)
- Average Vessel Waiting Time by  
Direction
- Average Vessel Queue Length by  
Direction
- Lock Utilization
- Vessel Delay Costs

## 1.2 Environment

The GL/SLS LOCK CAPACITY MODEL was developed for and submitted to the Department of the Army, North Central Division, Corps of Engineers by ARCTEC, Incorporated, the sole developer of the GL/SLS LOCK CAPACITY MODEL. The model is intended for use by the Corps of Engineers as a planning tool to determine when lock capacity is reached for the Soo, Welland, and St. Lawrence River lock systems and to analyze the influence of factors causing capacity. Production runs have been performed by ARCTEC, Incorporated for the Corps of Engineers to determine when the Soo, Welland, and St. Lawrence River lock systems reach capacity under existing conditions, and with the incorporation of several non-structural and structural alternatives for improving system capacity.

The GL/SLS LOCK CAPACITY MODEL was run on a Boeing Computer Services (BCS) CDC mainframe computer under their EKS operating system. BCS maintains CDC Cyber 175 and CDC 6600 computers.

## 1.3 Program Specifications

The GL/SLS LOCK CAPACITY MODEL is able to handle multiple runs consisting of different combinations of lock system(s) and locking time range(s) in one job. It can also run combinations of such capacity expansion measures as changes in locking times, changes in draft, and changes in lock size.

The main program consists of a mainline program and 10 separate modules. The mainline program orders the execution of the 10 modules, which perform separate sections of the analysis. A conceptual flow diagram of the GL/SLS LOCK CAPACITY MODEL appears in Figure 1.1. Specifications for the GL/SLS LOCK CAPACITY MODEL, DATA FILES, and OUTPUT FILES are listed in Table 1.1.

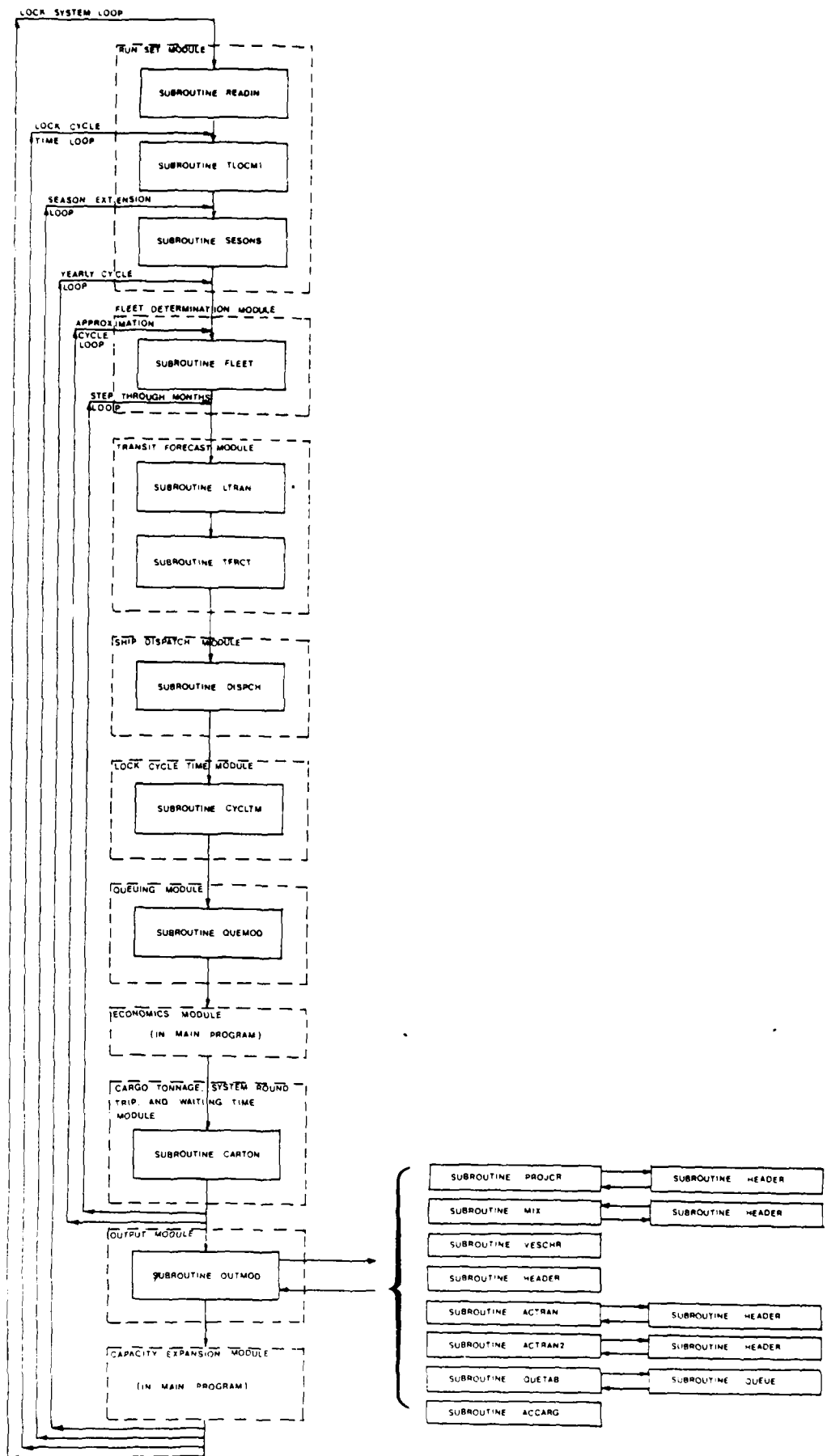


FIGURE 1.1 CONCEPTUAL FLOW OF THE GLSLS LOCK CAPACITY MODEL

## SPECIFICATIONS FOR THE GL/SLS LOCK CAPACITY MODEL, DATA FILES, AND OUTPUT

Language:	CDC Compatible FORTRAN
Core Required for one Run:*	160,000 Octal Words
Program Size:	
ASCII Listing	189 PRU's
Binary Compilation	217 PRU's

Size Per Lock System: 31 PRU's

Size (Scenario No. 5, all 3 Lock Systems):	2718 PRU's
Print Size (same file as above):	21,129 Lines

Compilation Time	12 CP secs
Execution Time:	40 CP secs
Job Processing Computer Charge Units (CCU's):	439 (includes all three locks, execution only)
Cost per CCU (if run at low priority, PO2)	\$0.030 to 0.075

1-4

## 2. INPUT DATA FILES

### 2.1 Introduction

The GL/SLS LOCK CAPACITY MODEL consists of a main program and three (3) separate data files. This section on the input data files presents a list and detailed discussion of all the variables that appear in the input data files as well as a discussion of how certain variables may be manipulated to vary the results of the Lock Capacity Analyses.

Each Lock System is represented by its own data file. Each data file contains not only system, lock, and vessel data, but also contains run parameters. System, lock, and vessel data include operating conditions, route data, available operating time, locking times and locking characteristics, and vessel characteristics. Run parameters determine the lock system, maximum vessel class, locking time range(s), and season extension(s) to be analyzed. A complete list and description of all input variables can be found in Table 2.1 at the end of this section.

### 2.2 Run Parameters

The run parameters determine the lock system, locking time range(s), and season extension(s) that are used in the lock capacity analyses. The run condition data is contained in the first four lines in each data file, the first of which contains the go/no-go flag and the data file identifier. A data file is identified by a 1, 2, or 3 in the data file identifier column, representing the Soo, Welland, or St. Lawrence lock system, respectively. To run any particular lock system a 1 must appear as the go/no-go flag, as a 0 indicates that the lock system that the particular file represents is not to be analyzed. The same 1/0 designation is used to choose which season extension(s), and locking time variation(s) are to be used. The program, as modified for this study, is able to run only Season Extension 1 at the Soo Locks (April - December) and Season Extension 2, which denotes the same period (April - December) at the Welland Canal and the St. Lawrence River since variations in season extension were not selected by the Corps as capacity expansion alternatives.

The ability to implement a capacity expansion measure when capacity is reached is incorporated in the program. These measures are implemented by go/no-go flags, expansion measure identifiers, and the appropriate new data that deals with the expansion measure at the bottom of each data file.

### 2.3 System, Lock, and Vessel Data

System, lock, and vessel data includes data on operating conditions, available operating time, locking times, vessel characteristics, route data, and cargo shipping demand. Data pertaining to the validation of the base year is also included in the input data, such as the transit distribution factors, which determine the percentage of total annual loaded transits that occur in each of the operating periods. A complete description of each variable can be found in Table 2.1 on the following pages.



TABLE 2.1  
INPUT DATA (IN ORDER OF OCCURRENCE)

GONOGO	Go/no-go flag (See Section 3.1)
IS	Data file identifier (See Section 3.1)
LU	Maximum vessel class
ISES(4)	Season extension identifier (See Section 3.1)
ILTM(3)	Locking time range identifiers (See Section 3.1)
ZBHF(12)	Ship utilization factors
FACTOR	Cargo Multiplier: Can be used to vary the total cargo potential for sensitivity analyses
CALFAC	System queue length and waiting time multiplier: CALFAC accounts for the number of non-constraining locks in the Welland Canal and the St. Lawrence River.
SYSFAC	System lock cycle time multiplier: SYSFAC accounts for the number of non-constraining locks in the Welland Canal and the St. Lawrence River.
SYSADD	Time spent in the flight locks - hours
SYSTIM	Round trip time in the Welland Canal and the St. Lawrence River minus time spent in the locks and lock queues - hours
ADDPCT(6,12)	Fleet mix ship building percentages as a function of commodity and vessel class
CC(12,6)	Carrying capacities as a function of vessel class and commodity - short tons
TDF(12,14)	Transit distribution factors: TDF represents the percentage of annual loaded transits occurring in each of the 14 operating periods for the base year validation. TDF is a function of vessel class and operating period. These are only used for validation.
WHEAT(80,3)	Cargo Projections for wheat: WHEAT is a function of year and direction (upbound, downbound, or total)
STLPRD(80,3)	Same as above for steel products
GENCAR(80,3)	Same as above for general cargo
SOY(80,3)	Same as above for soybeans
BLYRYE(80,3)	Same as above for barley and rye

TABLE 2.1 (CONTINUED)

CORN(80,3)	Same as above for corn
OILSD(80,3)	Same as above for oilseeds
ALMSTN(80,3)	Same as above for limestone
AIRORE(80,3)	Same as above for iron ore
RAWMAT(80,3)	Same as above for raw materials
COAL(80,3)	Same as above for coal
PETROL(80,3)	Same as above for petroleum products
CEMENT(80,3)	Same as above for cement
AMIN(80,3)	Same as above for nonmetallic minerals
DRYBLK(80,3)	Same as above for dry bulk
DATM(14)	Operating hours per day for each operating period. DATM is a function of operating period.
TMLOCK(12,2,4)	Normal range of locking times in minutes: TMLOCK is a function of vessel class, direction, and lock.
TLTML2(12,2,4)	Low range of locking times
TLTML3(12,2,4)	High range of locking times
STDEV(12,2,4)	Locking time standard deviation in minutes: STDEV is a function of vessel class, direction and lock.
BTF4	Base year bias traffic factor for early April: If BTF4 = 1.0, maximum bias is obtained; if BTF4 = 0.0, zero bias is obtained.
BTF5	Base year bias traffic factor for late April
BTF13	Base year bias traffic factor for early December
BTF14	Base year bias traffic factor for late December
TURNBK(2)	Turnback time in minutes: TURNBK is a function of lock
XSHIP(12)	Vessel operating costs in \$/hr: XSHIP is a function of vessel class
XCAP(12)	Vessel capital costs in \$/hr: XCAP is a function of vessel class
PCRF(14,2)	Pleasure craft and ice lockages in lockages per day: PCRF is a function of operating period and direction.
FLOAD(6)	Loading factor: FLOAD accounts for broken stowage space in the cargo vessels. FLOAD is a function of commodity.
DISTN(2,6)	Mean one-way distances in miles: DISTN is a function of direction and commodity.

TABLE 2.1 (CONTINUED)

FILL(6,12)	Loading rate in short tons per hour: FILL is a function of commodity and vessel class.
EMPTY(6,12)	Unloading rate in short tons per hour: EMPTY is a function of commodity and vessel class.
HRS(14,4,6)	Available operating hours per operating period: HRS is a function of operating period, season extension, and commodity. Cargo will be transported in any operating period with a non-zero entry for HRS.
VSA(14,12,4)	Vessel speed of advance in miles per hour: VSA is a function of operating period, vessel class, and season extension. Vessel classes can be prohibited from operating in certain operating periods (winter periods) by setting VSA for that particular class and operating period to zero (this has and can be done in the program also (See Section 5.4.1)).
DIN(14,4)	Relative demand indexes: DIN represents the relative demand for cargo to be shipped during each operating period and so influences the tonnage distribution over the year. DIN accounts for the start-up and slow-down at the beginning and end of operating season and was chosen to duplicate the start-up and slow-down observed in the base year. DIN may be any number from 00.0 to 99.9 and is a function of operating period and season extension.
PO(80,12)	Vessel phase-out fractions: PO accounts for old vessel phase-out and represents the percentage of vessels phased out of each class for each year. PO is a function of year and vessel class.
BASEFT(6,12)	Zero-backhaul base year fleet: BASEFT was arrived at through validation and is a function of commodity and vessel class.
BTF(14,4)	Biased traffic factors for non-base year analyses. If BTF = 1.0, maximum bias results; if BTF = 0.0, minimum bias results (See Section 4.4). BTF is a function of operating period and season extension.
TDFCX(5,4)	Transit distribution factors for extended season grain and general cargo: Because extended season grain and general cargo are distributed evenly over the extended season, the transit distribution factors must be specified. Note that TDFCX sums to one for both commodities in order to transport exactly the extended season tonnage potential. TDFCX is a function of season extension periods and season extension.
CAPINC(12)	Capacity increase with increases in system draft: CAPINC is a function of ship class and is tabulated in short tons per year.

TABLE 2.1 (CONTINUED)

ICAPX                      Go/no-go flag: ICAPX determines whether to implement a capacity expansion measure or not (1 = yes, 0 = no)

MEASUR                    Capacity expansion measure identifier:  
                             1 - Locking time and reductions  
                             2 - Construct larger locks  
                             3 - Increase allowable ship draft

FOR MEASUR = 1

REDLT(3,2,5)            Locking time reduction factors: REDLT is a function of lock system (Soo, Welland, St. Lawrence), direction, and alternative.

NHOWTO                   Alternative identifier

FOR MEASUR = 2

NEWLU                    New maximum vessel class

ZBHF(12)                Same as previous ZBHF, but for additional vessel classes.

ADDPCT(6,12)           Same as previous ADDPCT but for additional vessel classes

CC(12,6)                Same as previous CC but for additional vessel classes

TMLOCK(12,2,4)        Same as previous TMLOCK but for additional vessel classes

TLTML2(12,2,4)        Same as previous TLTML2 but for additional vessel classes

TLTML3(12,2,4)        Same as previous TLTML3 but for additional vessel classes

STDEV(12,2,4)        Same as previous STDEV but for additional vessel classes

FILL(6,12)              Same as previous FILL but for additional vessel classes

EMPTY(6,12)            Same as previous EMPTY but for additional vessel classes

VSA(14,12,4)           Same as previous VSA but for additional vessel classes

PO(80,12)              Same as previous PO but for additional vessel classes

CAPINC(12)             Same as previous CAPINC but for additional vessel classes

FOR MEASUR = 3

DRAFT                    New allowable ship draft through the system

LOCKS                    Go/no-go flag that allows implementation of new locks along with deeper draft. (0 = no, 1 = yes)

### 3. COMPUTER USAGE

#### 3.1 Selecting the Run Parameters

The run parameters determine which system(s), maximum vessel class(es), season extension(s), and locking time range(s) are analyzed. These run parameters appear in the first four lines of each data file as shown in Figure 3.1.

#### 3.2 Running the GL/SLS LOCK CAPACITY MODEL

Experience with the GL/SLS LOCK CAPACITY MODEL has shown that the most efficient method of using the program is to keep the program and data files stored in separate indirect access files and to run the program from the terminal in the remote batch mode. To run the program in the remote batch mode the user must use a submit file to submit a desired job. The sample submit file in Figure 3.2 was used to submit the previously compiled program.

#### 3.3 Output

Results are printed as nine tables in the following order:

- Projected Cargo Tonnage
- Fleet Mix
- Vessel Characteristics
- Yearly Transits
- Daily Transit Demand
- Actual Transits
- Queuing Information
- Delay Cost
- Actual Cargo Flow

Data is printed out as a function of operating period, commodity, vessel class and direction through the locks. For purposes of this project the delay cost output has been suppressed. A sample copy of one year of one run appears in Appendix D.

FIGURE 3.1

SAMPLE RUN PARAMETERS

1,3	GONOGO, Data File Identifier
7	Maximum Vessel Class
0,1,0,0	Season Extensions
1,0,0	Locking Times (Normal, Low, High)

- The go/no-go flag should be 1 for a data file if that particular system is to be analyzed, and 0 if not.
- The Data File Identifier should be left constant; 1 signifies the Soo system, 2 the Welland Canal, and 3 the St. Lawrence River.
- Vessel Class is for baseline only. New vessel classes are input with expansion measure data.
- The four figures in the line labeled "Season Extensions" represent from left to right, season extension 1, 2, 3, and 4. A 1 in the appropriate space denotes that the season extension is to be analyzed while a 0 denotes that it is not. Note that the program is now only capable of running April thru December which corresponds to season extension 1 at the Soo and season extension 2 at the Welland and St. Lawrence River. This is due to the fact that the expansion alternatives selected by the Corps did not include season extension. The program was therefore modified and streamlined in that area.
- The three figures on the line labeled "Locking Times" represent, from left to right, normal, low, and high locking time ranges. Again, the same run/no-run convention applies.

FIGURE 3.2 SAMPLE SUBMIT FILE

ANALOK,CM20600,T200.  
USER,CEF218,ARCTEC.  
GET,TAPE1=NWS00.  
GET,TAPE2=NWWEL.  
GET,TAPE3=NWSLS.  
GET,TAPE3=NWSLS.  
BREVIS.  
EXIT,U.  
REWIND,OUTPUT.  
COPYCF,OUTPUT,BUGS.  
REPLACE,BUGS.  
REWIND,TAPE8.  
COPYCF,TAPE8,TABLES.  
REPLACE,TABLES.  
REWIND,TAPE9  
COPYCF,TAPE9,DBGOUT.  
REPLACE,DBGOUT.  
COST.  
DAYFILE,ERROR.  
REPLACE,ERROR.

FIGURE 3.2 SAMPLE SUBMIT FILE (CONTINUED)

LINE

1	User, Memory Limit, Time Limit
2	ID#, Password
3	Get a copy of the LOCK CAPACITY MODEL (Compiled Version) from the files
4	Get a copy of the Soo data file
5	Get a copy of the Welland data file
6	Get a copy of the St. Lawrence data file
7	Execute the program
8	If there are execution errors, this allows the rest of the submit file to be executed.
9-11	Rewinds and copies the load map to the file BUGS and stores it as an indirect access permanent file
12-14	Rewinds and copies the output to file TABLES and stores it as an indirect access permanent file
15-17	Rewinds and copies a debugging file produced by WRITE statements in the program to a file DBGOUT and stores it as an indirect access permanent file
18	Gives the total cost of the job
19-20	Copies the dayfile (which is a record of the statistics of the run) on the file ERROR and stores it as an indirect access permanent file.

Once the submit file has been created the job can be submitted with the commands:

```
GET,submitfilename  
SUBMIT,submitfilename,NL
```



#### 4. PROGRAM MAINTENANCE

The GL/SLS LOCK CAPACITY MODEL consists of a mainline program which is divided into ten (10) separate modules, and three (3) separate data files. This section on program maintenance presents detailed descriptions of the mainline program and the individual modules. A detailed discussion of the data files can be found in Section 2.

##### 4.1 Mainline Program

The purpose of the mainline program is to receive the data files, establish the common blocks, dimension variables not in the common blocks, to initialize certain variables through the use of data statements, to order the execution of the modules, and to control the execution of the GL/SLS LOCK CAPACITY MODEL. As the program listing (Appendix B) indicates, the mainline program begins by defining tape numbers which correspond to the data files and output files as follows:

TAPE 1 - SOO DATA FILE

TAPE 2 - WELLAND DATA FILE

TAPE 3 - SLP DATA FILE

TAPE 8 - OUTPUT FILE

TAPE 9 - DEBUG FILE FOR INTERNAL DEBUGGING WRITE STATEMENTS

HELP - DEBUG FILE FOR CDC SUPPORTED DEBUG SOFTWARE OUTPUT

The program header is followed by the common definitions, the dimension statements, and the data statements. A list and brief description of the common blocks can be found in Appendix A. A list and brief description of the data statements can be found in Table 4.1.

Following the data statements, the program reads the go/no-go flag in the first lock system data file to determine if an analysis of that lock system is to be run. Once a lock system has been selected the first module begins execution. The ten (10) Modules are listed below.

TABLE 4.1 VARIABLES IN DATA STATEMENTS

ABTEST	Any number close to zero (for logical comparisons)
DM(14)	Days per period (14 periods per year)
IBMO(14)	Hollerith constants containing the names of the 14 periods
LMAX(12)	Maximum length of vessels
LMIN(12)	Minimum length of vessels
MONRAY(14)	Contains, in sequence, the periods to be analyzed (eg: MONRAY(1) signifies early April, which is the first period to be analyzed)
NEXPG	Carriage control to begin each table on a new page
RHOMAX	Maximum lock utilization allowed for all locks except for the Poe Lock
RHOPOE	Maximum lock utilization allowed for the Poe Lock
TIMES(14)	Increase in locking time for each period (mainly for winter months)
TLOCKM	Typical locking time for the MacArthur Lock
TTI	Transit time increase factor which is a function of the month and increases transit times due to winter conditions

1. Run Set Module - The Run Set Module reads the appropriate data file, determines the conditions under which the model is to be run (season extension, locking time variation) assigns values to working variables in accordance with the specified conditions, and initiates the major do-loops that order the run.
2. Fleet Determination Module - The Fleet Determination Module determines the required zero - backhaul fleet.
3. Transit Forecast Module - The Transit Forecast module determines the number of loaded and ballast transits, pleasure craft lockages, and ice lockages that occur in each operating period and converts the zero backhaul fleet to the real fleet.
4. Ship Dispatch Module (Soo System Only) - The Ship Dispatch Module dispatches ships to the separate Soo Locks on the basis of equal lock utilization or equal waiting time.
5. Lock Cycle Time Module - The Lock Cycle Time Module determines the mean lock cycle time for a particular lock and fleet mix.
6. Lock Queueing Module - The Lock Queueing Module determines the length of the incoming queue and the waiting time for a particular lock and fleet mix.
7. Economic Module - The Economic Module converts the average waiting time into the delay cost for each lock and vessel.
8. Cargo Tonnage Module, System Round-Trip and Waiting Time Module - This module computes the projected cargo flow and the actual cargo flow for each period and commodity. It also calculates the time it takes for a vessel to make one round-trip in the Welland Canal and the St. Lawrence River including time spent in queues and slowdowns due to weather conditions.
9. Output Module - The Output Module assembles the data generated by the other modules, assigns the data to working variables for printout purposes, and produces the output file.
10. Capacity Expansion Module - After the system reaches capacity this module reads in new data and initializes the appropriate variables for the particular capacity expansion measure that is to be analyzed. The module then returns control back to the beginning of the yearly loop and resumes execution until capacity is reached again, whereupon a new measure can be implemented. The program also has the option to halt whenever the system reaches capacity.

## 4.2 The Run Set Module

The purpose of the Run Set Module is to read the appropriate data file, determine the conditions under which the model is to be run, assign values to working variables in accordance with the specified conditions, and initiate the major do-loops that order the run. The first step in the Run Set Module is to CALL READIN, which reads in the system data and run data. Once the locking time variation(s), season extension(s), and maximum ship class are known, the locking times are set in subroutine TLOCMT and the cargo projections are set in subroutine SESONS.

Input and output data are identical due to the fact that the Run Set Module is basically a data input model. Table 2.1 contains input/output through the data files.

### 4.2.1 Subroutine READIN

The purpose of subroutine READIN is to read in data from the appropriate data file and to initialize necessary working variables to this data. Run specification variables are read in first, followed by system, vessel, and lock data. Following the data read-in, the carrying capacities are modified and assigned to working variables, and the transit modified and assigned to working variables, and the transit distribution factors for the base year are also assigned to working variables. Also the 15 input commodity projections are collapsed into 6 working commodities; ore, coal, stone, grain, other bulk, and general cargo.

The carrying capacity modification allows fine tuning of the carrying capacities during validation and the same mechanism can be used for sensitivity analyses. Because only three carrying capacities are read in for each ship (and there are 6 commodities) the carrying capacities are assigned under the rule that:

$$CC_{\text{ore}} = CC_{\text{stone}}$$

$$CC_{\text{coal}} = CC_{\text{grain}}$$

$$CC_{\text{other bulk}} = CC_{\text{general cargo}}$$

The transit distribution factors for the base year validation represent the percentage of annual transits occurring for any period for each ship class. Because there are only three values of TDF read in per period (there are up to 11 classes) TDF is assigned under the following rule:

### Soo System

$TDF_4 = TDF_5$

$TDF_6 = TDF_7 = TDF_8 = TDF_9$

$TDF_{10} = TDF_{11}$

Subscripts denote vessel class

### Welland and St. Lawrence River

$TDF_4 = TDF_6$

$TDF_5 = TDF_7$

Note: For the Welland and St. Lawrence, class 6 denotes oceans; class 5 denotes class 5 and 6 lakers

Because subroutine READIN only reads in data, input data and output data are identical. Input/output data for subroutine READIN is listed in Table 4.2.

#### 4.2.2 Subroutine TLOCMT

The purpose of subroutine TLOCMT is to assign low or high locking times to the locking time working variable. The working variable has been previously initialized to the normal locking time values in subroutine READIN. Input/output data is listed in Table 4.3.

#### 4.2.3 Subroutine SESONS

The purpose of subroutine SESONS is to assign the correct season extension cargo potential to the working variable for cargo potential. Input/output data is listed in Table 4.4.

### 4.3 The Fleet Determination Module

The purpose of the Fleet Determination Module is to determine the zero - backhaul fleet required to carry the specified cargo given the system and vessel characteristics. The entire Fleet Determination Module is contained within subroutine FLEET.

TABLE 4.2 INPUT AND OUTPUT: SUBROUTINE READIN

INPUT

Through the Argument List

IS	Lock System identifier
ISYST	Iteration variable for lock system
KU	Number of different locks
IDEBUG	Logical variable for debug output

OUTPUT

Through the Argument List

LU	Maximum vessel class
FACTOR	Cargo multiplier
BTF4	Bias traffic factor for validation - early April
BTF5	Bias traffic factor for validation - late April
BTF13	Bias traffic factor for validation - early December
BTF14	Bias traffic factor for validation - late December
CALFAC	System Waiting Time Multiplier (Number of non-constraining locks)
CARF	Fraction of the major commodity groups (6) that each of the input commodities (15) represent
SYSADD	Time spent in flight locks
SYSFAC	System Lock Cycle Time Multiplier (number of non-constraining locks)
SYSTIM	System round-trip time minus time spent in locks and queues
TDFCX(5,4)	Transit distribution fractions for extended season grain and general cargo

Through Common CALCOM

EXTPT(6,2,80)	Extended season cargo potential - grain and general cargo
HRS(14,4,6)	Operating hours

TABLE 4.2 (Continued)

TMLOCK(12,2,4)	Normal locking time
VSA(14,12,4)	Vessel speeds of advance
Through Common MINARY	
BASEFT(6,12)	Base year fleet
CC(6,12)	Carrying capacities
DISTN(2,6)	Distance
EMPTY(6,12)	Unloading rate
FILL(6,12)	Loading rate
FLOAD(6)	Loading factor
PO(80,12)	Phase out fractions
TDF(12,14)	Transit distribution factors - validation
ZBHF(12)	Ship utilization factor
ADDPCT(6,12)	Fleet mix ship building percentages
Through Common PRELIM	
ISES(4)	Season extension indicator
ILTM(3)	Locking time indicator
Through Common DAT1	
BTF(14,4)	Bias traffic factors
CAREX1(6,2,80)	Season extension 1 cargo potential
DATM(14)	Operating hours per day per period
DIN(14,4)	Demand indexes
IZBH(12)	Ship utilization factors
PCRF(14,2)	Pleasure craft and ice lockages
LYEAR(80)	Year identifier
STDEV(12,2,4)	Standard deviation
TLTML2(12,2,4)	Low locking time
TLTML3(12,2,4)	High locking time
TURNBK(4)	Turnback time

TABLE 4.2 (Continued)

XCAP(12)	Ship capital cost
XSHIP(12)	Ship operating cost
ZB(12)	Ship utilization factor

Note: For a more detailed variable description, see Appendix A.



TABLE 4.3 INPUT AND OUTPUT: SUBROUTINE TLOCMT

INPUT

Through the Argument List

LU	Maximum vessel class
IS	Lock system identifier
TLTML(12,2,2)	Locking time variable that is either TLTML2 or TLTML3

Through Common CALCOM

TMLOCK(12,2,2)	Locking time working variable
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OUTPUT

Through Common CALCOM

TMLOCK(12,2,2)	Locking time working variable
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Note: For a more detailed variable description, see Appendix A.

TABLE 4.4 INPUT AND OUTPUT: SUBROUTINE SESONS

INPUT

Through the Argument List

ISN	Loop index for season extensions
FACTOR	Cargo tonnage multiplier
CAREX(6,2,80)	Cargo tonnage potential input label; is equal to CAREX1 for season extension 1 and CAREX2 for season extension 2
DIN(14,4)	Demand indexes per operating period and season extension

OUTPUT

Through Common CALCOM

CARGOP(6,2,80)	Cargo potential working variable
TDIN	Total of the input demand indexes

#### 4.3.1 Subroutine FLEET

Subroutine FLEET calculates the new fleet in 3 steps.

1. Establish the number of round-trips one ship can make in one year.
2. Update the base year fleet and calculate the annual transport capacity for the remaining fleet.
3. Add or delete ships until cargo potential = transport capacity.

Expanded, the steps are performed as follows:

- Step 1. Calculate the number of round-trips one ship can make in one year.

$$\text{Round Trips Per Year} = \text{TRIPYR}_{i,j} = \text{HRSYR}_i / \text{TRIPTM}_{i,j}$$

for Commodity  $i$  and Vessel Class  $j$ ,

$K$

where  $\Sigma$  sums over the periods in one year

$$\text{Operating Hours Per Year} = \text{HRSYR}_i = \Sigma^K \text{HRS}_{i,K}$$

$$\text{Time Per Round-Trip} = \text{TRIPTM}_{i,j} = \text{DF} \times \left( 2 \times \frac{\text{WDIST}_i}{\text{VSM}_{i,j}} + \right.$$

$$\left. \frac{\text{CC}_{i,j} \text{ FLOAD}_i}{\text{EMPTY}_{i,j}} + \frac{\text{CC}_{i,j} \times \text{FLOAD}_i}{\text{FILL}_{i,j}} \right) +$$

$$\text{TIME}_{LK_j}$$

$$\text{Mean Vessel Speed} = \text{VSM}_{i,j} = \frac{\Sigma^K \text{VSA}_{i,j,K} \times \text{HRS}_{i,K}}{\text{HRSYR}_i}$$

$\text{VSA}_{i,j,K}$  = Vessel speed of advance

$\text{HRS}_{i,j}$  = Operating hours per period

$\text{CC}_{i,j}$  = Carrying capacity

$\text{FILL}_{i,j}$  = Loading rate

$EMPTY_{i,j}$  = Unloading rate

$WDIST_i$  = Round-trip distance

$TIMELK_j$  = Time spent in locks

$FLOAD_j$  = Loading factor

Step 2. Update the base year fleet and calculate the annual transport capacity for the remaining fleet.

$$\text{Remaining Fleet} = FLEETR_{i,j} = BASEFT_{i,j} \times (1 - PO_{j,K})$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Transport Capacity By Class} &= SHPCAP_{i,j} = FLEETR_{i,j} \times CC_{i,j} \times TRIPYR_{i,j} \times FLOAD_j \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Annual Transport Capacity} &= ANCAP_i = \sum_j^j SHPCAP_{i,j} \end{aligned}$$

for Commodity  $i$  and Year  $K$

where  $\sum_j^j$  sums over the vessel classes

$PO_{i,K}$  = Phase out fractions

$BASEFT_{i,j}$  = Base year fleet

Step 3. Add or delete ships until cargo potential = transport capacity

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Cargo Surplus (or Deficit)} &= CARGON_i = CARGOP_{i,K,up} + CARGOP_{i,K,dn} - ANCAP_i \end{aligned}$$

for Commodity  $i$ , Vessel Class  $j$ , and Year  $K$

where  $CARGOP$  = Cargo potential

For surplus cargo, ships are added to the fleet by building percentages according to ship class.

First determine what composite ship (in tons of capacity by commodity) is to be added:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Composite Ship to be Added} &= COMSHA_i = \sum_j^j (ADDPCT_{i,j} \times TRIPYR_{i,j} \\ &\quad \times CC_{i,j} \times FLOAD_i) \end{aligned}$$

where  $ADDPCT_{i,j}$  = fleet mix ship building percentage.

Then determine the number of ships to be added and calculate the new fleet.

$$\text{No. of Ships to be Added} = ADDSHP_{i,j} = \frac{CARGON_i}{COMSHA_i} \times ADDPCT_{i,j}$$

$$\text{New fleet} = FLEETN_{i,j} = FLEETR_{i,j} + ADDSHP_{i,j}$$

If  $CARGON_i < 0$  delete ships starting with the smallest until  $CARGON = 0$ .

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Number of Deleted Ships} = DELSHP_{i,j} &= \frac{-CARGON_{i,j}}{CC_{i,j} \times TRIPYR_{i,j} \times FLOAD_i} \end{aligned}$$

$$\bullet \text{ If } DELSHP_{i,j} \geq FLEETR_{i,j}, \text{ } DELSHP_{i,j} = FLEETR_{i,j}$$

• Recalculate  $CARGON_i$

$$CARGON_i = CARGON_i + DELSHP_{i,j} \times CC_{i,j} \times TRIPYR_{i,j} \times FLOAD_i$$

• Repeat with next larger ship class until  $CARGON=0$ .

• Subtract  $DELSHP_{i,j}$  from  $FLEETR_{i,j}$  to get the new fleet,  $FLEETN_{i,j}$ .

During the process of adding ships, Class 6 vessels are not added for ore, coal, stone, or grain in the Welland and St. Lawrence because for these systems a Class 6 vessel denotes an ocean vessel.

At this point it is appropriate to point out that the new fleet is a zero-backhaul fleet and to illustrate how the approximation loop is used to get an accurate actual fleet. This is done in subroutine TFRCT.

$$\text{The Real Fleet} = \text{SHIP}_{i,j} = \text{FLEETN}_{i,j} \times \text{REDFT}_j$$

for Commodity  $i$  and Vessel Class  $j$

where  $\text{REDFT}_i$  is:

$$\text{REDFT}_j = .5 + \frac{\text{GBAL}_j}{\text{GBAL}_j + \text{GLOAD}_j}$$

where

$\text{GBAL}_j$  = Yearly total ballast transits of class  $j$  vessels

$\text{GLOAD}_j$  = Yearly total loaded transits of class  $j$  vessels

The resulting change in the fleet mix may cause a change in the capacity analysis. To correct this, the correct fleet is determined in 3 iterations by the IAPPROX loop. Input/Output data for subroutine FLEET is listed in Table 4.5.

#### 4.4 The Transit Forecast Module

The purpose of the Transit Forecast Module is to determine the number of loaded transits, ballasted transits, pleasure craft lockages, and ice lockages that occur for each of the 14 periods. The Transit Forecast Module accomplishes this in four steps.

1. Loaded transits are calculated in subroutine LTRAN
2. Ballast transits are calculated on the basis of ship utilization (input)
3. Bias traffic is assigned according to the bias traffic parameters (input)
4. Pleasure craft and ice lockages are included in the transit demand (input)

The four steps above are performed for each of the 14 operating periods as dictated by a loop on operating periods at the beginning of the module. Steps 2, 3, and 4 are performed in subroutine TFRCT. Input/Output data for subroutine TFRCT is listed in Table 4.6.

TABLE 4.5 INPUT AND OUTPUT: SUBROUTINE FLEET

INPUT

Through the Argument List

INDEXC	IAPPROX -1
IR	Year indicator
ISN	Season extension indicator
IS	Lock system indicator
LU	Maximum ship class

Through Common MINARY

BASEFT(6,12)	Base year fleet
CC(6,12)	Carrying capacity
DISTN(2,6)	Distance
EMPTY(6,12)	Unloading rate
FILL(6,12)	Loading rate
FLOAD(6)	Loading factor
PO(80,12)	Phase out fractions
REDFT(12)	Fleet reduction factor

Through Common CALCOM

CARGOP(6,2,80)	Cargo projections
HRS(14,4,6)	Operating hours per period
VSA(14,12,4)	Vessel speed of advance

OUTPUT

Through Common MINARY

FLEETN(6,12)	New fleet
HRSYR(6)	Operating hours per year
VSM(12,6)	Mean vessel speed per year

TABLE 4.6 INPUT AND OUTPUT: SUBROUTINE TFRCT

INPUT

BTF4	Bias traffic factor for validation - early April
BTF5	Bias traffic factor for validation - late April
BTF13	Bias traffic factor for validation - early December
BTF14	Bias traffic factor for validation - late December
BTF(14,4)	Non-validation bias traffic factors
CARGOP(6,2,80)	Cargo potential for normal fleet
DM(14)	Days per operating period
EXTPT(6,2,80)	Cargo potential for extended season grain and general cargo
PCR(14)	Pleasure craft and ice lockages per period
ZBHF(12)	Ship utilization factor

OUTPUT

DLTRN(12,3,14)	Daily loaded transits per period
DBTRN(12,3,14)	Daily ballast transits per period (also includes pleasure craft and ice lockages)



Before the Transit Forecast Module calls subroutine LTRAN the periods are sequenced in order of execution by the array MONRAY(14), and the demand indexes (DIN) are converted into absolute demand factors that when totaled over the periods for one year sum to 1.0 (DFA). At this point subroutine LTRAN is called. Subroutine LTRAN calculates the cargo transits per period:

$$\text{Cargo Transits} = \text{CTRNP}_{i,j} \\ \text{Per Period}$$

which are converted into average daily loaded transits:

$$DLTRN_{i,K} = \frac{\sum_i \text{CTRNP}_{i,j}}{DM_K}$$

for Commodity  $i$  and Vessel Class  $j$

where  $\sum_i$  sums over all commodities

and  $DM_K$  is the days per operating period for operating period  $K$ .

Actual ballast transits range from the maximum of one ballast transit for every loaded transit to the minimum possible ballast transits (loaded transits up - loaded transits down). Exactly where in this range the number of ballast transits actually lie is determined by the ship utilization factor factor ZBHF (previously named the zero-backhaul factor).

When ZBHF = 1.0 there is total ship utilization (minimum ballast transits)

When ZBHF = 0.0 there is no ship utilization (maximum ballast transits)

Example : calculate ballast transits down

$$EMPTY = (DLTRN_{j,K})_{\text{down}} - (DLTRN_{j,K})_{\text{up}}$$

If  $EMPTY > 0$

$$(DBTRN_{j,K})_{\text{dn}} = [(DLTRN_{j,K})_{\text{up}} + EMPTY] \times (1 - ZBHF_j)$$

If  $EMPTY < 0$

$$(DBTRN_{j,K})_{\text{dn}} = [(DLTRN_{j,K})_{\text{down}} + EMPTY] \times (1 - ZBHF_j)$$

The amount of bias traffic is determined by the bias traffic factors, where:

$BTF = 1.0$  causes maximum bias

$BTF = 0.0$  causes no bias

Bias traffic is generated by manipulating the ballast transits for the desired operating period. If the operating period is an end of season period (such as late December or January) the bias is caused by decreasing downbound ballast transits as shown in the following equation:

Daily  
Ballasted =  $DBTRN_{dn} = DBTRN_{dn} \times (1 - BTF)$   
Transits

If the operating period is a beginning of season period the bias is caused by increasing the upbound ballast transits as shown in the following equation:

Daily  
Ballasted =  $DBTRN_{up} = DBTRN_{up} \times (1 + BTF)$   
Transits

Two bias factors are used; one for the validation case and one for projected conditions (future years and season extension). For the validation case the bias traffic factors are BTF4, BTF5, BTF14, and BTF15. For projected conditions, the array BTF(14,4) contains the bias traffic factors for the different months and season extensions.

Pleasure craft and ice lockages are input as the number and direction of lockages per month and are expressed by the variable PCRFL. Pleasure craft and ice lockages have locking times equal to the locking times of Class 4 vessels, and are included in the program and output as "Class 3 Vessels".

#### 4.4.1 Subroutine LTRAN

The purpose of subroutine LTRAN is to calculate the loaded transits per operating period as a function of cargo potential (CARGOP), vessel fleet (FLEETN), operating hours (HRS), vessel speed of advance (VSA), cargo shipping demand (DFA), and extended season cargo distribution requirements (TDFCX).

Subroutine LTRAN calculates the monthly loaded transits in four steps.

1. Prohibit certain vessel classes from operating during the winter months.

2. Calculate or assign the portion of total annual transits that occur in each period.
3. Calculate the annual loaded vessel transits of each class needed to transport the desired cargo.
4. Calculate the number of loaded transits occurring in each operating period by class, commodity, and direction.

Step 1. Prohibit certain vessel classes from operating during the winter months.

Because the vessel speed of advance is input as a function of ship class, operating period and season extension, any class vessel can be prohibited from operating during any operating period by setting the vessel speed of advance for that operating period and season extension to zero. Although we have chosen to do this in subroutine LTRAN (it must be done in subroutine FLEET for consistent results) the vessel speeds of advance can also be set to zero in the data files.

Step 2. Calculate or assign the portion of total annual loaded transits that occur in each period.

The transits are distributed according to three methods, depending on whether the validation case is being run, whether the cargo is to be carried by a specified ship class in extended season, or whether the cargo to be carried will be carried by the normal fleet. If the validation case is being run, transit distribution factors (TDF) are assigned according to data gathered from lock logs and traffic reports. If the cargo is to be carried by a specified ship class in extended season (extended season grain and general cargo), transit distribution factors are assigned through the array TDFCX(5,4) in such a way as to distribute the transits evenly over the extended season. All normal season transits and extended season ore and coal transits are distributed by calculated transit distribution factors according to fleet abilities (VSA), operating conditions (HRS), and cargo shipping demand (DFA), as follows:

Transit Distribution  
Factor According to  
Fleet Abilities and  
Operating Conditions

$$= TDFC_{i,j,K} = \frac{HRS_{i,K} \times VSA_{j,K}}{HRSYR_i \times VSM_{i,j}}$$

For Commodity  $i$ , Vessel Class  $j$ , and Operating Period  $K$

where  $\sum^K$  sums up periods over one year

$HRS_{i,j}$  = Operating hours per operating period

$VSA_{j,K}$  = Vessel speed of advance per period

$HRSYR_i$  = Operating hours per year

$VSM_{i,j}$  = Mean vessel speed over the year

Note that  $\sum TDFC_{i,j,K} = 1.0$

Cargo shipping demand is also included in the calculation of the transit distribution via DFA. Relative demand indexes (DIN) ranging from 0 - 99 were read from the data files, and internally converted to absolute demand factors (DFA) that sum to 1.0 when totaled for the year. DFA is incorporated into the transit distribution factors using two iterations of the IAPPROX loop as follows:

IAPPROX = 1 (1st Iteration)

$$TDFI_{i,j,K} = TDFC_{i,j,K} \times DFA_K$$

$$TDT_{i,j} = \sum^K TDFI$$

$$ENDFAC_{i,j} = 1/TDT_{i,j}$$

IAPPROX = 2

$$(TDFC_{i,j,K})_{\text{new}} = (TDFC_{i,j,K})_{\text{old}} \times DFA_K \times$$

$$ENDFAC_{i,j}$$

for commodity  $i$  and Vessel Class  $j$

where  $\sum^K$  sums up period over one year

- Step 3. Calculate the annual loaded vessel transits of each class needed to transport the desired cargo.

The cargo distribution by class (CDBC) represents the portion of cargo transported by each class. CDBC is a function of the new fleet (FLEETN), the number of round-trips per year (TRIPYR) and the carrying capacity (CC).

$$\text{Cargo Distribution By Class} = CDBC_{i,j} = \frac{\text{Tons of cargo } i \text{ carried by CLASS } j}{\text{Total Tons of cargo } j}$$

$$CDBC_{i,j} = \frac{FLEETN_{i,j} \times CC_{i,j} \times TRIPYR_{i,j} \times FLOAD_i}{(CARGOP_i)_{\text{up}} + (CARGOP_i)_{\text{down}}}$$

for Vessel Class  $i$ , Direction  $l$ , and Commodity  $j$

$FLEETN_{i,j}$  = New fleet

$CC_{i,j}$  = Carrying Capacity

$TRIPYR_{i,j}$  = Number of round-trips per year

$CARGOP_{i,j}$  = Cargo projections

The total annual loaded vessel transits are then:

$$\text{Cargo Transits} = CTRAN_{i,j,l} = \frac{CDBC_{i,j} \times CARGOP_{i,l}}{CC_{i,j} \times FLOAD_i}$$

- Step 4. Calculate the number of loaded vessel transits occurring in each operating period by class, commodity, and direction.

Loaded vessel transits come from two sources, one being the normal season cargo and extended season ore and coal movements and the other being the extended season grain and general cargo movements. Transits due to the former are calculated as follows:

$$\text{Cargo Transits Per Operating Period} = CTRNPM_{i,j,K,l} = CTRAN_{i,j,l} \times TDFC_{i,j,K}$$

where

$CTRAN$  = Cargo transits per year

$TDFC$  = Transit distribution factor (calculated)

for Commodity  $i$ , Vessel Class  $j$ , Operating Period  $K$ , and Direction  $L$ .

Input/Output data for subroutine LTRAN is listed in Table 4.7.

#### 4.5 The Ship Dispatch Module (Soo System Only)

The Ship Dispatch Module is contained within the subroutine DISPCH. The purpose of the Ship Dispatch Module is to dispatch the incoming vessel arrivals to the four Soo Locks. Ships are initially dispatched on the basis of size limitations (assigning ships to the smallest lock that the ship will fit into) and later modified to allow ships that were originally dispatched to the MacArthur Lock to use the Poe Lock if the MacArthur Lock experiences significantly more traffic than the Poe Lock and the Poe Lock has not reached its maximum lock utilization. Ships are shifted from the MacArthur Lock to the Poe Lock on the basis of establishing equal waiting times or equal lock utilization at the two locks.

For the expanded locks, that can occur as a capacity expansion measure, the dispatch logic is essentially the same. Ships are allocated to the minimum size lock they can fit through. Input/Output data for subroutine DISPCH is listed in Table 4.8.

Vessels are initially assigned to the Poe and MacArthur Lock as follows:

##### POE LOCK

Class 11,10,9,8 loaded  
Class 11,10,9 ballasted

##### MacARTHUR LOCK

Class 7,6,5 loaded  
Class 8,7,6,5 ballasted

The effective difference in ship arrivals can then be calculated by taking the difference in ship arrivals weighted on locking times.

Class  $j$

$$\text{Effective Difference} = ARTPOE = \frac{ARTCL \times TLOCKM - POECL \times TLOCKP}{TLOCKM + TLOCKP}$$

TABLE 4.7 INPUT AND OUTPUT: SUBROUTINE LTRAN

INPUT

Through the Argument List

IR	Year identifier
ISN	Season extension identifier
IS	Lock system identifier
INDEXC	IAPPROX - 1

Through Common CALCOM

CARGOP(6,2,80)	Cargo potential for the new fleet
HRS(14,4,6)	Operating hours per period
VSA(14,12,6)	Vessel speeds of advance

Through Common MINARY

CC(6,12)	Carrying capacities
DFA(14,4)	Absolute demand fractions
FLEETN(6,12)	New fleet
FLOAD(6)	Loading factor
HRSYR(6)	Operating hours per year
TDF(12,6)	Transit distribution factors - validation case
VSM(12,6)	Mean vessel speeds for the year

OUTPUT

Through Common CALCOM

CTRNPM(6,12,2)	Cargo transits per period
----------------	---------------------------

TABLE 4.8 INPUT AND OUTPUT: SUBROUTINE DISPCH

INPUT

Through the Argument List

MN	Month
IS	Lock system
LU	Ship class
ISW	Flag for desired dispatch criteria: 1 = equal waiting time basis 0 = equal lock utilization basis
RHOPOE	Maximum lock utilization for the Poe
JCT	Counter for number of iterations used to dispatch ships according to one of the two dispatch criteria
DATM(14)	Operating hours available per day per operating season

Through Common QUECOM

DLTRN(12,3,14)	Daily loaded transits
DBTRN(12,3,14)	Daily ballasted transits

Through Common Q

RHO(2,1)	Lock utilization in downbound direction for the Poe Lock
----------	---

OUTPUT

Through Common Q

ARTAR(12,2)	Arrivals at the MacArthur Lock
POEAR(12,2)	Arrivals at the Poe Lock
SABAR(12,2)	Arrivals at the Sabin and Davis Locks
DAVAR(12,2)	Arrivals at the new Davis Lock (larger lock)



where

$ARTCL$  = MacArthur class arrivals

$TLOCKM$  = Typical lock cycle time for the MacArthur Lock

$POECL$  = Poe class arrivals

$TLOCKP$  = Typical lock cycle time for the Poe Lock

If the MacArthur Lock is experiencing a large number of "effective" arrivals, MacArthur class ships are shifted over to the Poe according to the replacement fraction.

$$\text{Replacement Fraction} = RMPCL = \frac{ARTPOE}{ARTCL}$$

Then, additional Poe arrivals are:

$$\text{Additional Poe Arrivals} = POEAR = DLTRN_j \times RMPCL$$

where

$$DLTRN_j = \text{Daily loaded transits}$$

with  $j$  varying from Class 5 to Class 7.

The MacArthur Lock now sees fewer arrivals.

$$\text{MacArthur Arrivals} = ARTAR = DLTRN_j \times (1 - RMPCL)$$

with  $j$  varying from Class 5 to Class 7.

To dispatch ships according to either the equal waiting time basis or the equal lock utilization basis the Lock Cycle Time Module and the Queuing Module must be run to calculate the waiting time and the lock utilization. If equal waiting time is desired and the waiting time at the Poe Lock is greater than the waiting time at the MacArthur Lock, the replacement fraction  $RMPCL$  is decreased and the waiting time is recalculated with the new distribution of ships between the two locks. If equal lock utilization is desired  $TLOCKP$  and  $TLOCKM$  are updated to the actual values calculated in the Lock Cycle Time Module and the Dispatch Module is executed again.

Now, if the capacity expansion measure calls for larger locks the dispatch of ships is only slightly different. The program is only capable of doing equal lock utilization basis dispatching when larger locks are built.

If a vessel Class 11 size lock is built vessels are assigned as follows:

Sabin Lock

Class 4 loaded  
Classes 4-8 ballast

MacArthur Lock

Classes 5-7 loaded

Poe Lock

Classes 8-10 loaded  
Classes 9-10 ballast

New Davis Lock (1350 x 115)

Class 11 loaded and ballast

If Class 12 size locks are built, ships are allocated as follows:

MacArthur Lock

Class 4-7 loaded and ballast

Poe Lock

Classes 8-10 loaded and ballast

Sabin-Davis Lock (1460 x 145)

Classes 11-12 loaded and ballast

Effective arrival differences are calculated similar to above:

$$\text{Effective Difference} = \text{ARDIF}_i = \frac{(CL_i \times TLOCKM_i) - (CL_{i+1} \times TLOCKM_{i+1})}{TLOCKM_i + TLOCKM_{i+1}}$$

where

$CL_i$  = Ship arrivals, indexed by lock.

For Class 11 Lock

$i = 1$  Sabin Lock  
 $i = 2$  MacArthur Lock  
 $i = 3$  Poe Lock  
 $i = 4$  New Davis Lock 1350 x 115

For Class 12 Lock

$i = 1$  deleted  
 $i = 2,3$  same as above  
 $i = 4$  Sabin-Davis Lock 1460 x 145

and

$TLOCKM_i$  = Typical lock cycle time, indexed same as above

When done this way, lock utilizations are equalized between all pairs of locks.

$$\text{Replacement Fractions} = RPLCL_i = \frac{ARDIF_i}{CL_i}$$

If the replacement fractions become greater than 0.005, ships are reallocated to the next larger lock until the lock utilizations are equal.

#### 4.6 The Lock Cycle Time Module

The Lock Cycle Time Module is contained in subroutine CYCLTM. Input/Output variables appear in Table 4.9. The purpose of the Lock Cycle Time Module is to calculate the mean lock cycle time, the variance in the lock cycle time, and the lock utilization for each lock and fleet mix. The lock utilization calculations for the expanded locks (Classes 11 and 12) are presently contained in subroutine DISPCH. Before the lock cycle time is calculated, the ship arrivals are assigned to working variables, the arrival rate is determined, and the mean locking time for each direction is calculated.

The working variable for ship arrivals is SOOAR. SOOAR is defined as follows for the three lock systems:

For the Welland and St. Lawrence:

$$SOOAR_{i,j,K} = DLTRN_{j,K} + DBTRN_{j,K}$$

where  $i$  includes both the constraining and the non-constraining lock.

TABLE 4.9 INPUT AND OUTPUT: SUBROUTINE CYCLTM

INPUT

Through Argument List

ROHMAX	Maximum lock utilization
RHOPOE	Maximum lock utilization for the Poe Lock

Through Common CALCOM

TMLOCK(12,2,4)	Locking times for individual vessels
----------------	--------------------------------------

Through Common DAT1

DATM(14)	Operating hours per day
STDEV(12,2,4)	Locking time standard deviation
TURNBK(4)	Turnback time for the lock

Through Common QUECOM

DBTRN(12,3,14)	Daily ballast transits
DLTRN(12,3,14)	Daily loaded transits

Through Common Q

ARTAR(12,2)	MacArthur Lock arrivals
POEAR(12,2)	Poe Lock arrivals
SABAR(12,2)	Sabin and Davis Lock arrivals
TIMES(14)	Percentage increase in locking time due to ice

OUTPUT

Through Common Q

CUTF(3,2)	Transit cut-off factor for capacity conditions
RAMDA(3,2)	Vessel arrival rate
RHO(3,2)	Lock utilization
TMCYCL(3,2)	Mean lock cycle time
SDEV(3,2)	Standard deviation of the mean lock cycle time

For the Soo Locks:

$$\begin{aligned} SOOAR_{i,j,K} &= POEAR_{K,j} & i &= \text{Poe} \\ SOOAR_{i,j,K} &= ARTAR_{K,j} & i &= \text{MacArthur} \\ SOOAR_{i,j,K} &= SABAR_{K,j} & i &= \text{Sabin and Davis} \end{aligned}$$

The mean vessel arrival rate is defined as:

$$RAMDA = \frac{DTLOCK_{i,j}}{DATM_l \times 60}$$

where

$$DTLOCK = \sum^K SOOAR_{i,j,K}$$

$\sum^K$  sums over the vessel classes

for Lock  $i$ , Direction  $j$ , and Operating Period  $l$ .

The mean one-way lock cycle time is the sum of the locking time for each individual class multiplied by the fraction of transits that each particular class accounts for.

$$TMEAN_{i,j} = \sum^K \left( \frac{SOOAR_{i,j,K}}{DTLOCK_{i,j}} \times TMLOCK_{i,j,K} \times TIMES_l \right)$$

Similarly, the locking time variance is:

$$\begin{aligned} AVGVAR = & \sum^K \left( \frac{SOOAR_{i,j,K}}{DTLOCK_{i,j}} \times STEDV_{i,j,K} \right) + \sum^K \left( \frac{SOOAR_{i,j,K}}{DTLOCK_{i,j}} \right. \\ & \left. \times (TMLOCK_{i,j,K} - TMEAN_{i,j,K})^2 \right) \end{aligned}$$

The mean lock cycle time (TMCYCL) is a solution to several simultaneous equations, the combination of which appears in the Lock Cycle Time Module. The mean lock cycle time has as its maximum value the Heavy Balanced Lock Cycle Time, defined as:

$$HBLCT = (TMEAN)_{up} + (TMEAN)_{down}$$

If the mean lock cycle time becomes greater than the heavy balanced lock cycle time, the mean lock cycle time is reassigned as the heavy balanced lock cycle time.

The maximum number of transits per day that the lock can handle with the same fleet mix can then be defined as:

$$CAPCTY = \frac{RHOCAP \times 60 \times DATM}{HBLCT}$$

Lock utilization for each lock and direction is:

$$RHO_{i,j} = RAMDA_{i,j} \times TMCYCL_{i,j}$$

for Lock  $i$  and Direction  $j$

where

$TMCYCL$  = Mean lock cycle time.

If the lock utilization for the Sabin becomes greater than 0.7, the Davis Lock is brought into operation. Both locks are assumed to function identically and split the transit demand equally.

If the maximum lock utilization is reached, the transit demand cannot be met and some ships are denied the opportunity to transit the locks. The number of ships that can transit the locks is determined by the cut-off factor:

$$\text{Cut-Off Factor} = CUTF_{i,j} = \frac{RHOCAP}{RHO_{i,j}}$$

for Lock  $i$  and Direction  $j$ .

Lock cycle time variance is defined as:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Lock Cycle Time Variance}_{up} &= (VARTM_i)_{up} = (AVGVAR_i)_{up} \\ &\quad + 2 \times (1 - (RHO_i)_{dn})^2 + (RHO_i)_{dn}^2 \\ &\quad \times (AVGVAR_i)_{dn} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Lock Cycle Time Variance}_{dn} &= (VARTM_i)_{dn} = (AVGVAR_i)_{dn} \\ &\quad + 2 \times (1 - (RHO_i)_{up})^2 + (AVGVAR_i)_{up} \\ &\quad \times (RHO_i)_{up}^2 \end{aligned}$$

#### 4.7 The Queuing Module

The Queuing Module is contained in subroutine QUEMOD. Input/Output variables appear in Table 4.10. The purpose of the Queuing Module is to determine the mean vessel waiting time and the mean queue length for each lock system and direction of travel. The Queuing Module also calculates the time spent in queues in one complete transit of the lock system (for the Welland and St. Lawrence), and truncates transits when maximum lock utilization is reached.

Mean vessel waiting time and mean queue length are calculated as follows:

$$\text{Waiting Time} = WTQM_{i,j,l} = \frac{RAMDA_{i,j}^2 \times VARTM_{i,j} + RHO_{i,j}}{2 \times RAMDA_{i,j} \times (1 - RHO_{i,j})}$$

$$\text{Queue Length} = QUE_{i,j,l} = WTQM_{k,j,l} \times RAMDA_{i,j}$$

for Lock  $i$ , Direction  $j$ , and Operating Period  $l$ .

For the Welland and St. Lawrence Systems the waiting time and length of queue for the non-constraining lock is multiplied by the number of non-constraining locks in the system. For all systems, the transits are cut off in the event that the locks reach capacity except for the non-constraining locks in the Welland and St. Lawrence Lock Systems.

$$QUE_{i,j} = QUE_{i,j} \times CALFAC$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Total Waiting Time Per Direction} &= WTQM_{i,j} = WTQM_{i,j} \times CALFAC \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Actual Transits} = SOOAR_{i,j,K} = SOOAR_{i,j,K} \times CUTF_{i,j}$$

where  $CALFAC$  - number of non-constraining locks

$\sum_j$  sums both directions

for Lock  $i$ , Vessel Class  $K$ , and Operating Period  $l$ .

TABLE 4.10 INPUT AND OUTPUT: SUBROUTINE QUEMOD

INPUT

Through Argument List

CALFAC	Number of non-constraining locks (Welland and St. Lawrence)
--------	---

Through Common Q

CUTF	Transit cut-off factor
RAMDA(4,2)	Vessel arrival rate
RHO(4,2)	Lock utilization
SOOAR(4,12,2)	Vessel transit demand
VARTM(4,2)	Lock cycle time variance

OUTPUT

Through Common QUECOM

QUE(4,2,14)	Mean queue length
WTQM(4,2,14)	Mean vessel waiting time

Through Common Q

SOOAR(4,12,2)	Actual vessel transits
---------------	------------------------



#### 4.8 The Economic Module

The purpose of the Economic Module is to compute the delay cost experienced by each lock and vessel class based on the ship costs and the waiting time. Input/Output variables appear in Table 4.11. The delay cost is the product of waiting time and ship cost per hour, summed for both directions of travel.

$$TDLST_{i,K,l} = \sum_j^j WTQM_{i,j,l} \times SCOST_j \times SOOAR_{i,j,K}$$

for Lock  $i$ , Vessel Class  $K$ , Operating Period  $l$ , and for Commodity  $i$ , and Direction  $j$ .

#### 4.9 Cargo Tonnage, System Round-Trip, and Waiting Time Module

This module is contained in subroutine CARTON. Input/Output variables appear in Table 4.12. The purpose of the Cargo Tonnage Section is to compute the projected cargo flow and the actual cargo flow for each operating period and commodity.

The purpose of the System Round-Trip and Waiting Time Section is to calculate the time it takes for a vessel to make one round-trip in the Welland Canal or the St. Lawrence River including time spent in queues and slowdowns due to weather (ice) conditions. The system round-trip and waiting time is the sum of the time spent in upbound locks and queues, the time spent in downbound queues and locks, and the time spent between locks and queues. The time spent between locks and queues is multiplied by a transit time increase factor as a function of month that increases transit times due to winter conditions.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Actual Cargo} \\ \text{Per Operating} &= CAGOCL_{i,j} = \sum_j^j \sum_K^K (CTRNP_{i,j,K,l} \times CC_{i,j} \\ \text{Period} &\quad \times CUTF_K) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Projected} \\ \text{Cargo Per} &= PCARG_{i,l} = \sum_j^j \sum_K^K CTRNP_{i,j,K,l} \times CC_{i,j} \\ \text{Operating} & \\ \text{Period} & \end{aligned}$$

for Commodity  $i$ , Vessel Class  $j$ , Direction  $K$ , and Operating Period  $l$

TABLE 4.11 INPUT AND OUTPUT: ECONOMIC MODULE

INPUT

SCOST(11)	Ship cost
S00AR(3,11,2)	Actual transits
WTZM(3,2,14)	Waiting time per lock or series of locks

OUTPUT\*

TDCST(14,11,3)	Daily delay cost per lock, vessel, class, and operating period
----------------	---

\* Has been suppressed for this project.

TABLE 4.12 INPUT AND OUTPUT: SUBROUTINE CARTON

INPUT

Through Argument List

SYSADD	Time spent in flight locks
SYSFAC	Number of non-constraining locks
SYSTM	Time spent in transit between locks and queues per round-trip - Welland and St. Lawrence

Through Common CALCOM

CTRNPM(6,12,2)	Cargo transits per operating period
----------------	-------------------------------------

Through Common MINARY

CC(6,12)	Carrying capacities
----------	---------------------

Through Common QUECOM

WTQM(4,2,14)	Mean waiting time
--------------	-------------------

Through Common Q

TMCYCL(4,2)	Mean lock cycle time
TTI	Transit time increase
CUTF(4,2)	Transit cut-off factor

OUTPUT

Through Common PRJCOM

PCARG(3,15,6)	Projected cargo tonnage
---------------	-------------------------

Through Common CARGCM

CAGOCM(6,14)	Actual cargo tonnage
--------------	----------------------

Through Common QUECOM

ISYSTM(14),	System round-trip and waiting time per operating period
-------------	--

where

$CC$  = Carrying capacities  
 $CTRNPM$  = Cargo transits per operating period  
 $CUTF$  = Transit cut-off factor

Time Spent  
in Upbound  
Locks and  
Queues =  $SYSTUP = (TMCYCL_{up})_{constr.} + SYSFAC$   
 $\times (TMCYCLE_{up})_{non-constr.} + SYSADD$

Time Spent  
in Downbound  
Locks and  
Queues =  $SYSTDN = (TMCYCL_{dn})_{constr.} + SYSFAC$   
 $\times (TMCYCLE_{dn})_{non-constr.} + (WTQM_{dn})_{constr.}$   
 $+ (WTQM_{dn})_{non-constr.} + SYSADD$

Time Spent  
in Transit =  $SYSTEM = SYSTM \times TTI$

System R.T.  
and W.T. =  $ISYSTEM = SYSTUP + SYSTDN + SYSTM$

#### 4.10 The Output Module

The controlling statements of the Output Module are in subroutine OUTMOD. The purpose of the Output Module is to gather the information generated by the lock capacity analyses and to print the information in tabular form. The output appears in seven routines and two tables printed within the module in the following order:

Projected Cargo	(Subroutine PROJCR)
Fleet Mix	(Subroutine MIX)
Vessel Characteristics	(Subroutine VESCHR)
Yearly Transits	(Subroutine OUTMOD)
Daily Transit Demand	(Subroutine OUTMOD)
Actual Transits	(Subroutine ACTRAN and ACTRN2)
Queuing Information	(Subroutine QUETAB)
Actual Cargo Flow	(Subroutine ACCARG)

The subroutines themselves call subroutine HEADER, which prints the header describing each particular run at the top of each new page. Subroutine QUEUE prints the appropriate table headings for the queuing information table depending on the lock system being run. Each subroutine and table-printing section assigns the old working variables to new variables conveniently dimensioned for printing. Neither the yearly transit information and the daily transit demand tables are printed in subroutines, and a list of input and output for the yearly transit table and the daily transit demand table appear in Table 4.13 and Table 4.14 respectively.

#### 4.10.1 Subroutine HEADER

The purpose of subroutine HEADER is to print the header describing each particular run in terms of year, season extension, locking time range, and fleet response. Subroutine HEADER also contains the carriage controls, date, and page numbers. Input/Output variables appear in Table 4.15.

#### 4.10.2 Subroutine PROJCR

The purpose of subroutine PROJCR is to print the projected cargo tonnage by commodity, operating period, and direction through the locks. Input/Output variables appear in Table 4.16.

#### 4.10.3 Subroutine MIX

The purpose of subroutine MIX is to print out the actual fleet mix by vessel class and commodity. Input/Output variables appear in Table 4.17.

#### 4.10.4 Subroutine VESCHR

The purpose of subroutine VESCHR is to print out the vessel characteristics including vessel utilization, locking times, and cost per hour. Input/Output variables appear in Table 4.18.

#### 4.10.5 Subroutines ACTRAN and ACTRN2

The purpose of subroutines ACTRAN and ACTRN2 is to print out the actual transits by operating period, lock, vessel class, and direction through the locks. Subroutine ACTRAN is called for the Soo Lock System and subroutine ACTRN2 is called for the Welland and St. Lawrence Systems. Input/Output variables appear in Table 4.19.

TABLE 4.13 INPUT AND OUTPUT FOR THE YEARLY TRANSIT TABLE

INPUT

DLTRN(12,3,14)	Average daily loaded transits by vessel class and direction
DBTRN(12,3,14)	Average daily ballast transits by vessel class and direction
DM(14)	Days per operating period
ICTRNP(6,12,2)	Cargo transits per operating year by commodity, vessel class, and direction

OUTPUT

ICTRNP(6,12,2)	Cargo transits per operating year by commodity, vessel class, and direction
ITOTC(2,6)	Cargo transits per operating year by direction and commodity
ILTR(3,12)	Cargo transits per operating year by direction and vessel class
ITOT(3,3)	Total annual vessel transits by direction

TABLE 4.14 INPUT AND OUTPUT FOR THE DAILY TRANSIT DEMAND  
TABLE

INPUT

DLTRN(12,3,14)	Average daily loaded transits by vessel class and direction
DBTRN(12,3,14)	Average daily ballast transits by vessel class and direction
IBMO(14)	Hollerith field containing the names of the 14 operating periods

OUTPUT

IBMO(14)	Names of the 14 operating periods
TOTDB(3,14)	Average daily ballast transits by direction
TOTDL(3,14)	Average daily loaded transits by direction
TOTDT(3,14)	Average daily total transits by direction
DLTRN(12,3,14)	Average daily loaded transits by vessel class and direction
DBTRN(12,3,14)	Average daily ballast transits by vessel class and direction
DT(12,3,14)	Average daily total transits by vessel class and direction

TABLE 4.15 INPUT AND OUTPUT: SUBROUTINE HEADER

INPUT

Through the Argument List

IS	Loop index on lock systems
INUMB	Page number
IR	Loop index for years
ISN	Loop index for season extensions
ILTML	Loop index for locking time ranges

Through Common HEDCOM

IBMO(14)	Hollerith fields containing operating period names
IYR(8)	Constants representing the years 1976-2040

OUTPUT

IYR(80)	Constants representing the years 1976-2040
ISN	Loop index for season extensions
ILT(3)	Hollerith field containing locking time range titles



TABLE 4.16 INPUT AND OUTPUT: SUBROUTINE PROJCR

INPUT

Through the Argument List

CARF(3,15,80)	Internal commodity forecast working variable
IS	Loop index for lock system
INUMB	Page number
IR	Loop index for year
ISN	Loop index for season extension
ILTML	Loop index for locking time ranges

Through Common HEDCOM

IBMO(14)	Hollerith field containing operating period names
----------	---

Through Common PRJCOM

IPCARG(3,15,6)	Projected cargo tonnage flow per operating period and commodity
PCARG(3,15,6)	IPCARG in real mode

OUTPUT

IBMO(14)	Hollerith field containing operating period names
IPCARG(3,15,6)	Projected cargo tonnage flow per operating period and commodity
IPCTOT(3,15)	Projected cargo tonnage flow per operating period

TABLE 4.17 INPUT AND OUTPUT: SUBROUTINE MIX

INPUT

LU	Largest vessel class designation per system
IS	Loop index for lock systems
INUMB	Page number
IR	Loop index for years
ISN	Loop index for season extensions
ILTML	Loop index for locking time ranges
SHIP(12,6)	Actual fleet by vessel class and commodity

OUTPUT

SHIP(12,6)	Actual fleet by vessel class and commodity
TSHIP(6)	Actual fleet by commodity
TSHIPS(12)	Actual fleet by vessel class
TTSHIP	Number of ships in the actual fleet
IPCT(6,12)	Shipbuilding percentage by commodity and class
ASHIP	Composite ship class by commodity
ATSHIP	Overall fleet composite ship class

TABLE 4.18: INPUT AND OUTPUT: SUBROUTINE VESCHR

INPUT

Through the Argument List

IS	Loop index for lock systems
LU	Largest vessel class designation per system
LMIN(11)	Minimum vessel length per vessel class
LMAX(11)	Maximum vessel length per vessel class

Through Common CLACOM

TMLOCK(12,2,4)	Locking time per vessel class, direction, and lock
----------------	--

Through Common MINARY

CC(6,12)	Carrying capacities by commodity and vessel class
ZBHF(12)	Ship utilization factor by vessel class

Through Common DAT1

XCAP(12)	Vessel capital cost/hour per vessel class
XSHIP(12)	Vessel operating cost/hour per vessel class

OUTPUT

LMIN(12)	Minimum vessel length per vessel class
LMAX(12)	Maximum vessel length per vessel class
VSM(12,6)	Mean annual vessel speed per vessel class and commodity
ICCC	Carrying capacities
IZBH(12)	Ship utilization factor x 100
ITMLK1	Locking time up
ITMLK2	Locking time down
IXSHIP	Vessel operating cost/hour
IXXCAP	Vessel capital cost/hour
CAPINC(12)	Capacity increase with draft

TABLE 4.19 INPUT AND OUTPUT: SUBROUTINES ACTRAN AND ACTRN2

INPUT

Through the Argument List

LU	Largest vessel class designation per system
IS	Loop index for lock systems
INUMB	Page number
IR	Loop index for years
ISN	Loop index for season extensions
ILTML	Loop index for locking time ranges

Through Common HEDCOM

IBMO(14)	Hollerith field containing operating period names
----------	---

Through Common CARGCM

SOR(12,12,14)	Number of daily lock arrivals
---------------	-------------------------------

OUTPUT

IBMO(14)	Hollerith field containing operating period names
SOR(12,12,14)	Number of daily lock arrivals
SORTOT(24)	Total daily lock arrivals

#### 4.10.6 Subroutine QUETAB

The purpose of subroutine QUETAB is to print out the queuing and locking time information by lock and operating period. Subroutine QUETAB calls subroutine QUEUE which prints out the appropriate table headings depending on the lock system. Input/Output variables appear in Table 4.20.

#### 4.10.7 Subroutine QUEUE

The purpose of subroutine QUEUE is to print the appropriate headings for the queuing information depending on the lock system. Input/Output variables appear in Table 4.21.

#### 4.10.8 Subroutine ACCARG

The purpose of subroutine ACCARG is to print the actual cargo tonnage that has transited the locks by operating period and commodity. Input/Output variables appear in Table 4.22.

TABLE 4.20 INPUT AND OUTPUT: SUBROUTINE QUETAB

INPUT

## Through the Argument List

IS	Loop index for lock systems
INUMB	Page number
IR	Loop index for years
ISN	Loop index for season extensions
ILTML	Loop index for locking time ranges
LU	Largest vessel class designation per system

## Through Common HEDCOM

IBMO(14)	Hollerith field containing operating period names
IYR(80)	Constants representing the years 1978-2050

## Through Common CALCOM

HRS(14,4,6)	Operating hours per operating season
-------------	--------------------------------------

## Through Common Quecom

IRHO(4,14)	Lock utilization
ISDEV(4,2,14)	Lock cycle time standard deviation
ISYSTM(14)	System round-trip and waiting time
ITMCYC(4,2,14)	Lock cycle time
QUE(4,2,14)	Queue length
WTQM(4,2,14)	Waiting time

OUTPUT

IBMO(14)	Hollerith fields containing operating period names
IHRS(14)	Operating hours per operating period
ITMCYC(4,2,14)	Lock cycle time
ISDEV(4,2,14)	Lock cycle time standard deviation
WTQM(4,2,14)	Waiting time
QUE(4,2,14)	Queue length
IRHO(4,14)	Lock utilization
ISYSTM(14)	System round-trip and waiting time

TABLE 4.21 INPUT AND OUTPUT: SUBROUTINE QUEUE

INPUT

IKNT1	Internal counting index
-------	-------------------------

OUTPUT

-TABLE HEADINGS-

TABLE 4.22 INPUT AND OUTPUT: SUBROUTINE ACCARG

INPUT

Through the Argument List

CARF(3,15,80) Internal commodity forecast working variable

Through Common CARGCM

CARGOCM(6,14) Actual cargo tonnage flow by commodity and  
operating period

Through Common PRJCOM

IPCARG(3,15,15) Projected cargo tonnage flow

OUTPUT

ICAG(15) Hollerith field containing commodity names

ICAGO(15,14) Actual cargo tonnage transported by commodity  
and operating period

ITFLOW(15) Actual cargo tonnage transported by commodity

ICFLOW(15) Actual cargo tonnage transported by operating  
period



APPENDIX A  
PROGRAM VARIABLES

APPENDIX A  
PROGRAM VARIABLES

A brief description of all the variables that appear in the common statements (common statements appear alphabetically) followed by variables that appear in the modules but are not present in the common statements.

COMMON CALCOM

CARGOP(6,2,80)	Cargo tonnage potential to be carried by the calculated fleet by commodity, direction, and year
CTRAN(6,12,4)	Cargo transits per year by commodity, vessel class, and direction
CTRNPM(6,12,2)	Cargo transits per operating period, commodity, vessel class, and direction
EXTPT(6,2,80)	Grain and general cargo tonnage potential shipped in the extended season
HRS(14,4,6)	Operating hours per period, season extension, and commodity
TMLOCK(12,2,4)	Locking time by vessel class, direction, and lock
VSA(14,12,4)	Vessel speed of advance per operating period, vessel class, and season extension

COMMON CARGCM

CAGOCM(6,14)	Actual cargo tonnage processed per operating period and commodity
SOR(12,12,14)	Daily transit demand output variable by operating period and vessel class

COMMON COMMOD

Commodity projections input data

AIRORE(80,3)	Iron ore
ALMSTN(80,3)	Limestone
AMIN(80,3)	Non-metallic minerals
BLYRYE(80,3)	Barley and rye
CEMENT(80,3)	Cement
COAL(80,3)	Coal (also internal classification)
CORN(80,3)	Corn
DRYBLK(80,3)	Dry bulk
GENCAR(80,3)	General cargo
OILSD(80,3)	Oilseeds
PETROL(80,3)	Petroleum products
RAWMAT(80,3)	Raw materials
SOY(80,3)	Soybeans
STLPRD(80,3)	Steel products
WHEAT(80,3)	Wheat

Internal Commodity Classifications

BULK(80,3)	Bulk
GENCAR(80,3)	General cargo
GRAIN(80,3)	Grain
ORE(80,3)	Ore
STONE(80,3)	Stone

# COMMON DATA

BTF(14,4)	Bias traffic factor by operating period and season extension
CAREX1(6,2,80)	Cargo tonnage potential to be carried by the calculated fleet during season extension 1 by commodity direction and year
CAREX2(6,2,80)	Identical to CAREX1 above except for season extension 2 instead of extension 1
DATM(14)	Operating hours available per day per operating season
DIN(14,4)	Demand indexes per operating period and season extension
GBAL(12)	Total annual ballasted transits per vessel class
GLOAD(12)	Total annual loaded transits per vessel class
IZBH(12)	Ship utilization factor x 100 (integer)
LYEAR(80)	Year index
PCRF(14,2)	Pleasure craft and ice lockages per operating period and direction
SCOST(12)	Ship capital + operating costs per hour and vessel class
STDEV(12,2,4)	Standard deviation in locking times by vessel class, direction, and lock
TLTML2(12,2,4)	Low locking times per vessel class, direction, and lock
TLML3(12,2,4)	High locking times per vessel class, direction, and lock
TURNBK(4)	Turnback time per lock

XCAP(12)	Ship capital costs per hour by vessel class
XSHIP(12)	Ship operating costs per hour by vessel class
ZB(12)	Ship utilization factors by vessel class

COMMON HEDCOM

IBMO(14)	Hollerith fields containing the names of the 14 operating periods
IYR(80)	Constants representing the sequential years (1978-2050)

COMMON MINARY

ADDPCT(6,12)	Shipbuilding percentages by commodity and vessel class
BASEFT(6,12)	Base fleet
CAPINC(12)	Ship capacity increase with increase in depth
CC(6,12)	Carrying capacities by commodity and vessel class
DFA(14,4)	Absolute demand factors per period and season extension
DISTN(2,6)	Mean distance between ports by direction and vessel class
EMPTY(6,12)	Unloading rate in short tons per hour by commodity and vessel class
FILL(6,12)	Loading rate in short tons per hour by commodity and vessel class
FLEETN(6,12)	New zero-backhaul fleet by commodity and vessel class
FLOAD(6)	Loading factor to account for broken stowage per commodity
HRSYR(6)	Operating hours per year per commodity

PO(80,12)	Phase out fractions per year and vessel class
REDFT(12)	Fleet reduction factor to convert the zero-backhaul new fleet into the actual fleet
TDF(12,14)	Transit distribution factors for the validation year by vessel class and operating period
TRIPYR(6,12)	Number of round-trips a single ship can make in one operating year by commodity and vessel class
VSM(12,6)	Mean vessel speed per vessel class and commodity
WDIST(6)	Mean distance between major commodity ports, both directions, by commodity
ZBHF(12)	Ship utilization factors by vessel class

COMMON PRELIM

ISES(4)	Season extension flags
ILTM(3)	Locking time range flags

COMMON PRJCOM

IPCARGO(3,15,15)	Projected cargo tonnage flow per operating period and commodity in integer format
PCARG(3,15,6)	Projected cargo tonnage (IPCARG) in real format

COMMON Q

ARTAR(12,2)	Number of ships that are arriving at the MacArthur Lock per day by vessel class and direction
ARTCL(2)	Number of ships that can be assigned to the MacArthur Lock per day by direction

ARTPOE(2)	Effective difference in daily ship arrivals between the Poe and MacArthur Locks
AVGVAR(4,2)	Locking time variance
CAPCTY(4,2)	Maximum number of daily transits possible before maximum lock utilization is reached by lock and direction
CUTF(3,2)	Portion of transits that are processed if capacity is reached by lock and direction
DTLOCK(3,2)	Total number of daily arrivals by lock and direction
LMAX(12)	Maximum vessel length per class
LMIN(12)	Minimum vessel length per class
MONRAY(14)	Array containing the order operating periods are analyzed
POEAR(12,2)	Number of ships that do arrive at the Poe Lock per day by vessel class and direction
POECL(2)	Number of ship arrivals that fit through the Poe Lock only per day
RAMDA(4,2)	Vessel arrival rate by lock and direction
RHO(4,2)	Lock utilization by lock and direction
RPMCL(2)	Replacement fraction in ship dispatch module for transfer of ships from the MacArthur Lock to the Poe Lock by direction
SABIN(12,2)	Number of daily arrivals to the Sabin and Davis Locks by vessel class and direction
SDEV(4,2)	Locking time standard deviation by lock and direction

SHIP(12,6)	Actual fleet by vessel class and commodity
SOOAR(4,12,2)	Daily vessel arrivals per lock by vessel class and direction
TBAL(14,12)	Number of ballast transits per day by operating period and vessel class
TBALT(12)	Total annual ballast transits per vessel class
TDCST(4,12)	Daily delay cost per lock and vessel class
TIMES(14)	Locking time increase per operating period due to winter
TLOAD(14,12)	Number of loaded transits per day by operating period and vessel class
TLOADT(12)	Total annual loaded transits per vessel class
TLOCKM(4,2)	Typical locking time for each of the Soo Locks by direction
TMCYCL(4,2)	Mean lock cycle time by lock and direction
TMEAN(4,2)	Mean one-way locking time by lock and direction
TTI(14)	Transit time increase by operating period due to winter
VARTM(4,2)	Variance of mean lock cycle time by lock and direction
VARTNB	Variance in the lock turnback time
YESTRN	Logical variable indicating if transits occurred in each operating period



COMMON QUECOM

CAGOCL(6,12)	Cargo carried per vessel class and commodity per operating period
DBTRN(12,3,14)	Average daily ballast transits by vessel class, direction and operating period
DLTRN(12,3,14)	Average daily loaded transits by vessel class, direction, and operating period
DM(14)	Days per month
DT(12,3,14)	Average daily loaded+ballast transits by vessel class, direction, and operating period
ICTRNP(6,12,2)	Cargo transits per operating year by commodity, vessel class, and direction
IDBTRN(12,3)	Total ballasted transits per operating period year by vessel class and direction
IDLTRN(12,3)	Total loaded transits per operating year by vessel class and direction
IHRS(14)	Maximum operating hours per operating season
ILTR(3,12)	Cargo transits per operating period by direction and vessel class
IRHO(4,14)	Lock utilization x 100 by lock and operating period
ISDEV(4,2,14)	Lock cycle time standard deviation by lock, direction, and operating period
ISYSTEM(14)	System round-trip and waiting time for the Welland and St. Lawrence operating period
ITLTR(3,12)	Total annual vessel transits by direction and vessel class

ITMCST(15,12,4)	Delay cost per operating period by vessel class and lock
ITMCYC(4,2,14)	Mean lock cycle time by lock, direction, and operating period
ITOT(3,3)	Total annual vessel transits by direction
ITOTC(2,6)	Cargo transits per operating year by direction and commodity
ITTCST(12,3)	Delay cost
QUE(4,2,14)	Average queue length by lock, direction and operating period
TOTDB(3,14)	Average daily ballast transits per direction and operating period
TOTDL(3,14)	Average daily loaded transits per direction and operating period
TOTDT(3,14)	Average daily loaded + ballast transits by direction and operating period
WTQM(4,2,14)	Average waiting time by lock, direction, and operating period
XDBTRN(12,2)	IDBTRN (Real)
XDLTRN(12,2)	IDLTRN (Real)

#### VARIABLES NOT IN COMMON

ABTEST	Very small number for logical comparisons
ACARGO	Actual cargo carried per operating period, commodity, vessel class, and direction
ADDSHP(6,12)	Additional new ships built to meet the cargo tonnage potential by commodity and vessel class
ALLSHP(6,12)	Number of additional ships built by commodity and vessel class

ANCAP(6)	Remaining fleet cargo transport capacity by commodity
BTF4	Base year bias traffic factor for early April
BTF5	Base year bias traffic factor for late April
BTF13	Base year bias traffic factor for early December
BTF14	Base year bias traffic factor for late December
CALFAC	System queue length and waiting time multiplier (number of non-constraining locks)
CARGON	Cargo not transported by the remaining fleet
CARGT(12,2)	Total cargo transits per year by vessel class and direction
CDBC(6,12)	Cargo distribution fractions by commodity and vessel class
COMSHA(6)	Composite ship to be added to fleet by commodity
DELSHP(6,12)	Number of ships that must be deleted from the remaining fleet if the fleet is too large
DIFROE	The difference between lock utilization of the separate locks at the Soo
DRAFT	New system draft for a capacity expansion measure
ENDFAC(6,12)	Partial calculation of TDFC in subroutine LTRAN; used to incorporate cargo shipping demand
EMPTY2	Difference between upbound and downbound daily loaded transits (DLTRN)

FACTOR	Cargo projections multiplier
FLEETR(6,12)	Remaining fleet by commodity and vessel class
HBLCT	Heavy balanced lock cycle time
HOLD	Intermediate variable used to flip upbound and downbound daily transit demands for printing
GONOGO	Data file go/no go flag
IAPROX	Loop index for approximation iterations
ICAGO(6,14)	Actual cargo transported by commodity and month
ICAP	Intermediate variable used for capacity check
ICAPX	Capacity expansion measure implementation flag (0 = no, 1 = yes)
ICCC	Carrying capacities (Integer)
ICFLOW(15)	Actual cargo transported by month
IDEBUG	Logical variable used for printing a debugging file from internal WRITE statements
IDEC	Variable used for year counting
IDEC1	Variable used for year counting
IKNT1	Internal counting mechanism for queuing output
ILOCK	Individual lock label at the Soo
ILT(3)	Hollerith field containing locking time range titles
ILTM(3)	Flag for desired locking time range
ILTML	Loop index for locking time ranges

IND	INDVLK + 1
INDEXC	IAPPROX-1
INDVLK	Individual lock loop index variable
INUMB	Page number
IPCTOT(3,15)	Projected cargo tonnage by direction and operating period
IPGS	Total number of pages per run
IRINC	Intermediate variable for year counting
IRR	Intermediate variable for year counting
IR	Loop index for years
IS	Data file identifier
ISN	Loop index for season extensions
ISW	Ship dispatch criteria index
ISES(4)	Flag for desired season extensions
ISYST	Lock system loop index
ITFLOW(6)	Actual cargo tonnage transported per year by commodity
ITMLK1	Locking time up
ITMLK2	Locking time down
IXSHIP	Vessel operating costs
IXCAP	Vessel capital costs
IY	Intermediate variable for year counting
IYEAR	Intermediate variable for year counting
IYRCAP	Year capacity is reached

J1	
J10	Intermediate variables for year
J20	counting after capacity expansion
JCT	measure implementation
JYR	
KU	Number of different locks per system
LC	Loop index per vessel class
LOCKS	Capacity expansion measure flag for the option of increasing lock size when system draft is increased
LU	Highest vessel class per system
MC	Loop index for commodity
MEASUR	Capacity expansion measure label variable
MN	Loop index for operating period
NEWLU	New maximum vessel class for capacity expansion measures
NEXPG	Carriage control to start each table on a new page
NHOWTO	Locking time reduction option label
RHOMAX	Maximum lock utilization
RHOPOE	Maximum lock utilization for the Poe Lock
SHPCAP(6,12)	Annual cargo transport capacity of the remaining fleet by commodity and vessel class
SORTOT(18)	Daily vessel arrivals dimensioned for printing
SYSADD	Time spent in flight locks per round-trip
SYSFAC	Lock cycle time multiplier (Number of non-constraining locks) - Welland and St. Lawrence

SYSTM	Time spent in transit between locks and queues per round-trip - Welland and St. Lawrence
TCARG	Total cargo up and down
TDFC(12,14)	Transit distribution factors by vessel class and operating period
TDFI	Parital calculation of TDFC; used to include cargo shipping demand
TDFT	Partial calculation of TDFC; used to include cargo shipping demand
TDIN	Total of the input demand indexes (DIN)
TIMELK(12)	Approximate time spent in locks (unconstrained per round-trip - Welland and St. Lawrence
TRIPTM(6,12)	Time per round-trip by commodity and vessel class
TSHIP(6)	Number of ships in the actual fleet by commodity
TSHIPS(12)	Number of ships in the actual fleet by vessel class
TTSHIP	Total number of ships in the actual fleet
TURNBK(3)	Lock turnback time per lock

APPENDIX B  
PROGRAM LISTING



```

C8  DEBUG
C8  ARRAYS
PROGRAM ANALON(INPUT,OUTPUT,TAPE1,TAPE2,TAPE3,
+TAPE8,TAPE9,HELP,DEBUG=HELP)

C
C  PROGRAM ANALON:  GL/SLS LOCK CAPACITY MODEL

C
C  ARCTEC, INC.
C  9104 RED BRANCH ROAD
C  COLUMBIA, MD 21045, USA

C
C  WRITTEN:
C  AUTHOR:  J. KWANGSE KIM
C  MODIFIED:  ALLEN KEID 12/4/80

C
C  LANGUAGE:  FORTRAN
C  PURPOSE:  THIS PROGRAM PREDICTS THE POINT WHEN THE SOU,
C            WELAND AND SEAWAY LOCKS REACH CAPACITY AND ANALYZES
C            THE FACTORS CAUSING CAPACITY.

C
C  IMPLICIT INTEGER (1)

C
COMMON /MEDCOM/  IDMO(14),IYR(80)
COMMON /FRJCOM/  IPCARG(3,15,15),PCARG(3,15,6)
COMMON /CARGCM/  CAGOCM(6,14),SOR(12,12,14)
COMMON /CALCOM/  ADDTRN(6,12,2),CARGOP(6,2,80),
+CTRN(6,12,4),CTRNPM(6,12,2),EXTPT(6,2,80),HRS(14,4,6),
+TNLOCK(12,2,4),VSA(14,12,4)
COMMON /MINARY/  MASEFT(6,12),CC(6,12),DFA(14,4),DISTN(2,6),
+EMPTY(6,12),FILL(6,12),FLEETN(6,12),FLOAD(6),HMSYR(6),
+PO(80,12),REDFT(12),TDF(12,14),TRIPYR(6,12),USH(12,6),
+WDIST(6),ZBHF(12),AIDPCT(6,12),CAPINC(12)
COMMON /PRELIM/  IIT(3),ISES(4),ILTM(3)
COMMON /DAT1/  BTF(14,4),LAREX1(6,2,80),LAREX2(6,2,80),
+DATM(14),DIN(14,4),DIST(6),
+EXTP1(6,2,80),EXTP2(6,2,80),
+IZBH(12),LYEAR(80),UDAYS(12),PCRF(14,2),SCOST(12),STDEV(12,2,4),
+TLTHL2(12,2,4),TLTHL3(12,2,4),TURNBK(4),UNLOAD(12),XCAP(12),
+XSHIP(12),ZB(12),GBAL(12),GLOAD(12)
COMMON /QUECOM/  CAGOC(6,12),DBTRN(12,3,14),DLTRN(12,3,14),
+DM(14),DT(12,3,14),IDMIRN(12,3),ICTRNP(6,12,2),IDLTRN(12,3),
+IHRS(14),ILTR(3,12),IKHO(4,14),ISDEV(4,2,14),ISYSTN(14),
+ITLTR(3,12),ITHCST(15,12,4),ITHCYC(4,2,14),ITOT(3,3),
+ITOTC(2,6),ITTCST(12,3),QUE(4,2,14),TOTDB(3,14),TOTDL(3,14),
+TOTDT(3,14),WTOM(4,2,14),XUBTRN(12,2),XDLTRN(12,2)
COMMON /Q/ARTAR(12,2),ARTLL(2),ARTFOE(2),AVGVAR(4,2),
+CAPCTY(4,2),CUTF(4,2),MLLUCK(4,2),LMAX(12),LMIN(12),
+MONRAY(14),PUEAR(12,2),PUECL(2),RAHUA(4,2),RHU(4,2),RMYLL(2),
+SABAR(12,2),SDEV(4,2),SHIP(12,6),SUGAR(4,12,2),TBAL(14,12),
+TBALT(12),TDCST(4,12),TDFCX(5,4),TIMES(14),TLOAD(14,12),
+TLOADT(12),THCYCL(4,2),TMEAN(4,2),TTI(14),
+VARTH(4,2),TLOCKH(4,2),DAVAR(12,2)
COMMON /COMMOD/  WHEAT(80,3),SOY(80,3),BLYRYE(80,3),CORN(80,3),
+OILSD(80,3),ALMSTN(80,3),AIRORE(80,3),RAWMAT(80,3),
+COAL(80,3),PETROL(80,3),URYBLK(80,3),GENCAR(80,3),
+STLPRD(80,3),GRAIN(80,3),STONE(80,3),ORE(80,3),BULK(80,3),
+GNCAR(80,3),CEMENT(80,3),AMIN(80,3)

C
C  DIMENSION REDLT(3,2,5)
C  DIMENSION IROSUM(4)
C  DIMENSION CARF(3,15,80)
C  INTEGER GONOGO
C  LOGICAL YESTRN,DEBUG

C
DATA IDMO/8HJANUARY,8HFEBRUARY,8HMARCH,8H1 APRIL,8H2 APRIL,
+8HMAY,8HJUNE,8HJULY,8HAUGUST,8HSEPTEMBER,
+8HOCTOBER,8HNOVEMBER,8H1 DECEMBER,8H2 DECEMBER /
DATA DM/31,29,31,15,15,31,30,31,31,30,31,15,
+15 /
DATA TIMES / 1.10,1.20,1.20,1.05,1.00,1.00,1.00,1.00,
+1.00,1.00,1.00,1.00,1.00,1.05 /
DATA RHOMAX,RHOPOE / 0.98,0.98 /
DATA MONRAY/4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,1,2,3/
DATA TTI/1.28,1.93,1.93,1.00,1.00,1.00,1.00,1.00,1.00,
+1.00,1.00,1.00,1.05,1.05 /
DATA NEXPG,ABTEST / 1.001 /
DATA TLOCKH/83,65,83,65,145,125,145,125,
DATA LMIN/0,0,0,0,600,400,700,750,850,990,1100,1200/
DATA LMAX/0,0,0,599,699,699,749,849,989,1099,1199,1299/
DATA PCARG,CAGOCM,SOR,ADDTRN,CARGOP,CTRN,CTRNPM,EXTPT,

```

```

+ HRS,TMLOCK,USA,BASEFT,CC,DFA,UISTN,EMPTY,FILL,FLEETN,FLOAD,
+ HRSYR,PO,REDFT,TDF,TRIPYR,USH,WUIST,ZBHF,ADDPCT,CAPINC,BTF,
+ CAREX1,CAREX2,DATM,DIN,UIST,EXTP1,EXTP2,ODAYS,PCRF,SCOST,
+ SDEV,TLTML2,TLTML3,TURNBK,UNLOAD,XCAP,XSHIP,ZB,GBAL,GLOAD,
+ CAGOC,DBTRN,DLTRN,DT,QUE,TOIDS,TOTDL,TOTDT,WTOM,XDBTRN,
+ XDLTRN,ARTCL,ARTPOE,AUGVAR,CAPCTY,CUTF,DTLOCK,POEAR,POECL,
+ RANDA,RHO,RPHCL,SABAR,SUEV,SHIP,SODAR,TBAL,TBALT,TDCST,TDFCX,
+ TLOAD,TLOADT,TMCYCL,TIMEAN,VARTH,WHEAT,SOY,BLYRYE,CORN,OILSD,
+ ALMSTN,AIRORE,RAWMAT,COAL,PETROL,DRYBLK,GENCAR,STLPRD,GRAIN,
+ STONE,ORE,BULK,GNCAR,CEMENT,AMIN,ARTAR,DCST,VARTNB,
+ REDLT / 2294240.0 /
DATA IYR,IPCARG,IIT,ISES,ILTM,IZBH,LYEAR,IDBTRN,ICTRNP,IDLTRN,
+ IHRS,ILTR,IRMO,ISUEV,ISYST,ITLTR,ITMCST,ITNCYC,ITOT,ITOTC,
+ ITTCT,ICAP,ICAPX,IYKCAP,J,K,MEASUR,NHOWTO /250080/
C
  9 FORMAT(I1)
  5 FORMAT(1X)
  972 FORMAT(50X,RA2,2X,4A2)
  510 FORMAT (11,1X,I1)
C
5000 IDEBUG=.TRUE.
C
C
C
C ***** SYSTEM LOOP *****
C
5010 DO 100 ISYST=1,3
5020   READ(ISYST,510)GONOGO,IS
      IF(GONOGO.EQ.0) GOTO 100
C ISW=1   EQUAL WAITING TIME BASIS
C   ISW=0   EQUAL LOCK UTILIZATION BASIS
      VARTNB=2.
      ISW=0
      INUMB=0
      JCT=0
      KU=2
      IF(IS.EQ.1) KU=3
C
C THE RUN SET MODULE
5030   CALL READIN (ISYST,IS,LU,KU,FACTOR,CALFAC,SYSFAC,
+       SYSADD,SYSTIN,BTF4,BTF5,HIF13,BTF14,TDFCX,IDEBUG,
+       CARF)
C
C ***** LOCK CYCLE TIME LOOP *****
C
      DO 110 ILTML=1,3
      IF( ILTM(ILTML).NE.1 ) GOTO 110
      IF( ILTML.EQ.2 ) CALL TLOCMT(TLTML2,LU,IS)
      IF( ILTML.EQ.3 ) CALL TLOCMT(TLTML3,LU,IS)
C
C INTERPOLATE THE COMMODITY FORECASTS AND RETIREMENT
C PERCENTAGES FOR INTERMEDIATE YEARS
C
      DO 8500 IR=10,14,2
      YEAR=IR*1.0-8
      DO 8530 MC= 1,6
      DO 8540 ND= 1,2
      IF (ISES(1) .EQ. 1) GO TO 8521
      CAREX2(MC,ND,IR)=CAREX2(MC,ND,8)+(YEAR/7.0)*
      (CAREX2(MC,ND,15)-CAREX2(MC,ND,8))
      GO TO 8540
8521   CAREX1(MC,ND,IR)=CAREX1(MC,ND,8)+(YEAR/7.0)*
      (CAREX1(MC,ND,15)-CAREX1(MC,ND,8))
      GO TO 8540
8540   CONTINUE
8530   CONTINUE
      DO 8531 LC= 4,LU
      PO(IR,LC)=PO(8,LC)+(YEAR/7.0)*(PO(15,LC)-PO(8,LC))
8531   CONTINUE
8500   CONTINUE
      DO 8510 IR=16,18,2
      YEAR=IR*1.0-15.0
      DO 8570 MC= 1,6
      DO 8580 ND= 1,2
      IF (ISES(1) .EQ. 1) GO TO 8522
      CAREX2(MC,ND,IR)=CAREX2(MC,ND,15)+(YEAR/5.0)*
      (CAREX2(MC,ND,20)-CAREX2(MC,ND,15))
      GO TO 8580
8522   CAREX1(MC,ND,IR)=CAREX1(MC,ND,15)+(YEAR/5.0)*
      (CAREX1(MC,ND,20)-CAREX1(MC,ND,15))
      GO TO 8580
8580   CONTINUE
8570   CONTINUE
      DO 8571 LC= 4,LU
      PO(IR,LC)=PO(15,LC)+(YEAR/5.0)*(PO(20,LC)-PO(15,LC))
8571   CONTINUE
8510   CONTINUE

```

```

DO 8550 IY=2,7
  DO 8590 IYEAR=2,8,2
    IR=IY*10+IYEAR
    IF (IR.GT.80) GO TO 8590
    IDEC=IY*10
    IDEC1=(IY+1)*10
    YEAR=IYEAR*1.0
H540    DO 8600 MC= 1,4
      DO 8610 ND= 1,2
        IF (ISES(1) .EQ. 1) GO TO 8523
        CAREX2(MC,ND,IR)=CAREX2(MC,ND,IDEC)+(YEAR/10.0)*
        *(CAREX2(MC,ND,IDEC1)-CAREX2(MC,ND,IDEC))
        GO TO 8610
H523    CAREX1(MC,ND,IR)=CAREX1(MC,ND,IDEC)+(YEAR/10.0)*
        *(CAREX1(MC,ND,IDEC1)-CAREX1(MC,ND,IDEC))
H610    CONTINUE
H600    CONTINUE
      DO 8601 LC= 4,LU
        PO(IR,LC)=PO(IDEC,LC)+(YEAR/10.0)*(PO(IDEC1,LC)
        +-PO(IDEC,LC))
H601    CONTINUE
H590    CONTINUE
H550    CONTINUE
C ***** SEASON EXTENSIN LOOP *****
C
C
5040    DO 120 ISN= 1,2
      IF (ISES(ISN) .NE. 1) GO TO 120
      IF ( ISN .EQ. 1 ) CALL SESONS(ISN,FACTOR,CAREX1,
      +      EXTP1,TDIN,WIN)
      IF ( ISN .EQ. 2 ) CALL SESONS(ISN,FACTOR,CAREX2,
      +      EXTP2,TDIN,WIN)
C ***** YEARLY CYCLE LOOP *****
C
C
DO 129 IRINC=8,80,2
  IF (IRINC.EQ.16) IR=15
  IF (IRINC.EQ.16) GO TO 7510
7500    IR=IRINC
C CONVERT YEAR SUBSCRIPTS INTO ACTUAL YEAR
7510    IYR(IR)=1970+IR
      DU 781 LC= 3,LU
      REDFT(LC)=1.0
781    CONTINUE
C ***** APPROXIMATION CYCLE LOOP *****
C
C
5050    DU 140 IAPROX=1,3
      INDEXC=IAPROX-1
C THE FLEET FORECAST MODULE
      CALL FLEET (INDEXC,IR,ISN,LU,IS,SYSFAC,SYSADD)
      DO 9700 LKO= 1,4
        IROSUM(LKO)= 0
9700    CONTINUE
C ***** STEP THROUGH MONTHS STARTING WITH EARLY APRIL LOOP *****
C
C
5060    DU 150 MNMR=1,14
      MN=MONRAY(MNMR)
C THE TRANSIT FORECAST MODULE
      DFA(MN,ISN)=WIN(MN,ISN)/TDIN
211 CONTINUE
      CALL LTRAN (IR,ISN,LU,MN,IS,INDEXC,
      +      YESTRN,TDFCX)
      CALL TFRCT(LU,MC,MN,ABTEST,IR,ISN,
      +      BTF4,BTF5,BTF13,BTF14)
      IF ( .NOT. (YESTRN) ) DBTRN(3,2,MN)=0
      IF ( .NOT. (YESTRN) ) ISYSTN(MN)=0
5070    IF ( IAPROX.NE.3 ) GOTO 150
      RHO(2,1)=0.
      JCT=0
      IF (IS.NE.1) GOTO 172
C THE SHIP DISPATCH MODULE
71    CONTINUE
      CALL DISPCN(MN,LU,IS,ISW,JCT,RHPOE,
      +      DATM)
172    CONTINUE
C

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```

C THE LOCK CYCLE TIME MODULE
C THE QUEUEING MODULE
5090
+
+
+
170
C
C IF NECESSARY, RETURN TO THE DISPATCH MODULE
JCT=JCT+1
IF (IS.EQ.1) GO TO 201
IF (ISM.EQ.1) GO TO 203
IF (JCT.EQ.2) GO TO 201
DO 202 ND=1,2
DO 171 LK= LKST,KU
IF (LU .GE. 11)
TLOCKM(LK,ND)=
TMCYCL(LK,ND)
CONTINUE
IF (LU.LE.10) TLOCKM(2,ND)
= TMCYCL(1,ND)
IF (LU.LE.10) TLOCKM(3,ND)
= TMCYCL(2,ND)
CONTINUE
GO TO 71
202
CONTINUE
203
CONTINUE
IF (RPMCL(1).GE.0.AND.WTQM(1,1,MN)
.LT.WTQM(2,1,MN) )GOTO 71
+
C THE ECONOMICS MODULE
C
C THE ECONOMICS MODULE COMPUTES THE MONTHLY DELAY COST BY LOCK AND
C VESSEL CLASS
201
CONTINUE
DO 420 LK=LKST,KU
DO 410 LC=4,LU
TDCST(LK,LC)=0.
DO 400 ND=1,2
DCST=WTQM(LK,ND,MN)*SCOST(LC)*
SQOAR(LK,LC,ND)/1000.
TDCST(LK,LC)=TDCST(LK,LC)+DCST
CONTINUE
ITMCST(MN,LC,LK)=TDCST(LK,LC)*DM
(MN)+0.5
CONTINUE
400
5090
CONTINUE
410
420
CONTINUE
C THE CARGO TONNAGE MODEL
+
150
CONTINUE
140
CONTINUE
C
C ***** END STEP THROUGH MONTHS *****
C ***** END APPROXIMATION LOOP *****
C
C CHECK TO SEE IF CAPACITY HAS BEEN REACHED
C
ICAP= 0
IF (IS .EQ. 1) GO TO 7010
IF (IROSUM(1) .GE. 630) ICAP= 1
GO TO 7000
7010
DO 7040 LK= 1,4
IF (LU .GE. 12 .AND. LK .EQ. 1) GO TO 7040
IF (LU .LE. 10 .AND. LK .EQ. 4) GO TO 7040
IF (IROSUM(LK) .GE. 630) ICAP= LK
7040
CONTINUE
7000
CONTINUE
IF (ICAP .EQ. 0) GO TO 7550
C IF CAPACITY WAS REACHED DETERMINE WHAT YEAR
IF (IROSUM(ICAP) .GT. 658) GO TO 7050
IYRCAP=1970+IR
GO TO 7550
7050
IYRCAP=1969+IR
C
C ***** THE OUTPUT MODULE *****
C
7550 CONTINUE
CALL OUTMOD(LC,LU,IS,INUMB,IR,ISN,ILTML,NEXP6,ICAP,CARF)

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131 IF (ICAP .EQ. 0) GO TO 130
7060 WRITE (8,7069)
7069 FORMAT (3(/))
WRITE (8,7070) IYRCAP
7070 FORMAT (38X,29H**** CAPACITY WAS REACHED IN ,I4,
+ 1X,4H****)
C
C IS A CAPACITY EXPANSION MEASURE TO BE IMPLEMENTED?
C
READ(ISYST,6000) ICAPX
6000 FORMAT(I1)
IF(ICAPX.EQ.0) GO TO 100
C READ IN THE CAPACITY EXPANSION MEASURE
READ(ISYST,6000) MEASUR
IF(MEASUR.EQ.1) GO TO 6020
IF(MEASUR .EQ. 2 .OR. MEASUR .EQ. 3) GO TO 6040
IF(MEASUR.EQ.4) GO TO 6050
6020 IF(ICAPX.GT.1) GO TO 6021
C
C CAPACITY EXPANSION MEASURE 1: REDUCE LOCKING TIME
C
READ(ISYST,6060)((REDLT(IS,ND,K),ND=1,2),K=1,5)
6060 FORMAT(2F7.2)
6021 READ(ISYST,6000) NHOWTO
DO 6080 LC=4,LU
DO 6070 ND=1,2
DO 6090 J=1,4
THLOCK(LC,ND,J)=THLOCK(LC,ND,J)*(1.0-REDLT(IS,ND,
+ NHOWTO))
+ TLTML2(LC,ND,J)=TLTML2(LC,ND,J)*(1.0-REDLT(IS,ND,
+ NHOWTO))
+ TLTML3(LC,ND,J)=TLTML3(LC,ND,J)*(1.0-REDLT(IS,ND,
+ NHOWTO))
6090 CONTINUE
6070 CONTINUE
6080 CONTINUE
DO 6081 ND=1,2
REDLT(IS,ND,NHOWTO)=REDLT(IS,ND,NHOWTO)*100.0
6081 CONTINUE
WRITE(8,7069)
WRITE(8,6100) REDLT(IS,1,NHOWTO),REDLT(IS,2,NHOWTO)
6100 FORMAT(23X,45H CAPACITY INCREASED BY REDUCING LOCKING TIME ,
+ F4.1,16HX DOWNBOUND AND ,F4.1,10H X UPBOUND)
IF(NHOWTO.EQ.1) WRITE(8,6031)
IF(NHOWTO.EQ.2) WRITE(8,6032)
IF(NHOWTO.EQ.3) WRITE(8,6033)
IF(NHOWTO.EQ.4) WRITE(8,6034)
IF(NHOWTO .EQ. 5) WRITE(8,6035)
6031 FORMAT(32X,38H**** TRAVELING KEELS AND WINCHES WERE,1X,
+ 16HCONSTRUCTED ****)
6032 FORMAT(38X,44H**** SHIP SPEED INTO LOCK WAS INCREASED ****)
6033 FORMAT(38X,44H**** LOCK CHAMBERING TIME WAS DECREASED ****)
6034 FORMAT(36X,48H**** TRAFFIC CONTROL SYSTEM WAS IMPLEMENTED ****)
6035 FORMAT (40X,41H**** NONSTRUCTURAL MAXIMUM UTILITY ****)
GO TO 130
C
C CAPACITY EXPANSION MEASURE 3: INCREASE ALLOWABLE SHIP DRAFT
C
6040 READ (ISYST,6066) DRAFT
READ (ISYST,6000) LOCKS
6066 FORMAT (F6.2)
IF (DRAFT .LE. 25.75) GO TO 6030
DO 6068 LC= 4,LU
DO 6067 MC= 1,4
CC(MC,LC)= CC(MC,LC)+((DRAFT-25.5)*12.0)*CAPINC(LC)
6067 CONTINUE
6068 CONTINUE
WRITE (8,7069)
WRITE (8,6069) DRAFT
6069 FORMAT(21X,48H**** CAPACITY INCREASED BY INCREASING ALLOWABLE ,
+ 13HSHIP DRAFT TO,F6.2,10H FEET ****)
IF (LOCKS .GE. 1) GO TO 6030
GO TO 130
C
C CAPACITY EXPANSION MEASURE 2: CONSTRUCT LARGER LOCKS
C
C READ IN THE NEW MAXIMUM SHIP SIZE
6030 READ (ISYST,6043)
READ (ISYST,6041) NEWLU
6041 FORMAT (I2)

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      LUP= LUP+1
C READ NEW SHIP UTILIZATION FACTORS
      IF (IS .NE. 1) READ (ISYST,6042) (ZBHF(LC),LC=LUP,12)
      IF (IS .EQ. 1) READ (ISYST,6042) (ZBHF(LC),LC=LUP,12)
4042 FORMAT (2F5.2)
4042 FORMAT (5F5.2)
C READ NEW FLEET MIX BUILDING FACTORS
      READ (ISYST,6043)
4043 FORMAT (/)
      READ (ISYST,6044) ((ADDPCT(MC,LC),MC=1,6),LC=4,12)
4044 FORMAT (6F6.2)
C READ IN SHIP CARRYING CAPACITIES
      READ (ISYST,6043)
      IF (IS .NE. 1) READ (ISYST,6045) ((CC(MC,LC),LC=LUP,12),MC=1,6)
      IF (IS .EQ. 1) READ (ISYST,6045) ((CC(MC,LC),LC=LUP,12),MC=1,6)
4045 FORMAT (2F7.0)
4045 FORMAT (5F7.0)
C READ IN LOCKING TIMES
      READ (ISYST,6043)
      READ (ISYST,6046) (((TMLOCK(LC,ND,J),LC=4,12),ND=1,2),J=1,2)
      READ (ISYST,6043)
      READ (ISYST,6046) (((TLTML2(LC,NI,J),LC=4,12),ND=1,2),J=1,2)
      READ (ISYST,6043)
      READ (ISYST,6046) (((TLTML3(LC,ND,J),LC=4,12),ND=1,2),J=1,2)
4046 FORMAT (9F6.1)
C LOCKING TIME STANDARD DEVIATION
      READ (ISYST,6043)
      READ (ISYST,6046) (((STDEV(LC,ND,J),LC=4,12),ND=1,2),J=1,2)
      IF (IS .NE. 1) GO TO 6074
      DO 6075 LC= 4,NEWLU
      DU 6076 ND= 1,2
      DO 6077 J= 3,4
      TMLOCK(LC,ND,J)= TMLOCK(LC,NI,2)
      TLTML2(LC,ND,J)= TLTML2(LC,ND,2)
      TLTML3(LC,ND,J)= TLTML3(LC,ND,2)
      STDEV(LC,ND,J)= STDEV(LC,ND,2)
4077      CONTINUE
      IF (NEWLU .LE. 11) GO TO 6076
      TMLOCK(LC,ND,1)= 0.0
      TLTML2(LC,ND,1)= 0.0
      TLTML3(LC,ND,1)= 0.0
      STDEV(LC,ND,1)= 0.0
4076      CONTINUE
4075      CONTINUE
4074      DO 8073 ND=1,2
      REDLT(IS,ND,NHOWTO)=REDLT(IS,ND,NHOWTO)/100.0
4073      CONTINUE
      KX=2
      IF (IS .EQ. 1) KX=3
      IF (IS .EQ. 1 .AND. NEWLU .GE. 1) KX=4
      DO 8074 LC= 4,NEWLU
      DO 8075 ND= 1,2
      DO 8076 K= 1,KX
      TMLOCK(LC,ND,K)= TMLOCK(LC,ND,K)*(1.0-REDLT(IS,ND,NHOWTO))
      TLTML2(LC,ND,K)=TLTML2(LC,NI,K)*(1.0-REDLT(IS,ND,NHOWTO))
      TLTML3(LC,ND,K)=TLTML3(LC,ND,K)*(1.0-REDLT(IS,ND,NHOWTO))
      CONTINUE
4076      CONTINUE
4075      CONTINUE
4074      CONTINUE
C READ IN LOADING AND UNLOADING RATES
      READ (ISYST,6043)
      READ (ISYST,6047) ((FILL(MC,LC),MC=1,6),LC=LUP,12)
      READ (ISYST,6043)
      READ (ISYST,6047) ((EMPTY(MC,LC),MC=1,6),LC=LUP,12)
4047 FORMAT (6F7.1)
C READ IN VESSEL SPEED
      READ (ISYST,6043)
      IF (IS .EQ. 1) READ (ISYST,6048) ((VSA(MN,LC,1),MN=1,14),LC=
      + LUP,12)
      IF (IS .NE. 1) READ (ISYST,6048) ((VSA(MN,LC,2),MN=1,14),LC=
      + LUP,12)
4048 FORMAT (14F5.2)
C READ IN RETIREMENT PERCENTAGES
      READ (ISYST,6043)
      DO 6049 J= 1,9
      J1= J- 1
      IF (J1 .EQ. 0) IRR= 8
      IF (J1 .EQ. 1) IRR= 15
      IF (J1 .GE. 2) IRR= J1* 10
      IF (IS .NE. 1) READ (ISYST,6052) (PO(IRR,LC),LC=LUP,12)
      IF (IS .EQ. 1) READ (ISYST,6052) (PO(IRR,LC),LC=LUP,12)
4049      CONTINUE
4052      FORMAT (5F5.2)
4052      FORMAT (2F5.2)

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DO 6053 LC= LUP,NEWLU
DO 6054 J=10,14,2
  YEAR= JS 1.0- 8.0
  PO(J,LC)= PO(8,LC)+(YEAR/7.0)*(PO(15,LC)-PO(8,LC))
6054 CONTINUE
DO 6055 J= 16,18,2
  YEAR= JS1.0-15.0
  PO(J,LC)= PO(15,LC)+(YEAR/5.0)*(PO(20,LC)-PO(15,LC))
6055 CONTINUE
DO 6056 J=2,7
DO 6056 JJ= 2,4,2
  YEAR= JJ*1.0
  JYR= JS10+JJ
  J10= JS10
  J20= JS10+10
  PO(JYR,LC)= PO(J10,LC)+(YEAR/10.0)*(PO(J20,LC)-
+ PO(J10,LC))
6057 CONTINUE
6056 CONTINUE
6053 CONTINUE
C READ IN CAPACITY INCREASE WITH DEPTH
READ (ISYST,6043)
IF (IS .NE. 1) READ (ISYST,6058) (CAPINC(LC),LC=LUP,12)
IF (IS .EQ. 1) READ (ISYST,6058) (CAPINC(LC),LC=LUP,12)
6058 FORMAT (2F7.2)
6058 FORMAT (5F7.2)
WRITE (8,7069)
WRITE (8,6082)
6082 FORMAT (31X,46H**** CAPACITY WAS INCREASED BY BUILDING LARGER,
+ 1X,10HLOCKS ****)
IF (NEWLU .EQ. 11) WRITE (8,6083)
IF (NEWLU .EQ. 12) WRITE (8,6084)
6083 FORMAT (45X,29HMAXIMUM SHIP SIZE IS 1100X105)
6084 FORMAT (45X,29HMAXIMUM SHIP SIZE IS 1200X130)
C
C SET THE NEW BASE FLEET EQUAL TO THE FLEET FOR THE CAPACITY YEAR
C
DO 6062 MC= 1,6
DO 6063 LC= 4,LU
  BASEFT(MC,LC)= SHIP(LC,MC)
6063 CONTINUE
DO 6064 LC=LUP,NEWLU
  BASEFT(MC,LC)= 0.0
6064 CONTINUE
6062 CONTINUE
C
C
C MAKE PROGRAMMING CHANGES CORRESPONDING TO THE NEW LOCKS
C
DO 1519 LC=LUP,NEWLU
  HLOAD(LC)= 0.0
  GBAL(LC)= 0.0
  ZB(LC)= ZBMF(LC)
  IZBH(LC)= 100*ZB(LC)+0.5
1519 CONTINUE
C DIFFERENT LOCKS AT THE SOO
IF (IS .EQ. 1 .AND. NEWLU .GE. 11) KU= 4
C CHANGE NON-CONSTRAINING LOCK FACTORS
IF (IS .EQ. 1) GO TO 6071
IF (IS .EQ. 2) GO TO 6072
  CALFAC= 4.0
  SYMFAC= 4.0
  SYSTM= 15.0
GO TO 6071
6072 CALFAC= 3.0
  SYMFAC= 3.0
  SYSADD= 0.0
  SYSTM= 2.0
6071 CONTINUE
LU= NEWLU
GO TO 130
6050 GO TO 100
130 IF (IR.EQ.15) GO TO 7500
129 CONTINUE
120 CONTINUE
110 CONTINUE
100 CONTINUE
C
C ***** END YEARLY LOOP *****
C ***** END SEASON EXTENSION LOOP *****
C ***** END LOCKING TIME LOOP *****
C ***** END SYSTEM LOOP *****
C
STOP
END
C

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SUBROUTINE FLEET (INDEXC,IR,ISN,LU,IS,SYSFAC,SYSADD)
C
C      IMPLICIT INTEGER (I)
C
C      SUBPROGRAM FLEET CALCULATES THE ZERO-BACKHAUL FLEET
C      REQUIRED TO TRANSPORT THEPOTENTIAL CARGO TONNAGE
C
      COMMON /HINARY/ BASEFT(6,12),LC(6,12),DFA(14,4),DISTN(2,6),
      + EMPTY(6,12),FILL(6,12),FLEETN(6,12),FLOAD(6),HRSYR(6),
      + PQ(80,12),REDFT(12),TDF(12,14),TRIPYR(6,12),VSH(12,6),
      + WDIST(6),ZBHF(12),ADDPCT(6,12),CAPINC(12)
      COMMON /CALCOM/ AUDTRN(6,12,2),CARGOP(6,2,80),
      + CTRAN(6,12,4),CTRNP(6,12,2),EXTPT(6,2,80),HRS(14,4,6),
      + TMLOCK(12,2,4),VSA(14,12,4)
      COMMON/QUECOM/CAGACL(6,12),UBTRN(12,3,14),DLTRN(12,3,14),
      + DN(14),DT(12,3,14),IDMTRN(12,3),ICTRNP(6,12,2),IDLTRN(12,3),
      + IHRS(14),ILTR(3,12),IRMO(4,14),ISDEV(4,2,14),ISYSTH(14),
      + ITLTR(3,12),ITMCST(15,12,4),ITMCYC(4,2,14),ITOT(3,3),
      + ITOTC(2,6),ITTCT(12,3),QUE(4,2,14),TOTDB(3,14),TUTDL(3,14),
      + TOTDT(3,14),WTOM(4,2,14),XDBTRN(12,2),XDLTR(12,2)
      COMMON/ARTAR(12,2),ARTCL(2),ARTPOE(2),AVGVAR(4,2),
      + CAPCTY(4,2),CUTF(4,2),DTLOCK(4,2),LMAX(12),LMIN(12),
      + MONRAY(14),POEAR(12,2),POECL(2),RANDA(4,2),RHO(4,2),RPMCL(2),
      + SABAR(12,2),SDEV(4,2),SHIP(12,6),SOAR(4,12,2),TBAL(14,12),
      + TBALT(12),TDCST(4,12),TDFCX(5,4),TIMES(14),TLUAD(14,12),
      + TLOADT(12),TMCYCL(4,2),THEAN(4,2),TTI(14),
      + VARTH(4,2),TLOCKM(4,2),DAVAR(12,2)
C
      DIMENSION AUDSHP(6,12),ALLSHP(6,12),ANCAP(6),LARGON(6),
      + DELSHP(6,12),FLEETR(6,12),SHPCAP(6,12),TIMELK(12),TRIPTH(6,12)
      DIMENSION CUMSHA(6)
C
      ABTEST=.001
      DF=1.0
      DO 5 MC=1,6
        HRSYR(MC)=0.
        ANCAP(MC)=0.
        DO 3 LC=4,LU
          VSH(LC,MC)=0.
          ALLSHP(MC,LC)=0.
          AUDSHP(MC,LC)=0.
          DELSHP(MC,LC)=0.
        3 CONTINUE
      5 CONTINUE
C
C      PROHIBIT CERTAIN VESSELS FROM WINTER OPERATION
      DO 10 MN=1,14
        IF(MN.LE.3.AND.ISN.GE.2)VSA(MN,4,ISN)=0.
        IF(MN.LE.3.AND.ISN.GE.2)VSA(MN,5,ISN)=0.
        IF(IS.NE.1.AND.MN.LE.4.AND.ISN.GE.2)VSA(MN,4,ISN)=0.
        IF(IS.NE.1.AND.MN.LE.4.AND.ISN.GE.2)VSA(MN,5,ISN)=0.
        IF(IS.NE.1.AND.MN.EQ.14.AND.ISN.GE.2)VSA(MN,4,ISN)=0.
        IF(IS.NE.1.AND.MN.EQ.14.AND.ISN.GE.2)VSA(MN,5,ISN)=0.
C
C      CALCULATE THE OPERATING HOURS PER YEAR
      DO 8 MC=1,6
        HRSYR(MC)=HRSYR(MC)+HRS(MN,ISN,MC)
      8 CONTINUE
      10 CONTINUE
      DO 30 LC=4,LU
C
C      CALCULATE THE MEAN VESSEL SPEED
      DO 20 MN=1,14
        DO 15 MC=1,6
          IF (VSA(MN,LC,ISN).LE.00.0) VSA(MN,LC,ISN)=0.
          VSM(LC,MC)=VSA(MN,LC,ISN)*HRS(MN,ISN,MC)/HRSYR(MC)
          +VSM(LC,MC)
        15 CONTINUE
      20 CONTINUE
C
C      CALCULATE THE TIME SPENT IN THE LOCKS
      IF(IS.EQ.1.AND.LC.GE.8)J=3
      IF(IS.EQ.1.AND.LC.LE.7)J=1
      IF(IS.EQ.1)TIMELK(LC)=(TMLOCK(LC,1,J)+TMLOCK(LC,2,J))/60.
      IF(IS.EQ.2)TIMELK(LC)=(TMLOCK(LC,1,1)+TMLOCK(LC,2,1)+SYSFAC
      + 8(TMLOCK(LC,1,2)+TMLOCK(LC,2,2)))/60.+SYSADD
      IF(IS.EQ.3)TIMELK(LC)=(TMLOCK(LC,1,1)+TMLOCK(LC,2,1)+SYSFAC
      + 8(TMLOCK(LC,1,2)+TMLOCK(LC,2,2)))/60
      30 CONTINUE

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DO 50 MC=1,6
  IF (INDEXC(EQ,0)CARGOP(MC,1,IR)=1000.#
  +   CARGOP(MC,1,IR)
  +   IF (INDEXC(EQ,0)CARGOP(MC,2,IR)=1000.#
  +     CARGOP(MC,2,IR)
  +     TCARG=CARGOP(MC,1,IR)+CARGOP(MC,2,IR)
  +     IF (ABS(TCARG).LE.ABTEST) WDIST(MC)=0
  +     IF (ABS(TCARG).LE.ABTEST) GO TO 40
  +     WDIST(MC)=(CARGOP(MC,1,IR)*DISTN(1,MC)+CARGOP(MC,2,
  +       IR)*DISTN(2,MC))/TCARG
40  CONTINUE
C
C PHASE OUT OLD SHIPS
DO 90 LC=4,LU
  FLEETR(MC,LC)=BASEFT(MC,LC)*(1.0-PO(IR,LC))
C
C CALCULATE THE TIME PER ROUND TRIP
TRIPTH(MC,LC)=DF*(2.0*WDIST(MC)/VSM(LC,MC)+CC(MC,LC)*
  +   FLOAD(MC)/EMPTY(MC,LC)+FLOAD(MC)*CC(MC,LC)/
  +   FILL(MC,LC))+TIMELK(LC)
  IF (ABS(WDIST(MC)).LE.ABTEST)TRIPYR(MC,LC)=0
  IF (ABS(WDIST(MC)).LE.ABTEST.OR.ABS(TRIPTH(MC,LC))
  +   .LE.ABTEST)GO TO 80
C
C CALCULATE THE NUMBER OF ROUND TRIPS PER YEAR PER VESSEL
TRIPYR(MC,LC)=HRSYR(MC)/TRIPTH(MC,LC)
80  CONTINUE
C
C CALCULATE THE REMAINING FLEET TRANSPORT CAPACITY
C
  SHPCAP(MC,LC)=FLEETR(MC,LC)*TRIPYR(MC,LC)*CC(MC,LC)*
  +   FLOAD(MC)
  ANCAP(MC)=ANCAP(MC)+SHPCAP(MC,LC)
90  CONTINUE
  CARGON(MC)=CARGOP(MC,1,IR)+CARGOP(MC,2,IR)-
  +   ANCAP(MC)
  IF (ABS(CARGON(MC)).LE.ABTEST) GO TO 599
  IF (CARGON(MC).LT.0.0) GO TO 299
C
C BUILD SHIPS TO MEET THE CARGO DEMAND
C
C DETERMINE THE COMPOSITE SHIP TO BE ADDED
COMSHA(MC)= 0.0
DO 7600 LC= 4,LU
  COMSHA(MC)= COMSHA(MC)+ ADDPLT(MC,LC)* TRIPYR(MC,LC)*
  +   CC(MC,LC)*FLOAD(MC)
7600 CONTINUE
C
C DETERMINE THE NUMBER OF SHIPS TO BE ADDED
DO 7610 LC= 4,LU
  ADDSHP(MC,LC)= (CARGON(MC)/COMSHA(MC))* ADDPLT(MC,LC)
C
C CALCULATE THE NEW FLEET MIX
C
  FLEETN(MC,LC)= FLEETR(MC,LC)+ ADDSHP(MC,LC)
7610 CONTINUE
GO TO 499
C
C DELETE SHIPS IF NECESSARY
C
299  DO 190 IC= 4,LU
      LC= IC
      IF (ABS(TRIPYR(MC,LC)).LE. ABTEST) DELSHP(MC,LC)= 0.0
      IF (ABS(TRIPYR(MC,LC)).LE. ABTEST) GO TO 190
      DELSHP(MC,LC)= -CARGON(MC)/(CC(MC,LC)*FLOAD(MC)*
  +   TRIPYR(MC,LC))
      IF (IS .NE. 1 .AND. MC .GE. 5) GO TO 399
      IF (DELSHP(MC,LC).LE. FLEETR(MC,LC)) GO TO 399
      DELSHP(MC,LC)= FLEETR(MC,LC)
      CARGON(MC)= CARGON(MC)+ DELSHP(MC,LC)*
  +   FLOAD(MC)*CC(MC,LC)*TRIPYR(MC,LC)
190  CONTINUE
399  CONTINUE
C
C CALCULATE THE NEW FLEET
DO 200 LC= 4,LU
  FLEETN(MC,LC)= (FLEETR(MC,LC)-DELSHP(MC,LC))
200  CONTINUE
499  CONTINUE
599  CONTINUE
50  CONTINUE

DO 78 LC=3,LU
  TLOADT(LC)=0.
  TBALT(LC)=0.
DO 27 MC=1,6
  DO 26 ND=1,2
    ICTRNP(MC,LC,ND)=0
26  CONTINUE
27  CONTINUE
78  CONTINUE

RETURN
END

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BOOZ-ALLEN AND HAMILTON INC BETHESDA MD

F/O 15/5

GREAT LAKES/ST. LAWRENCE SEAWAY REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION STUDY: --ETC(U)

MAY 81 H R HORNE, A P FREE

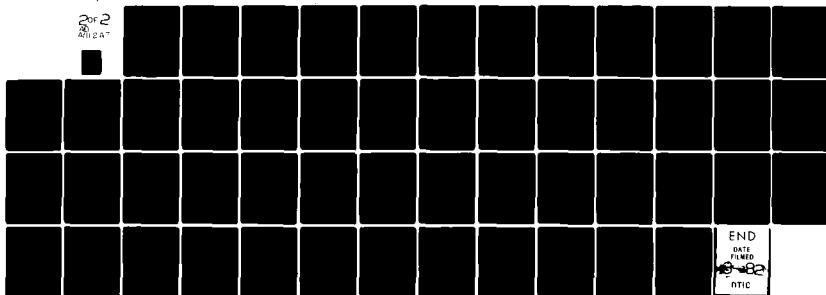
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      SUBROUTINE LTRAN(IR,ISN,LU,MN,IS,INDEXC,YESTRN,TDFCX)
C
C   IMPLICIT INTEGER (I)
C
C
C   SUBPROGRAM LTRAN CALCULATES THE TOTAL NUMBER OF ANNUAL
C   LOADED TRANSITS AND DISTRIBUTES THE TRANSITS OVER THE OPERATING YEAR
C
      COMMON /MINARY/ BASEFT(6,12),CC(6,12),DFA(14,4),DISTN(2,6),
      + EMPTY(6,12),FILL(6,12),FLEETN(6,12),FLOAD(6),HRSYR(6),
      + PO(80,12),REDFT(12),TDF(12,14),TRIPYR(6,12),USN(12,6),
      + WDIST(6),ZBNF(12),ADDPCT(6,12),CAPINC(12)
      COMMON /CALCOM/ ADUTRN(6,12,2),CARGOP(6,2,80),
      + CTRAN(6,12,4),CTRNPM(6,12,2),EXTPT(6,2,80),HRS(14,4,6),
      + TNLOCK(12,2,4),VSA(14,12,4)
C
      DIMENSION CDBC(6,12),ENDFAC(6,12),TDF(6,12),TDFC(12,14),
      + CARGT(12,2)
C
      LOGICAL YESTRN
      DIMENSION TDFCX(5,4)
C
      ABTEST=.001
      DO 1 LC=4,LU
        DO 15 ND=1,2
          CARGT(LC,ND)=0
15      CONTINUE
        DO 3 MC=1,6
          DO 9 ND=1,2
            ADUTRN(MC,LC,ND)=0
            CTRNPM(MC,LC,ND)=0
9          CONTINUE
          IF( MN.EQ.4 ) TDFT(MC,LC)=0
3          CONTINUE
1          CONTINUE
          DO 648 ND=1,2
            DO 647 MC=1,6
              EXTPT(MC,ND,IR)=0
647          CONTINUE
648        CONTINUE
C
C   PROHIBIT CERTAIN VESSELS FROM WINTER OPERATION
      IF(MN.LE.3.AND.ISN.GE.2) VSA(MN,4,ISN)=0
      IF(MN.LE.3.AND.ISN.GE.2) VSA(MN,5,ISN)=0
      IF(IS.NE.1.AND.MN.LE.4.AND.ISN.GE.2) VSA(MN,4,ISN)=0.
      IF(IS.NE.1.AND.MN.LE.4.AND.ISN.GE.2) VSA(MN,5,ISN)=0.
      IF(IS.NE.1.AND.MN.EQ.14.AND.ISN.GE.2) VSA(MN,4,ISN)=0.
      IF(IS.NE.1.AND.MN.EQ.14.AND.ISN.GE.2) VSA(MN,5,ISN)=0.
C
C   BYPASS DISTRIBUTION IN THE NEW FLEET FOR
C   EXTENDED SEASON GRAIN AND GENERAL CARGO
      DO 30 MC=1,6
        IF(MC.EQ.4.AND.ISN.GT.1.AND.MN.LE.3)GO TO 70
        IF(MC.EQ.6.AND.ISN.GT.1.AND.MN.LE.3)GO TO 70
        DO 20 LC=4,LU
          TCARG=(CARGOP(MC,1,IR)+CARGOP(MC,2,IR))
C
C   CALCULATE THE TRANSIT DISTRIBUTION FACTORS
C   ACCORDING TO FLEET ABILITIES
      TDFC(LC,MN)=HRS(MN,ISN,MC)*VSA(MN,LC,ISN)/(HRSYR(MC)*
      + USN(LC,MC))
      IF (ISN .EQ. 1 .AND. INDEXC .EQ. 0)
      + TDFI=TDFC(LC,MN)*DFA(MN,ISN)
      IF (ISN.GT.1.AND.INDEXC.EQ.0) TDFI=TDFC(LC,MN)*DFA(MN,ISN)
C
C   INCORPORATE CARGO SHIPPING DEMAND
      IF (ISN .EQ. 1 .AND. INDEXC .GT. 0)
      + TDFC(LC,MN)=TDFC(LC,MN)*DFA(MN,ISN)*
      + ENDFAC(MC,LC)
      IF (ISN.GT.1.AND.INDEXC.GT.0) TDFC(LC,MN)=
      + TDFC(LC,MN)*DFA(MN,ISN)*ENDFAC(MC,LC)
      IF (ABS(TCARG).LE.ABTEST) CDBC(MC,LC)=0.0
      IF (ABS(TCARG).LE.ABTEST) GO TO 7
C
C   CALCULATE THE CARGO DISTRIBUTION BY CLASS
      CDBC(MC,LC)=FLEETN(MC,LC)*FLOAD(MC)*CC(MC,LC)*TRIPYR(
      + MC,LC)/TCARG
      CONTINUE
      DO 10 ND=1,2
C
C   CALCULATE THE ANNUAL LOADED TRANSITS
      LTRAN(MC,LC,ND)=(CARGOP(MC,ND,IR))*CDBC(MC,LC)/
      + (FLOAD(MC)*CC(MC,LC))
C

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C  CALCULATE THE -MONTHLY- LOADED TRANSITS
      CTRNPM(MC,LC,ND)=CTRAN(MC,LC,ND)*TDFC(LC,MN)
      CARGT(LC,ND)=CARGT(LC,ND)+CTRAN(MC,LC,ND)
10    CONTINUE
      IF(INDEXC.EQ.0) TDFI(MC,LC)=1DFT(MC,LC)+TDFI
      IF(MN.EQ.3.AND.INDEXC.EQ.0)ENDFAC(MC,LC)=1.0/TDFI(MC,LC)
      MN=14
      IF( (MC.EQ.4.OR.MC.EQ.6).AND.MN.EQ.MN.AND.INDEXC.EQ.
+        0 )ENDFAC(MC,LC)=1.0/TDFI(MC,LC)
20    CONTINUE
70    CONTINUE
      YESTRN=.FALSE.

C
C  CALCULATE THE TOTAL TRANSITS PER OPERATING PERIOD
      DO 55 LC=4,LU
      DO 35 ND=1,2
        CTRNPM(MC,LC,ND)=CTRNPM(MC,LC,ND)+ADDTRN(MC,LC,ND)
        IF( CTRNPM(MC,LC,ND).GT.0.0 ) YESTRN=.TRUE.
35      CONTINUE
55    CONTINUE
30  CONTINUE

C
      RETURN
      END

C
C *****
C
      SUBROUTINE TFRCT(LU,MC,MN,ABTEST,IR,ISN,BTF4,BTF5,
+ BTF13,BTF14)

C
      IMPLICIT INTEGER (I)

C
C
C  THE TRANSIT FORECAST MODULE DETERMINES THE NUMBER OF DAILY LOADED
C  AND BALLASTED TRANSITS, AND INCLUDES PLEASURE CRAFT AND ICE LOCKAGES
C
      COMMON /CALCOM/ ADDTRN(6,12,2),CARGOP(6,2,80),
+ CTRAN(6,12,4),CTRNPM(6,12,2),EXTPT(6,2,80),HRS(14,4,6),
+ TMLOCK(12,2,4),VSA(14,12,4)
      COMMON /HINARY/ BASEFT(6,12),CC(6,12),DFA(14,4),DISTN(2,6),
+ EHPT(6,12),FILL(6,12),FLEETH(6,12),FLOAD(6),HRSYR(6),
+ PD(80,12),REDFT(12),TDF(12,14),TRIPYR(6,12),VSH(12,6),
+ WDIST(6),ZBHF(12),ADDPCT(6,12),CAPINC(12)
      COMMON /PRELIM/ IIT(3),ISES(4),ILTM(3)
      COMMON /DAT1/ BTF(14,4),CAREX1(6,2,80),CAREX2(6,2,80),
+ DATH(14),DIN(14,4),DIST(6),
+ EXTP1(6,2,80),EXTP2(6,2,80),
+ IZBH(12),LYEAR(80),ODAYS(12),PCRF(14,2),SCOST(12),STDEV(12,2,4),
+ TLTHL2(12,2,4),TLTHL3(12,2,4),TURNBK(4),UNLOAD(12),XCAP(12),
+ XSHIP(12),ZB(12),GBAL(12),GLOAD(12)
      COMMON /QUECOM/ CARGOCL(6,12),DBTRN(12,3,14),DLTRN(12,3,14),
+ DH(14),DT(12,3,14),IDBTRN(12,3),ICTRNP(6,12,2),IDLTRN(12,3),
+ IHRS(14),ILTR(3,12),IRHO(4,14),ISDEV(4,2,14),ISYSTH(14),
+ ITLTR(3,12),ITHCST(15,12,4),ITHCYC(4,2,14),ITOT(3,3),
+ ITOTC(2,6),ITTCST(12,3),QUE(4,2,14),TOTDB(3,14),TOTDL(3,14),
+ TOTDT(3,14),UTOM(4,2,14),XDBTRN(12,2),XDLTRN(12,2)
      COMMON /Q/ARTAR(12,2),ARTCL(2),ARTPOE(2),AUGVAR(4,2),
+ CAPCTY(4,2),CUTF(4,2),DTLOCK(4,2),LMAX(12),LMIN(12),
+ MONRAY(14),POEAR(12,2),PUECL(2),RAMDA(4,2),RHO(4,2),RPMCL(2),
+ SABAR(12,2),SDEV(4,2),SHIP(12,6),SOQAR(4,12,2),TBAL(14,12),
+ TBALT(12),TDCST(4,12),TDFCX(5,4),TIMES(14),TLOAD(14,12),
+ TLOADT(12),TMCYCL(4,2),TMEAN(4,2),TTI(14),
+ VARTH(4,2),TLOCKH(4,2),DAVAR(12,2)

C
      TOTAL=0
      DO 59 LC=4,LU
        IF( MN.EQ.4 ) TLOADT(LC)=0
        IF( MN.EQ.4 ) TBALT(LC)=0
        DO 47 ND=1,2
          TCTR=0.
          TLOAD(MN,LC)=0
          TBAL(MN,LC)=0
          DO 48 MC=1,6
            TCTR=TCTR+CTRNPM(MC,LC,ND)
48          CONTINUE
          DLTRN(LC,ND,MN)=TCTR/DH(MN)
47          CONTINUE
          ZBHF(LC)=ZB(LC)

C
C  BALLAST TRANSIT CALCULATIONS
      EMPTY2=DLTRN(LC,1,MN)-DLTRN(LC,2,MN)
      IF( ABS(DLTRN(LC,1,MN)).LE.ABTEST .OR. ABS(DLTRN(LC,2,
+ MN)).LE.ABTEST ) ZBHF(LC)=0

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      IF( EMPTY2.GE.0.0 )GOTO 731
      DBTRN(LC,1,MN)=EMPTY2+(DLTRN(LC,2,MN)
+      +EMPTY2)*(1.0-ZBHF(LC))
      DBTRN(LC,2,MN)=(DLTRN(LC,2,MN)+EMPTY2)
+      *(1.0-ZBHF(LC))
      GOTO 732
731  CONTINUE
      DBTRN(LC,2,MN)=EMPTY2+(DLTRN(LC,1,MN)-
+      +EMPTY2)*(1.0-ZBHF(LC))
      DBTRN(LC,1,MN)=(DLTRN(LC,1,MN)-EMPTY2)
+      *(1.0-ZBHF(LC))
732  CONTINUE
      IF( IR.NE.1.OR.ISN.NE.1 ) GOTO 733
C
C  INCORPORATE TRAFFIC BIAS
      IF( MN.EQ.4 )DBTRN(LC,2,MN)=DBTRN(LC,2,MN)*(1.0+BTF4)
      IF( MN.EQ.5 )DBTRN(LC,2,MN)=DBTRN(LC,2,MN)*(1.0+BTF5)
      IF( MN.EQ.13 )DBTRN(LC,2,MN)=DBTRN(LC,2,MN)*(1.0-BTF13)
      IF( MN.EQ.14 )DBTRN(LC,2,MN)=DBTRN(LC,2,MN)*(1.0-BTF14)
      GOTO 734
733  CONTINUE
      IF(MN.GE.4.AND.MN.LT.13)DBTRN(LC,2,MN)=
+      +DBTRN(LC,2,MN)*(1.0+BTF(MN,ISN))
      IF((MN.LT.4.OR.MN.GT.12))DBTRN(LC,2,MN)=
+      +DBTRN(LC,2,MN)*(1.0-BTF(MN,ISN))
734  CONTINUE
59  CONTINUE
C
C  INCLUDE PLEASURE CRAFT AND ICE LOCKAGES
      DO 50 ND=1,2
      DBTRN(3,ND,MN)=PCRFL(MN,MN)
      DLTRN(3,ND,MN)=0
      DO 49 LC=3,LU
      TOTAL=TOTAL+DLTRN(LC,ND,MN)+DBTRN(LC,ND,MN)
49  CONTINUE
50  CONTINUE
      DO 55 LC=4,LU
      TLOAD(MN,LC)=TLOAD(MN,LC)+DLTRN(LC,1,MN)+DLTRN(LC,2,MN)
      TBAL(MN,LC)=TBAL(MN,LC)+DBTRN(LC,1,MN)+DBTRN(LC,2,MN)
      TLOADT(LC)=TLOADT(LC)+TLOAD(MN,LC)*DM(MN)
      TBALT(LC)=TBALT(LC)+TBAL(MN,LC)*DM(MN)
      IF(MN.NE.3)GO TO 737
      GLOAD(LC)=TLOADT(LC)
      GBAL(LC)=TBALT(LC)
      IF(ABS(GLOAD(LC)).LE.ABTEST)REDFT(LC)=1.0
      IF(ABS(GLOAD(LC)).LE.ABTEST)GO TO 92
C
C  CALCULATE THE FLEET REDUCTION FACTOR AND THE ACTUAL FLEET
      REDFT(LC)=GBAL(LC)/(GBAL(LC)+GLOAD(LC))+0.5
92  CONTINUE
      DO 58 MC=1,6
      SHIP(LC,MC)=FLEETN(MC,LC)*REDFT(LC)
58  CONTINUE
737  CONTINUE
55  CONTINUE
C
      RETURN
      END
C
C *****
C
C  SUBROUTINE DISPCN(MN,LU,IS,ISM,JCT,KHOPOE,DATN)
C
C  IMPLICIT INTEGER (I)
C
C  THE SHIP DISPATCH MODULE DISPATCHES SHIPS TO THE 4 500 LOCKS
C
C  COMMON/QUECOM/CAGOC(6,12),DBTRN(12,3,14),DLTRN(12,3,14),
+  + DM(14),DT(12,3,14),IDBTRN(12,3),ICTRNP(6,12,2),IDLTRN(12,3),
+  + IHRS(14),ILTR(3,12),JKHO(4,14),ISDEV(4,2,14),ISYSTN(14),
+  + ITLTR(3,12),ITMCST(15,12,4),ITMCYC(4,2,14),ITOT(3,3),
+  + ITOTC(2,6),ITTCST(12,3),QUE(4,2,14),TOTDB(3,14),TOTDL(3,14),
+  + TOTDT(3,14),WTQH(4,2,14),XDBTRN(12,2),XDLTRN(12,2)
C  COMMON/Q/ARTAR(12,2),ARTCL(2),AKTPOE(2),AUGVAR(4,2),
+  + CAPCTY(4,2),CUTF(4,2),DLTUCK(4,2),LMAX(12),LMIN(12),
+  + MUNRAY(14),POEAR(12,2),POECL(2),RAMUA(4,2),RHO(4,2),RPNCL(2),
+  + SABAR(12,2),SDEV(4,2),SHIP(12,6),SODAR(4,12,2),TBAL(14,12),
+  + TBALT(12),TDCST(4,12),TDFCX(5,4),TIMES(14),TLOAD(14,12),
+  + TLOADT(12),TMCYC(4,2),TMEAN(4,2),TTI(14),
+  + VARTH(4,2),TLOCKH(4,2),DAVAR(12,2)
C  DIMENSION CL(4,2),ROE(4,2),ARDIF(3,2),RPLCL(3,2),DATN(14),
+  + TRNBL(4,12,2),TRNLD(4,12,2),TRANSB(4,12,2),TRANSL(4,12,2)
C
      IF (LU .GE. 11) GO TO 8201
C
C  DISTRIBUTE SHIPS BETWEEN THE POE AND MACARTHUR LOCKS

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DO 120 ND=1,2
  ARTCL(ND)=DLTRN(7,ND,MN)+DLTRN(6,ND,MN)+DLTRN(5,ND,MN)
  POECL(ND)=DLTRN(8,ND,MN)+DLTRN(9,ND,MN)+DLTRN(10,ND,MN)
+   +DLTRN(11,ND,MN)+DBTRN(9,ND,MN)+DBTRN(10,ND,MN)+
+   DBTRN(11,ND,MN)
  IF( TLOCKM(2,ND).EQ.0 ) TLOCKM(2,ND)=0.0000001
  IF( TLOCKM(3,ND).EQ.0 ) TLOCKM(3,ND)=0.0000001
  ARTPOE(ND)=(ARTCL(ND)*TLOCKM(2,ND)+POECL(ND)*TLOCKM(3,ND))/
+   (TLOCKM(3,ND)+TLOCKM(2,ND))
  IF(ARTPOE(ND).LE.0.)ARTPOE(ND)=0.
  RPMCL(ND)=0.
  IF(ARTCL(ND).GT.0.)RPMCL(ND)=ARTPOE(ND)/ARTCL(ND)
  IF(ISW.EQ.1.AND.JCT.NE.0) RPMCL(1)=RPMCL(1)-0.1
  IF(IS.EQ.1.AND.RHO(2,1).GE.RHOPOE) RPMCL(ND)=0.
  IF(RPMCL(ND).LE.0.) RPMCL(ND)=0.
C
C COMPUTE THE SABIN AND DAVIS LOCK ARRIVALS
C COMPUTE MACARTHUR LOCK ARRIVALS
C COMPUTE POE LOCK ARRIVALS
C
DO 140 LC=3,LU
  SABAR(LC,ND)=UBTRN(LC,ND,MN)
  IF(LC.EQ.4)SABAR(4,ND)=DBTRN(4,ND,MN)+DLTRN(4,ND,MN)
  IF(LC.GT.8)SABAR(LC,ND)=0
C
  ARTAR(LC,ND)=DLTRN(LC,ND,MN)*(1.-RPMCL(ND))
  IF(LC.EQ.3)ARTAR(LC,ND)=DBTRN(3,ND,MN)
  IF(LC.EQ.4)ARTAR(LC,ND)=0.
  IF(LC.GT.7)ARTAR(LC,ND)=0.
C
  POEAR(LC,ND)=DLTRN(LC,ND,MN)+DBTRN(LC,ND,MN)
  IF( LC.EQ.8 ) POEAR(LC,ND) = DLTRN(LC,ND,MN)
  IF( LC.EQ.4 ) POEAR(LC,ND)=0.
  IF(RPMCL(ND).LE.0.)RPMCL(ND)=0.
  IF(LC.LT.8.AND.LC.GT.4)POEAR(LC,ND)=DLTRN(LC,ND,MN)*
+   RPMCL(ND)
140 CONTINUE
120 CONTINUE
  IF(LU.LE.10) GO TO 8224
C
C ALLOCATE SHIPS THROUGH THE EXPANDED 800 LOCKS
C
8201 CONTINUE
  ILOCK= 1
  IF (LU .GE. 12) ILOCK= 2
  DO 8202 ND= 1,2
    DO 8204 I= 1,4
      DO 8216 LC= 4,LU
        TRNLD(I,LC,ND)= 0.0
        TRNBL(I,LC,ND)= 0.0
8216 CONTINUE
8204 CONTINUE
      DO 8214 LC= 4,LU
        IF (LC .EQ. 4) TRNLD(1,LC,ND)= DLTRN(LC,ND,MN)
        IF (LC .LE. 8) TRNBL(1,LC,ND)= DBTRN(LC,ND,MN)
        IF (LC .GE. 5 .AND. LC.LE.7)TRNLD(2,LC,ND)=DLTRN(LC,ND,MN)
        IF (LU .GE. 12 .AND. LC .EQ. 8)TRNBL(3,LC,ND)=TRNBL(1,LC,ND)
        IF (LU .GE. 12 .AND. LC .EQ. 4)TRNLD(2,LC,ND)=TRNLD(1,LC,ND)
        IF (LU .GE. 12 .AND. LC .LE. 7)TRNBL(2,LC,ND)=TRNBL(1,LC,ND)
        IF (LU .GE. 12) TRNBL(1,LC,ND)= 0.0
        IF (LU .GE. 12) TRNLD(1,LC,ND)= 0.0
        IF (LC .GE. 8.AND. LC .LE.10)TRNLD(3,LC,ND)= DLTRN(LC,ND,MN)
        IF (LC .GE. 9 .AND. LC .LE.10)TRNBL(3,LC,ND)=DBTRN(LC,ND,MN)
        IF (LC .GT. 10) TRNBL(4,LC,ND)= DBTRN(LC,ND,MN)
        IF (LC .GT. 10) TRNLD(4,LC,ND)= DLTRN(LC,ND,MN)
8214 CONTINUE
8219 DO 8217 LKS= ILOCK,4
      CL(LKS,ND)= 0.0
8217 CONTINUE
      DO 8218 LKS= ILOCK,4
        DO 8221 LC= 4,LU
          CL(LKS,ND)= CL(LKS,ND)+TRNLD(LKS,LC,ND)+TRNBL(LKS,LC,ND)
8221 CONTINUE
8218 CONTINUE
C CALCULATE LOCK UTILIZATIONS
DO 8205 INDULK= ILOCK,4
  ROE(INDULK,ND)= CL(INDULK,ND)*TLOCKM(INDULK,ND)/(DATH(MN)
+   *60.0)
8205 CONTINUE
  NROE= 0
  DO 8206 INDULK= ILOCK,3
    IND= INDULK+1
    DIFROE= ABS(ROE(INDULK,ND)-ROE(IND,ND))
    IF (DIFROE .GT. 0.005) NROE= 1

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H206 CONTINUE
      IF (NR0E .EQ. 0) GO TO 8207
C IF THE LOCK UTILIZATIONS ARE NOT EQUAL CALCULATE THE WEIGHTED
C ARRIVAL DIFFERENCES
      DO 8208 LKDIF= ILOCK,3
        IND= LKDIF+1
        ARDIF(LKDIF,ND)= (CL(LKDIF,ND)*TLOCKM(LKDIF,ND)-CL(IND,ND)
          +
            *TLOCKM(IND,ND))/(TLOCKM(LKDIF,ND)+TLOCKM(IND,ND))
        IF (ARDIF(LKDIF,ND) .LE. 0.0) ARDIF(LKDIF,ND)= 0.0
C CALCULATE THE REPLACEMENT FRACTION
        RPLCL(LKDIF,ND)= ARDIF(LKDIF,ND)/CL(LKDIF,ND)
H208 CONTINUE
C CHECK TO SEE IF MAXIMUM REPLACEMENT HAS OCCURED
        MAXRP= 0
        DO 8209 LKDIF= ILOCK,3
          IF (RPLCL(LKDIF,ND) .GE. 0.005) MAXRP= 1
H209 CONTINUE
      IF (MAXRP .EQ. 0) GO TO 8207
C RE-ALLOCATE SHIPS TO EQUALIZE LOCK UTILIZATION
      DO 8222 LC= 4,LU
        DO 8223 LKS= ILOCK,3
          TRANSL(LKS,LC,ND)= TRNLD(LKS,LC,ND)*RPLCL(LKS,ND)
          TRANSB(LKS,LC,ND)= TRNBL(LKS,LC,ND)*RPLCL(LKS,ND)
          TRNLD(LKS,LC,ND)= TRNLD(LKS,LC,ND)-TRANSL(LKS,LC,ND)
          TRNBL(LKS,LC,ND)= TRNBL(LKS,LC,ND)-TRANSB(LKS,LC,ND)
H223 CONTINUE
        DO 8224 LKS= ILOCK,3
          LKS1= LKS+1
          TRNLD(LKS1,LC,ND)=TRNLD(LKS1,LC,ND)+TRANSL(LKS,LC,ND)
          TRNBL(LKS1,LC,ND)=TRNBL(LKS1,LC,ND)+TRANSB(LKS,LC,ND)
H224 CONTINUE
H222 CONTINUE
      GO TO 8219

C
C COMPUTE THE LOCK ARRIVALS
C
C
C SABIN LOCK (IF MAXIMUM SHIP CLASS EQUALS 11)
C MACARTHUR LOCK
C POE LOCK
C NEW DAVIS LOCK
C
H207 CONTINUE
      TRNBL(1,8,ND)= TRNBL(1,8,ND)+TRNBL(2,8,ND)
      TRNBL(2,8,ND)= 0.0
      DO 8225 LC= 4,LU
        SABAR(LC,ND)= TRNBL(1,LC,ND)+TRNLD(1,LC,ND)
        ARTAR(LC,ND)= TRNBL(2,LC,ND)+TRNLD(2,LC,ND)
        PUEAR(LC,ND)= TRNBL(3,LC,ND)+TRNLD(3,LC,ND)
        UAUAR(LC,ND)= TRNBL(4,LC,ND)+TRNLD(4,LC,ND)
H225 CONTINUE
      ARTAR(3,ND)= DBTRN(3,ND,MN)
H202 CONTINUE
H226 CONTINUE
C
      RETURN
      END
C
C *****
C
      SUBROUTINE CYCLTH(LK,LU,IS,MN,RHOCAP,RHOMAX,RHPOE,TMCY,VARTNB)
C
      IMPLICIT INTEGER (I)
C
C THE LOCK CYCLE TIME MODULE CALCULATES THE MEAN LOCK CYCLE TIME
C AND ITS VARIANCE
C
      COMMON /CALCOM/ AUDTRN(6,12,2),CARGOP(6,2,80),
        + CTRAN(6,12,4),CTRNPM(6,12,2),EXTPT(6,2,80),HRS(14,4,6),
        + TMLOCK(12,2,4),VSA(14,12,4)
      COMMON /DAT1/ BTF(14,4),CAREX1(6,2,80),CAREX2(6,2,80),
        + DATN(14),DIN(14,4),DUST(6),
        + EXTP1(6,2,80),EXTP2(6,2,80),
        + IZBH(12),LYEAR(80),ODAYS(12),PCRF(14,2),SCOST(12),STDEV(12,2,4),
        + TLTHL2(12,2,4),TLTHL3(12,2,4),TURNBK(4),UNLOAD(12),XCAP(12),
        + XSHIP(12),ZB(12),GBAL(12),GLOAD(12)
      COMMON/QUECOM/CAGOC(6,12),DBTRN(12,3,14),DLTRN(12,3,14),
        + DN(14),DT(12,3,14),IDBTRN(12,3),ICTNMP(6,12,2),IDLTRN(12,3),
        + IHRS(14),ILTR(3,12),IRHO(4,14),ISDEV(4,2,14),ISYSTH(14),
        + ILTR(3,12),ITHCST(15,12,4),ITMCYC(4,2,14),ITOT(3,3),
        + ITOTC(2,6),ITTCST(12,3),QUE(4,2,14),TOTDB(3,14),TOTDL(3,14),
        + TOTDT(3,14),WTOM(4,2,14),XDBTRN(12,2),XDLTRN(12,2)

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COMMON/0/ARTAR(12,2),ARTCL(2),ARTPOE(2),AUGVAR(4,2),
+ CAPCTY(4,2),CUTF(4,2),DTLOCK(4,2),LMAX(12),LMIN(12),
+ MONRAY(14),POEAR(12,2),POECL(2),KAMUA(4,2),RHO(4,2),RPMCL(2),
+ SABAR(12,2),SDEV(4,2),SHIP(12,4),SODAR(4,12,2),TBAL(14,12),
+ TBALT(12),TDCST(4,12),TDFZX(5,4),TIMES(14),TLOAD(14,12),
+ TLOADT(12),THCYCL(4,2),TMEAN(4,2),TTI(14),
+ VARTH(4,2),TLOCKH(4,2),DAVAR(12,2)

C
DO 210 ND=1,2
  DTLOCK(LK,ND)=0
  DO 190 LC=3,LU
    IF( IS.NE.1)GO TO 174
    IF (LU .LE. 11 .AND. LK .NE. 1) GO TO 174
    IF (LU .GE. 12 .AND. LK .NE. 2) GO TO 174
    IF (LU .GE. 11) GO TO 1174
    SODAR(1,LC,ND)=ARTAR(LC,ND)
    SODAR(2,LC,ND)=POEAR(LC,ND)
    SODAR(3,LC,ND)= SABAR(LC,ND)
  GO TO 174
1174 IF (LU .EQ. 11) SODAR(1,LC,ND)= SABAR(LC,ND)
    IF (LU .GE. 12) SODAR(1,LC,ND)= 0.0
    SODAR(2,LC,ND)= AKTAR(LC,ND)
    SODAR(3,LC,ND)= POEAR(LC,ND)
    SODAR(4,LC,ND)= DAVAR(LC,ND)
174 CONTINUE
    IF( IS.EQ.1 .OR. LK.EQ.2 )GO TO 175
    SODAR(1,LC,ND)=ULTRN(LC,ND,MN)+UBTRN(LC,ND,MN)
    SODAR(2,LC,ND)=SODAR(1,LC,ND)
175 CONTINUE
    DTLOCK(LK,ND)=DTLOCK(LK,ND)+SODAR(LK,LC,ND)
190 CONTINUE

C
C CALCULATE THE VESSEL ARRIVAL RATE
KAMDA(LK,ND)=DTLOCK(LK,ND)/(DATA(MN)*60.)
TMEAN(LK,ND)=0
TVAR=0.
IF(DTLULK(LK,ND).LE.0.)GO TO 735
  J=1
  IF(IS.NE.1)J=LK
  IF(IS.EQ.1.AND.LK.LE.2)J=2
  IF (IS .EQ. 1 .AND. LU .GE. 11) J= LK

C
C CALCULATE THE ONE WAY MEAN LOCKING TIME AND ITS VARIANCE
DO 220 LC=3,LU
  TMLOCK(3,ND,J)=TMLOCK(4,ND,J)
  STDEV(3,ND,J)=STDEV(4,ND,J)
  TMLK=SODAR(LK,LC,ND)*TIMES(MN)*TMLOCK(LC,ND,J)/
  + DTLOCK(LK,ND)
  TMEAN(LK,ND)=TMEAN(LK,ND)+TMLK
  VAR=SODAR(LK,LC,ND)*STDEV(LC,ND,J)**2/DTLOCK(
  + LK,ND)
  TVAR=TVAR+VAR
220 CONTINUE
  TURN=0.
  DO 212 LC=3,LU
    VRN=(TMLOCK(LC,ND,J)-TMEAN(LK,ND))**2*SODAR(LK,
    + LC,ND)/DTLOCK(LK,ND)
    TURN=TURN+VRN
  212 CONTINUE
  AUGVAR(LK,ND)=TURN+TVAR
735 CONTINUE
210 CONTINUE

C
C CALCULATE THE HEAVY BALANCED LOCK CYCLE TIME
HBLCT=TMEAN(LK,1)+TMEAN(LK,2)
DO 240 ND=1,2
  RHOCAP=RHOMAX
  IF(IS.EQ.1.AND.LK.EQ.2) RHOCAP=RHOPOE
  IF(ND.EQ.1)NI=2
  IF(ND.EQ.2)NI=1
  IF(DTLOCK(LK,ND).LE.0.)GO TO 230
  THCY=TMEAN (LK,ND)+TURNBK(LK)-(TMEAN(LK,NI)
  +TURNBK(LK))*(RAMDA(LK,NI)*TURNBK(LK)-RAMDA(LK,
  + NI)*TMEAN(LK,NI))
  THCYCL(LK,ND)=THCY/(1.-(RAMDA(LK,NI)*TURNBK(LK)-
  + RAMDA(LK,NI)*TMEAN(LK,ND))*(RAMDA(LK,ND)*TURNBK(
  + LK)-RAMDA(LK,ND)*TMEAN(LK,ND)))
  IF(THCYCL(LK,ND).GT.HBLCT) THCYCL(LK,ND)=HBLCT
  CAPCTY(LK,ND)=60.*RHOCAP*DATA(MN)/HBLCT

C
C CALCULATE LOCK UTILIZATION
RHO(LK,ND)=RAMDA(LK,ND)*THCYCL(LK,ND)

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C IF NECESSARY, BRING DAVIS LUCA INTO OPERATION
  IF (IS.EQ.1.AND.LU.GE.11) GO TO 231
  + IF (LK.EQ.3.AND.RHO(LK,ND).GT.0.7) RAMDA(LK,ND)=
    + RAMDA(LK,ND)/2.
  + IF (LK.EQ.3.AND.RHO(LK,ND).GT.0.7) RHO(LK,ND)=
    + RHO(LK,ND)/2.
231 CONTINUE
    CUTF(LK,ND)=1.0
C
C IF CAPACITY IS REACHED, CUT OFF TRANSITS
  IF (RHO(LK,ND).LT.RHOCAP) GO TO 230
  CUTF(LK,ND)=RHOCAP/RHO(LK,ND)
  RAMDA(LK,ND)=RHOCAP/THCYCL(LK,ND)
  RHO(LK,ND)=RAMDA(LK,ND)*THCYCL(LK,ND)
230 CONTINUE
240 CONTINUE
  IF (DTLOCK(LK,1).LE.0.OR.DTLOCK(LK,2).LE.0) GO TO 234
C
C CALCULATE THE VARIANCE IN THE LOCK CYCLE TIME
  VARTH(LK,1)=AVGVAR(LK,1)+(1-RHO(LK,2))*2.0
  + $VARTNB+RHO(LK,2)*2*AVGVAR(LK,2)
  SDEV(LK,1)=VARTH(LK,1)*0.5
  VARTH(LK,2)=AVGVAR(LK,2)+(1-RHO(LK,1))*2.0
  + $VARTNB+RHO(LK,1)*2*AVGVAR(LK,1)
  SDEV(LK,2)=VARTH(LK,2)*0.5
234 CONTINUE
C
C RETURN
C END
C
C *****
C
C SUBROUTINE QUEMOD(LK,MN,IS,CALFAC,LU)
C
C IMPLICIT INTEGER (I)
C
C
C THE QUEUEING MODULE CALCULATES THE QUEUE LENGTH AND THE WAITING TIME
C
  COMMON/QUECOM/CAGOC(6,12),DBTRN(12,3,14),DLTRN(12,3,14),
  + DM(14),UT(12,3,14),IDBTRN(12,3),ICTRNP(6,12,2),IDLTRN(12,3),
  + INRS(14),ILTR(3,12),IRHO(4,14),ISDEV(4,2,14),ISYSTN(14),
  + ITLTR(3,12),ITMCST(15,12,4),ITMCYC(4,2,14),ITOT(3,3),
  + ITOTC(2,6),ITTCST(12,3),QUE(4,2,14),TOTDB(3,14),TOTDL(3,14),
  + TOTDT(3,14),WTQH(4,2,14),XDBTRN(12,2),XDLTRN(12,2),
  COMMON/Q/ARTAR(12,2),ARTCL(2),AKTPOE(2),AVGVAR(4,2),
  + CAPCTY(4,2),CUTF(4,2),DTLOCK(4,2),LMAX(12),LMIN(12),
  + MONRAY(14),POEAR(12,2),POECL(2),RAMDA(4,2),RHO(4,2),RPMCL(2),
  + SABAR(12,2),SDEV(4,2),SHIP(12,6),SODAR(4,12,2),TBAL(14,12),
  + TBALT(12),TDCST(4,12),DFCX(5,4),TIMES(14),TLOAD(14,12),
  + TLOADT(12),THCYCL(4,2),TMEAN(4,2),TTI(14),
  + VARTH(4,2),TLOCNH(4,2),DAVAR(12,2)
C
  DO 242 ND=1,2
    IF (DTLOCK(LK,1).LE.0.OR.DTLOCK(LK,2).LE.0) GO TO 235
    WTC=(RAMDA(LK,ND)*2*VARTH(LK,ND)+RHO(LK,ND)*2
    + WTQH(LK,ND,MN)=WTU/(RAMDA(LK,ND)*2*(1.0-RHO(LK,ND)))
    QUE(LK,ND,MN)=WTQH(LK,ND,MN)*RAMDA(LK,ND)
    WTQH(LK,ND,MN)=WTQH(LK,ND,MN)/60.
    GOTO 942
235 CONTINUE
    THCYCL(LK,ND)=0.00000001
    WTQH(LK,ND,MN)=0.
    QUE(LK,ND,MN)=0.
    RHO(LK,ND)=0.
    CUTF(LK,ND)=0.
    CAPCTY(LK,ND)=0.
    VARTH(LK,ND)=0.
    SDEV(LK,ND)=0.
942 CONTINUE
C
C MULTIPLY THE WAITING TIME BY THE NUMBER OF NON-CONSTRAINING LOCKS
  IF (IS.NE.1.AND.LK.EQ.2) WTQH(LK,ND,MN)=WTQH(LK,ND,MN)
  + $CALFAC
  + IF (IS.NE.1.AND.LK.EQ.2) QUE(LK,ND,MN)=QUE(LK,ND,MN)*
  + CALFAC
  ITMCYC(LK,ND,MN)=THCYCL(LK,ND)+0.5
  ISDEV(LK,ND,MN)=SDEV(LK,ND)+0.5
  IF (IS.NE.1.AND.LK.EQ.2) GO TO 243
C
C IF MAXIMUM LOCK UTILIZATION IS REACHED, CUT OFF THE TRANSITS
  DO 250 LC=3,LU
    SODAR(LK,LC,ND)=SODAR(LK,LC,ND)*CUTF(LK,ND)
250 CONTINUE
243 CONTINUE

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242 CONTINUE
C      RETU: N
      END
C
C *****
C
      SUBROUTINE CARTON(LU,LK,MN,IS,SYSFAC,SYSDADD,SYSTIM,IROSUM)
C
      IMPLICIT INTEGER (1)
C
C      THE CARGO TONNAGE MODULE CALCULATES THE PROJECTED
C      AND THE ACTUAL CARGO TONNAGES PROCESSED BY THE LUCKS
C
      COMMON /PRJCOM/ IPCARG(3,15,15),PCARG(3,15,6)
      COMMON /CARGCH/ CAGUCH(6,14),SOK(12,12,14)
      COMMON /CALCON/ ADDIRN(6,12,2),CARGOP(6,2,80),
      + CTRAN(6,12,4),CTRNP(6,12,2),EXTPT(6,2,80),HRS(14,4,6),
      + TMLCK(12,2,4),USA(14,12,4)
      COMMON /MINARY/ BASEFT(6,12),CC(6,12),DFA(14,4),DISTN(2,6),
      + EMPTY(6,12),FILL(6,12),FLEETN(6,12),FLOAD(6),HRSYK(6),
      + PO(80,12),REDFT(12),ID(12,14),TRIPYR(6,12),VSM(12,6),
      + WDIST(6),ZRMF(12),AUDDCT(6,12),CAPINC(12)
      COMMON /QUECON/ CAGOCL(6,12),DBTRN(12,3,14),DLTRN(12,3,14),
      + DM(14),DT(12,3,14),IDLTRN(12,3),ICTRNP(6,12,2),IDLTRN(12,3),
      + IHRS(14),ILTR(3,12),IRMO(4,14),ISDEV(4,2,14),ISYSTN(14),
      + ILTR(3,12),ITHCST(15,12,4),IHCYC(4,2,14),ITOT(3,3),
      + ITOTC(2,6),ITTCST(12,3),QUE(4,2,14),TOTDR(3,14),TUTDL(3,14),
      + TOTDT(3,14),WTQM(4,2,14),XUBTRN(12,2),XDLTRN(12,2)
      COMMON /Q/ARTAR(12,2),ARTCL(2),AKTPOE(2),AVGVAR(4,2),
      + CAPCTY(4,2),CUTF(4,2),DTLOCK(4,2),LMAX(12),LMIN(12),
      + MONRAY(14),POEAR(12,2),POECL(2),RAMUA(4,2),RHO(4,2),RPMCL(2),
      + SABAR(12,2),SDEV(4,2),SHIP(12,6),SODAR(4,12,2),TBAL(14,12),
      + TBALT(12),TDCST(4,12),TDFCX(5,4),TIMES(14),TLOAD(14,12),
      + TLOADT(12),THCYCL(4,2),TMEAN(4,2),T(I(14),
      + VARTH(4,2),TLOCKN(4,2),UAVAR(12,2)
C
      DIMENSION IROSUM(4)
C
      TCAGO=0.
      DO 450 MC=1,6
      CAGUCH(MC,MN)=0
      UO 2349 ND=1,2
      PCARG(ND,MN,MC)=0
2349      CONTINUE
      DO 2312 LC=4,LU
      CAGOCL(MC,LC)=0
      UO 2313 ND=1,2

      LK=1
      IF (IS.NE.1) GO TO 2964
      IF (LU.LE.10.AND.LC.GE.8) LK=2
      IF (LU.GE.11.AND.LC.LE.7) LK=2
      IF (LU.GE.11.AND.LC.GE.8) LK=3
      IF (LU.GE.11.AND.LC.GE.11) LK=4
2964      ACARGO=CTRNP(MC,LC,ND)*CC(MC,LC)*CUTF(LK,ND)
      CAGOCL(MC,LC)=CAGOCL(MC,LC)+ACARGO#FLOAD(MC)
2313      CONTINUE
      CAGUCL(MC,LC)=CAGOCL(MC,LC)/1000.
      CAGUCH(MC,MN)=CAGUCH(MC,MN)+CAGOCL(MC,LC)
      PCARG(1,MN,MC)=PCARG(1,MN,MC)+CTRNP(MC,LC,2)
      + *CC(MC,LC)*FLOAD(MC)/1000.0
      PCARG(2,MN,MC)=PCARG(2,MN,MC)+CTRNP(MC,LC,1)
      + *CC(MC,LC)*FLOAD(MC)/1000.0
2312      CONTINUE
      PCARG(3,MN,MC)=PCARG(1,MN,MC)+PCARG(2,MN,MC)
450      CONTINUE
      DO 2314 LC=4,LU
      SOR(1,LC,MN)=SODAR(1,LC,2)
      SOR(2,LC,MN)=SODAR(1,LC,1)
      SOR(4,LC,MN)=SODAR(2,LC,2)
      SOR(5,LC,MN)=SODAR(2,LC,1)
      SOR(7,LC,MN)=SODAR(3,LC,2)
      SOR(8,LC,MN)=SODAR(3,LC,1)
      SOR(10,LC,MN)=SODAR(4,LC,2)
      SOR(11,LC,MN)=SODAR(4,LC,1)
      DO 2237 MC=1,6
      ICTRNP(MC,LC,1)=ICTRNP(MC,LC,1)+IFIX(CTRNP(
      + MC,LC,2)+0.5)
      ICTRNP(MC,LC,2)=ICTRNP(MC,LC,2)+IFIX(CTRNP(
      + MC,LC,1)+0.5)
2237      CONTINUE
2314      CONTINUE
      IF (IS.EQ.1.AND.LU.GE.12) GO TO 2241

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      IRHO(1,MN) = RHO(1,1)*100+0.5
      IF( RHO(1,2).GE.RHO(1,1) ) IRHO(1,MN)=RHO(1,2)*100+0.5
2241 IRHO(2,MN)=RHO(2,1)*100+0.5
      IF( RHO(2,2).GE.RHO(2,1) ) IRHO(2,MN)=RHO(2,2)*100+0.5
      IF( IS.NE.1)GO TO 964
      IRHO(3,MN)=RHO(3,1)*100+0.5
      IF( RHO(3,2).GE.RHO(3,1) ) IRHO(3,MN)=RHO(3,2)*100+0.5
      IF (LU .LE. 10) GO TO 991
      IRHO(4,MN)= RHO(4,1)*100+0.5
      IF (IRHO(4,2) .UF. IRHO(4,1)) IRHO(4,MN)= RHO(4,2)*100+0.5
      GO TO 991
964 CONTINUE
      SYSTUP=TCYCL(1,2)/120.+SYSFAC*TCYCL(2,2)/120.+SYSADD
      + WTQM(1,2,MN)+WTUM(2,2,MN)
      SYSTDN=TCYCL(1,1)/120.+SYSFAC*TCYCL(2,1)/120.+SYSADD
      + WTQM(1,1,MN)+WTUM(2,1,MN)
      ISYST(MN)=(SYSTUP+SYSTDN+SYSTIN*TTI(MN))/0.5
      SYSQUE=(QUE(1,1,MN)+QUE(1,2,MN)+QUE(2,1,MN)+QUE(2,2,
      + MN))/2.0
991 CONTINUE
      IF (IS .NE. 1) GO TO 2242
      UD 2243 LK1= 1.4
      IF (LU .GE. 12 .AND. LK1 .EQ. 1) GO TO 2243
      IF (LU .LE. 10 .AND. LK1 .EQ. 4) GO TO 2243
      IF (MN .GE. 6 .AND. MN .LE. 12) IROSUM(LK1)= IROSUM(LK1)+
      + IRHO(LK1,MN)
2243 CONTINUE
      GO TO 2244
2242 IF (MN .GE. 6 .AND. MN .LE. 12) IROSUM(1)= IROSUM(1)+IRHO(1,MN)
2244 CONTINUE
C
      RETURN
      END
C
C *****
C
      SUBROUTINE QUEUE(IKNT1,LU)
C
      IMPLICIT INTEGER (I)
C
C
C SUBPROGRAM QUEUE PRINTS THE CORRECT HEADINGS
C FOR THE QUEUEING TABLES
C
      1 FORMAT (/,43X,24H**** MACARTHUR LOCK ****)
      2 FORMAT (/,48X,18H**** PUE LOCK ****)
      3 FORMAT (/,40X,31H**** SABIN AND DAVIS LOCKS ****)
C
      IF (LU .GE. 11) GO TO 101
      IF( IKNT1.NE.1 ) GOTO 100
      WRITE(8,1)
      GO TO 300
100 CONTINUE
      IF( IKNT1.NE.2 ) GO TO 200
      WRITE(8,2)
      GO TO 300
200 CONTINUE
      WRITE(8,3)
      GO TO 300
101 IF (IKNT1 .NE. 1) GO TO 103
      WRITE (8,204)
      GO TO 300
103 IF (IKNT1 .NE. 2) GO TO 104
      WRITE (8,1)
      GO TO 300
104 IF (IKNT1 .NE. 3) GO TO 105
      WRITE (8,2)
      GO TO 300
105 IF (IKNT1 .NE. 4) GO TO 300
      WRITE (8,106)
204 FORMAT (/,45X,20H**** SABIN LOCK ****)
106 FORMAT (/,43X,24H**** NEW DAVIS LOCK ****)
300 CONTINUE
C
      RETURN
      END
C
C *****
C
      SUBROUTINE SESONS(ISN,FACTOR,CAREX,EXTP,TDIN,DIN)
C
      IMPLICIT INTEGER (I)
C

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C SUBPROGRAM SESONS ASSIGNS THE CORRECT CARGO TONNAGE POTENTIAL
C TO THE CARGO TONNAGE WORKING VARIABLE DEPENDING ON THE SEASON
C EXTENSION
C
COMMON /CALCOM/ ADDIRN(6,12,2),CARGOP(6,2,80),
+ CTRAN(6,12,4),CTRNPM(6,12,2),EXTPT(6,2,80),HRS(14,4,6),
+ TMLOCK(12,2,4),VSA(14,12,4)
COMMON /PRELIM/ IIT(3),ISES(4),JLTH(3)

C DIMENSION CAREX(6,2,80),EXTP(6,2,80),VIN(14,4)
C
DO 1 IRINC=6,80,2
  IF(IRINC.EQ.14) IR=15
  IF(IRINC.EQ.14) GO TO 9820
  IR=IRINC
  DO 2 ND= 1,2
    DO 3 MC= 1,6
      CARGOP(MC,ND,IR)= CAREX(MC,ND,IR)
C INCREASE THE CARGO TONNAGE PROJECTIONS BY THE CARGO TONNAGE MULTIPLIER
      CARGOP(MC,ND,IR)= CARGOP(MC,ND,IR)* FACTOR
    3 CONTINUE
  2 CONTINUE
  IF(IR.EQ.15) GO TO 9821
1 CONTINUE

C GET THE DESIRED CARGO POTENTIAL ASSIGNED TO THE WORKING VARIABLE
C FOR THE CARGO POTENTIAL
C
TDIN=0
DO 997 MN=1,14
  TDIN=TDIN+DIN(MN,ISN)
997 CONTINUE

C RETURN
C END

C *****
C SUBROUTINE TLOCMT(TLTML,LU,IS)
C
C IMPLICIT INTEGER (I)
C
C SUBPROGRAM TLOCMT ASSIGNS THE CORRECT LUCKING TIME RANGE TO
C THE LUCKING TIME WORKING VARIABLE
C
COMMON /CALCOM/ ADDIRN(6,12,2),CARGOP(6,2,80),
+ CTRAN(6,12,4),CTRNPM(6,12,2),EXTPT(6,2,80),HRS(14,4,6),
+ TMLOCK(12,2,4),VSA(14,12,4)
C
C DIMENSION TLTML(12,2,2)
C
DO 1 LC=4,LU
  DO 2 ND=1,2
    IF (IS .EQ. 1) TMLOCK(LC,ND,3)= TLTML(LC,ND,3)
    IF (IS .NE. 1) TMLOCK(LC,ND,1)= TLTML(LC,ND,1)
    IF (IS.NE.3 )TMLOCK(LC,ND,2)=TLTML(LC,ND,2)
  2 CONTINUE
1 CONTINUE

C RETURN
C END

C *****
C SUBROUTINE READIN (ISYST,IS,LU,KU,FACTOR,CALFAC,SYSFAC,
+ SYSADD,SYSTIM,BTF4,BTF5,BTF13,BTF14,DFCX,IUEBUG,CARF)
C
C IMPLICIT INTEGER (I)
C
C SUBPROGRAM READIN READS THE APPROPRIATE DATA FILE
C
COMMON /CALCOM/ ADDIRN(6,12,2),CARGOP(6,2,80),
+ CTRAN(6,12,4),CTRNPM(6,12,2),EXTPT(6,2,80),HRS(14,4,6),
+ TMLOCK(12,2,4),VSA(14,12,4)
COMMON /MINARY/ BASEFT(6,12),CC(6,12),DFA(14,4),DISTN(2,6),
+ EMPTY(6,12),FILL(6,12),FLEETN(6,12),FLOAD(6),HRSYK(6),
+ PD(80,12),REDFT(12),TDF(12,14),TRIPYR(6,12),VSH(12,6),
+ MDIST(6),ZBNF(12),ADUPCT(6,12),CAPINC(12)
COMMON /PRELIM/ IIT(3),ISES(4),JLTH(3)
COMMON /DAT1/ BTF(14,4),CAREX1(6,2,80),CAREX2(6,2,80),
+ UATH(14),DIN(14,4),DIST(6),
+ EXTP1(6,2,80),EXTP2(6,2,80),
+ IZRM(12),LYEAR(80),UDAYS(12),PCRF(14,2),SCOST(12),STDEV(12,2,4),
+ TLTML2(12,2,4),TLTML3(12,2,4),TURNBK(4),UNLOAD(12),XCAP(12),
+ XSHIP(12),ZB(12),GBAL(12),GLOAD(12)

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COMMON /COMMON/ WHEAT(80,3),SOY(80,3),BLYRYE(80,3),CORN(80,3),
+ OILSD(80,3),ALMSTN(80,3),AIRORE(80,3),RAWMAT(80,3),
+ COAL(80,3),PETROL(80,3),UNKYBLA(80,3),GENCAR(80,3),
+ STLPRD(80,3),GRAIN(80,3),STUM(80,3),ORE(80,3),BULK(80,3),
+ GNCAR(80,3),CEMENT(80,3),AMIN(80,3)

C
  DIMENSION TDFCX(5,4)
  DIMENSION CARF(3,15,80)

C
  LOGICAL IDEBUG

C
  5 FORMAT (1X)
  603 FORMAT(/)

C
C ***** MAXIMUM VESSEL CLASS IN *****
  READ(ISYST,506) LU
  506 FORMAT (I2)
  IF ( IDEBUG ) WRITE (9,506) LU
C ***** SEASON EXTENSION IN *****
  READ(ISYST,507) (ISES(I),I=1,4)
  IF( IDEBUG )WRITE(9,507) (ISES(I),I=1,4)
  507 FORMAT (I1,3(1X,I1))
C ***** LUCKING TIMES IN *****
  READ(ISYST,996) (ILTH(I),I=1,3)
  IF( IDEBUG )WRITE(9,996) (ILTH(I),I=1,3)
  996 FORMAT (I1,2(1X,I1))
C ***** ZBMF, FACTORS IN *****
  READ(ISYST,14) (ZBMF(LC),LC=4,LU)
  IF( IDEBUG )WRITE(9,14) (ZBMF(LC),LC=4,LU)
  READ(ISYST,1517) FACTOR,CALFAC,SYFAC,SYFADD,SYSTIM
  IF( IDEBUG )WRITE(9,1517) FACTOR,CALFAC,SYFAC,SYFADD,SYSTIM
  14 FORMAT (8(F4.2,1X))
  1517 FORMAT(2(F4.2,1X),3(F5.2,1X))
  IF( IDEBUG )WRITE(9,603)
C ***** READ IN THE FLEET MIX FACTORS
C SHIP BUILDING FACTORS
  READ (ISYST,603)
  READ(ISYST,7700) ((ADDPCT(MC,LC),MC=1,6),LC=4,LU)
  IF( IDEBUG )WRITE(9,7700)((ADDPCT(MC,LC),MC=1,6),LC=4,LU)
  7700 FORMAT (6F6.2)
C ***** CC IN
  READ (ISYST,603)
  IF (IS.EQ.1)READ(ISYST,602)((CC(MC,LC),LC=4,LU),MC=1,3)
  IF (IS.NE.1.AND. IDEBUG )WRITE(9,602)((CC(MC,LC),LC=4,LU),
  + MC=1,3)
  602 FORMAT(4(F6.0,1X))
  IF (IS.EQ.1)READ(ISYST,7)((CC(MC,LC),LC=4,LU),MC=1,3)
  IF (IS.EQ.1 .AND. IDEBUG )WRITE(9,7)((CC(MC,LC),LC=4,LU),MC=1,3)
  7 FORMAT(7F7.0)
C ***** TDF IN *****
  READ(ISYST,603)
  IF( IDEBUG )WRITE(9,603)
  READ(ISYST,8)((TDF(LC,MN),MN=1,14),LC=1,3)
  IF( IDEBUG )WRITE(9,8)((TDF(LC,MN),MN=1,14),LC=1,3)
  8 FORMAT(14F5.3)
C ***** READ IN THE PROJECTED COMMODITY TONNAGES *****
  DO 8000 J=1,9
    J1=J-1
    IF(J1.EQ.0) IR=8
    IF(J1.EQ.1) IR=15
    IF(J1.GE.2) IR=J1*10
    DO 8030 ND= 1,2
      READ (ISYST,603)
      READ(ISYST,8040) WHEAT(IR,ND),SOY(IR,ND),
      + BLYRYE(IR,ND),CORN(IR,ND),OILSD(IR,ND),
      + ALMSTN(IR,ND),AIRORE(IR,ND),
      + RAWMAT(IR,ND),COAL(IR,ND),PETROL(IR,ND),
      + CEMENT(IR,ND),AMIN(IR,ND),
      + DRYBLK(IR,ND),GENCAR(IR,ND),
      + STLPRD(IR,ND)
      8040 FORMAT (10F8.0,/,5F8.0)
      IF ( IDEBUG ) WRITE (9,8040) WHEAT(IR,ND),
      + SOY(IR,ND),BLYRYE(IR,ND),CORN(IR,ND),
      + OILSD(IR,ND),ALMSTN(IR,ND),AIRORE(IR,ND),
      + RAWMAT(IR,ND),COAL(IR,ND),PETROL(IR,ND),
      + CEMENT(IR,ND),AMIN(IR,ND),DRYBLK(IR,ND),
      + GENCAR(IR,ND),STLPRD(IR,ND)
      8030 CONTINUE
C CALCULATE THE TOTAL DEMAND FOR EACH COMMODITY
  WHEAT(IR,3)= WHEAT(IR,1)+ WHEAT(IR,2)
  SOY(IR,3)= SOY(IR,1)+ SOY(IR,2)
  BLYRYE(IR,3)= BLYRYE(IR,1)+ BLYRYE(IR,2)
  CORN(IR,3)= CORN(IR,1)+ CORN(IR,2)
  OILSD(IR,3)= OILSD(IR,1)+ OILSD(IR,2)

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      ALMSTN(IR,3)= ALMSTN(IR,1)+ ALMSTN(IR,2)
      AIRORE(IR,3)= AIRORE(IR,1)+ AIRORE(IR,2)
      RAWMAT(IR,3)= RAWMAT(IR,1)+ RAWMAT(IR,2)
      PETROL(IR,3)= PETROL(IR,1)+ PETROL(IR,2)
      CEMENT(IR,3)= CEMENT(IR,1)+ CEMENT(IR,2)
      AMIN(IR,3)= AMIN(IR,1)+ AMIN(IR,2)
      DRYBLK(IR,3)= DRYBLK(IR,1)+ DRYBLK(IR,2)
      GENCAR(IR,3)= GENCAR(IR,1)+ GENCAR(IR,2)
      STLPRD(IR,3)= STLPRD(IR,1)+ STLPRD(IR,2)
C  CONVERT TO THE SIX MAJOR COMMODITY GROUPS
      DO 8031 ND= 1,3
      GRAIN(IR,ND)= WHEAT(IR,ND)+ SOY(IR,ND)+
+      BLYRYE(IR,ND)+ CORN(IR,ND)+ OILSD(IR,ND)
      STONE(IR,ND)= ALMSTN(IR,ND)
      ORE(IR,ND)= AIROPE(IR,ND)
      BULK(IR,ND)= RAWMAT(IR,ND)+
+      PETROL(IR,ND)+ CEMENT(IR,ND)+
+      AMIN(IR,ND)+ DRYBLK(IR,ND)
      GNCAR(IR,ND)= GENCAR(IR,ND)+STLPRD(IR,ND)
      8031 CONTINUE
C  ASSIGN THE CARGO PROJECTIONS TO THE CORRECT WORKING VARIABLE
      IF (ISES(1) .EQ. 1) GO TO 8888
      DO 8050 ND= 1,2
      CAREX2(1,ND,IR)= UKE(IR,ND)
      CAREX2(2,ND,IR)= CUAL(IR,ND)
      CAREX2(3,ND,IR)= STONE(IR,ND)
      CAREX2(4,ND,IR)= GRAIN(IR,ND)
      CAREX2(5,ND,IR)= MULA(IR,ND)
      CAREX2(6,ND,IR)= GNCAR(IR,ND)
      EXTP2(4,ND,IR)= 0.0
      EXTP2(6,ND,IR)= 0.0
      8050 CONTINUE
      GO TO 8889
      8888 DO 8887 ND= 1,2
      CAREX1(1,ND,IR)= ORE(IR,ND)
      CAREX1(2,ND,IR)= CUAL(IR,ND)
      CAREX1(3,ND,IR)= STONE(IR,ND)
      CAREX1(4,ND,IR)= GRAIN(IR,ND)
      CAREX1(5,ND,IR)= BULK(IR,ND)
      CAREX1(6,ND,IR)= GNCAR(IR,ND)
      EXTP1(4,ND,IR)= 0.0
      EXTP1(6,ND,IR)= 0.0
      8887 CONTINUE
C  CALCULATE FRACTIONS OF THE MAJOR COMMODITY GROUPS FOR EACH
C  INDIVIDUAL COMMODITY
      8889 DO 8800 N=1,3
      IF (N .EQ. 1) ND1= 2
      IF (N .EQ. 2) ND1= 1
      IF (N .EQ. 3) ND1= 3
      IF (GRAIN(IR,ND1) .LT. 0.5) GO TO 8801
      CARF(N,1,IR)= WHEAT(IR,ND1)/GRAIN(IR,
+      ND1)
      CARF(N,2,IR)= SOY(IR,ND1)/GRAIN(IR,
+      ND1)
      CARF(N,3,IR)= BLYRYE(IR,ND1)/GRAIN(IR,
+      ND1)
      CARF(N,4,IR)= CORN(IR,ND1)/GRAIN(IR,
+      ND1)
      CARF(N,5,IR)= OILSD(IR,ND1)/GRAIN(IR,
+      ND1)
      GO TO 8802
      8801 DO 8803 K= 1,5
      CARF(N,K,IR)= 0.0
      8803 CONTINUE
      8802 CARF(N,6,IR)= 1.0
      CARF(N,7,IR)= 1.0
      CARF(N,8,IR)= 1.0
      IF (BULK(IR,ND1) .LT. 0.5) GO TO 8804
      CARF(N,9,IR)= RAWMAT(IR,ND1)/BULK(IR,
+      ND1)
      CARF(N,10,IR)= PETROL(IR,ND1)/BULK(IR,
+      ND1)
      CARF(N,11,IR)= CEMENT(IR,ND1)/BULK(IR,
+      ND1)
      CARF(N,12,IR)= AMIN(IR,ND1)/BULK(IR,
+      ND1)
      CARF(N,13,IR)= DRYBLK(IR,ND1)/BULK(IR,
+      ND1)
      GO TO 8805
      8804 DO 8806 K= 9,13
      CARF(N,K,IR)= 0.0
      8806 CONTINUE
      8805 IF (GNCAR(IR,ND1) .LT. 0.5) GO TO 8807
      CARF(N,14,IR)= GENCAR(IR,ND1)/GNCAR(IR,
+      ND1)

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      CARF(N,15,IR)= STLPRD(IR,ND1)/UNCAR(IR,
+      ND1)
      GO TO 8800
8807      DO 8808 K= 14,15
          CARF(N,K,IR)= 0.0
8808      CONTINUE
8800      CONTINUE
8000 CONTINUE
C ***** HOURS IN
  READ(ISYST,603)
  IF( IDEBUG )WRITE(9,603)
  READ(ISYST,21)(DATH(MN),MN=1,14)
  IF( IDEBUG )WRITE(9,21)(DATH(MN),MN=1,14)
  21 FORMAT (14(F4.1,1X))
C ***** TMLOCK IN
  READ(ISYST,603)
  IF( IDEBUG )WRITE(9,603)
  IF(IS.EQ.1)READ(ISYST,22)((TMLOCK(LC,ND,J),LC=4,LU),ND=1,
+  2),J=1,2)
  IF(IS.EQ.1 .AND. IDEBUG )WRITE(9,22)((TMLOCK(LC,ND,J),LC=4,LU),
+  ND=1,2),J=1,2)
  IF(IS.NE.1)READ(ISYST,753)((TMLOCK(LC,ND,J),LC=4,LU),ND=1,
+  2),J=1,2)
  IF(IS.NE.1 .AND. IDEBUG )WRITE(9,753)((TMLOCK(LC,ND,J),LC=4,LU),
+  ND=1,2),J=1,2)
  753 FORMAT(4(F5.0,1X))
  22 FORMAT(7F6.1)
  READ(ISYST,603)
  IF( IDEBUG )WRITE(9,603)
  IF( IS.EQ.1 ) READ(ISYST,22)((TLTML2(LC,ND,1),LC=4,LU),ND=1,2)
  IF( IS.EQ.1 .AND. IDEBUG )WRITE(9,22)((TLTML2(LC,ND,1),LC=4,LU),
+  ND=1,2)
  IF( IS.NE.1 ) READ(ISYST,753)((TLTML2(LC,ND,J),LC=4,LU),
+  ND=1,2),J=1,2)
  IF( IS.NE.1 .AND. IDEBUG )WRITE(9,753)((TLTML2(LC,ND,J),LC=4,LU),
+  ND=1,2),J=1,2)
  READ(ISYST,603)
  IF( IDEBUG )WRITE(9,603)
  IF(IS.EQ.1) READ(ISYST,22)((TLTML3(LC,ND,1),LC=4,LU),ND=1,2)
  IF(IS.EQ.1 .AND. IDEBUG )WRITE(9,22)((TLTML3(LC,ND,1),LC=4,LU),
+  ND=1,2)
  IF(IS.NE.1) READ(ISYST,753)((TLTML3(LC,ND,J),LC=4,LU),
+  ND=1,2),J=1,2)
  IF(IS.NE.1 .AND. IDEBUG )WRITE(9,753)((TLTML3(LC,ND,J),LC=4,LU),
+  ND=1,2),J=1,2)
C ***** ST. DEV IN
  READ(ISYST,603)
  IF( IDEBUG )WRITE(9,603)
  IF(IS.EQ.1)READ(ISYST,22)((STDEV(LC,ND,J),LC=4,LU),ND=1,
+  2),J=1,2)
  IF(IS.EQ.1 .AND. IDEBUG )WRITE(9,22)((STDEV(LC,ND,J),LC=4,LU),
+  ND=1,2),J=1,2)
  IF(IS.NE.1)READ(ISYST,754)((STDEV(LC,ND,J),LC=4,LU),ND=1,
+  2),J=1,2)
  IF(IS.NE.1 .AND. IDEBUG )WRITE(9,754)((STDEV(LC,ND,J),LC=4,LU),
+  ND=1,2),J=1,2)
  754 FORMAT(4(F5.1,1X))
  IF(IS.NE.1) GO TO 1001
  DO 1002 LC=4,LU
      DO 1003 ND=1,2
          TMLOCK(LC,ND,3)=TMLOCK(LC,ND,2)
          TLTML2(LC,ND,3)=TLTML2(LC,ND,2)
          TLTML3(LC,ND,3)=TLTML3(LC,ND,2)
          STDEV(LC,ND,3)=STDEV(LC,ND,2)
  1003      CONTINUE
  1002 CONTINUE
  1001 CONTINUE
C ***** VALIDATION BTF IN *****
  READ(ISYST,603)
  IF( IDEBUG )WRITE(9,603)
  READ(ISYST,700)BTF4,BTF5,BTF13,BTF14
  IF( IDEBUG )WRITE(9,700)BTF4,BTF5,BTF13,BTF14
  700 FORMAT(4(F5.2,1X))
C ***** TURNBK IN
  READ(ISYST,603)
  IF( IDEBUG )WRITE(9,603)
  READ(ISYST,23)(TURNBK(LK),LK=1,KU)
  IF( IDEBUG )WRITE(9,23)(TURNBK(LK),LK=1,KU)
  23 FORMAT(3(F5.0,1X))
  READ(ISYST,603)
  IF( IDEBUG )WRITE(9,603)
C ***** XSHIP IN *****
  READ(ISYST,25)(XSHIP(LC),LC=4,LU)
  IF( IDEBUG )WRITE(9,25)(XSHIP(LC),LC=4,LU)

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25 FORMAT(8F8.0)
C ***** XCAP IN *****
READ(ISYST,25)(XCAP(LC),LC=4,LU)
IF( IDEBUG )WRITE(9,25)(XCAP(LC),LC=4,LU)
C ***** NON-C IN
READ(ISYST,603)
IF( IDEBUG )WRITE(9,603)
READ(ISYST,617)((PCRF(MN,ND),MN=1,14),ND=1,2)
IF( IDEBUG )WRITE(9,617)((PCRF(MN,ND),MN=1,14),ND=1,2)
617 FORMAT(14(F4.1,1X))
C ***** FLOAD IN
READ(ISYST,603)
IF( IDEBUG )WRITE(9,603)
READ(ISYST,618)(FLOAD(MC),MC=1,6)
IF( IDEBUG )WRITE(9,618)(FLOAD(MC),MC=1,6)
618 FORMAT(6F4.2)
C ***** DISTN IN *****
READ(ISYST,603)
IF( IDEBUG )WRITE(9,603)
READ(ISYST,629)((DISTN(ND,MC),MC=1,6),ND=1,2)
IF( IDEBUG )WRITE(9,629)((DISTN(ND,MC),MC=1,6),ND=1,2)
629 FORMAT(6F7.1)
C ***** FILL IN *****
READ(ISYST,603)
IF( IDEBUG )WRITE(9,603)
READ(ISYST,629)((FILL(MC,LC),MC=1,6),LC=4,LU)
IF( IDEBUG )WRITE(9,629)((FILL(MC,LC),MC=1,6),LC=4,LU)
C ***** EMPTY IN *****
READ(ISYST,603)
IF( IDEBUG )WRITE(9,603)
READ(ISYST,629)((EMPTY(MC,LC),MC=1,6),LC=4,LU)
IF( IDEBUG )WRITE(9,629)((EMPTY(MC,LC),MC=1,6),LC=4,LU)
C ***** HRS IN *****
READ(ISYST,603)
IF( IDEBUG )WRITE(9,603)
READ(ISYST,621)((HRS(MN,ISA,MC),MN=1,14),MC=1,6),ISA=1,4)
IF( IDEBUG )WRITE(9,621)((HRS(MN,ISA,MC),MN=1,14),MC=1,6),
+ ISA=1,4)
621 FORMAT(14F5.1)
C ***** USA IN *****
READ(ISYST,603)
IF( IDEBUG )WRITE(9,603)
READ(ISYST,313)((USA(MN,LC,ISA),MN=1,14),LC=4,LU),ISA=1,4)
IF( IDEBUG )WRITE(9,313)((USA(MN,LC,ISA),MN=1,14),LC=4,LU),
+ ISA=1,4)
C ***** DIN IN *****
READ(ISYST,603)
IF( IDEBUG )WRITE(9,603)
READ(ISYST,313)((DIN(MN,ISA),MN=1,14),ISA=1,4)
IF( IDEBUG )WRITE(9,313)((DIN(MN,ISA),MN=1,14),ISA=1,4)
313 FORMAT(14F5.2)
C ***** READ IN RETIREMENT PERCENTAGES *****
READ(ISYST,603)
DO 7710 J=1,9
J1=J-1
IF(J1.EQ.0) IR=8
IF(J1.EQ.1) IR=15
IF(J1.EQ.2) IR=J1*10
7730 IF( IS .EQ. 1 ) READ(ISYST,624)(PO(IR,LC),LC=4,LU)
IF( IS .EQ. 1 .AND. IDEBUG ) WRITE(9,624)(PO(IR,LC),
+ LC=4,LU)
IF( IS .NE. 1 ) READ(ISYST,787)(PO(IR,LC),LC=4,LU)
IF( IS .NE. 1 .AND. IDEBUG ) WRITE(9,787)(PO(IR,
+ LC),LC=4,LU)
7710 CONTINUE
787 FORMAT(4F5.2)
624 FORMAT(8F5.2)
C ***** BASEFT IN *****
READ(ISYST,603)
IF( IDEBUG )WRITE(9,603)
IF( IS.EQ.1 ) READ(ISYST,633)((BASEFT(MC,LC),LC=4,LU),MC=1,6)
IF( IS.EQ.1 .AND. IDEBUG ) WRITE(9,633)((BASEFT(MC,LC),LC=4,LU),
+ MC=1,6)
IF( IS.NE.1 ) READ(ISYST,634)((BASEFT(MC,LC),LC=4,LU),MC=1,6)
IF( IS.NE.1 .AND. IDEBUG ) WRITE(9,634)((BASEFT(MC,LC),LC=4,LU),
+ MC=1,6)
633 FORMAT(7F6.2)
634 FORMAT(4(F5.2,1X))
C ***** BTF IN *****
READ(ISYST,603)
IF( IDEBUG )WRITE(9,603)
READ(ISYST,313)((BTF(MN,ISA),MN=1,14),ISA=1,4)
IF( IDEBUG )WRITE(9,313)((BTF(MN,ISA),MN=1,14),ISA=1,4)
C ***** TUF CX IN *****

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      READ(ISYST,403)
      IF ( IDEBUG )WRITE(9,403)
      IF ( IS.EQ.1 )READ(ISYST,407)((TDFCX(M,I),M=1,3),I=2,4)
      IF ( IS.EQ.1 .AND. IDEBUG )WRITE(9,407)((TDFCX(M,I),M=1,3),I=2,4)
      IF ( IS.NE.1 )READ(ISYST,404)((TDFCX(M,I),M=1,5),I=2,4)
      IF ( IS.NE.1 .AND. IDEBUG )WRITE(9,404)((TDFCX(M,I),M=1,5),I=2,4)
407 FORMAT (3(F6.4,1X))
404 FORMAT (5(F6.4,1X))
C ***** READ INCREASES IN CAPACITY WITH DEPTH *****
      READ (ISYST,403)
      IF ( IDEBUG ) WRITE (9,403)
      READ (ISYST,9900) (CAPINC(LC),LC= 4,LU)
      IF ( IDEBUG ) WRITE (9,9900) (CAPINC(LC),LC=4,LU)
9900 FORMAT (11F7.2)
      DO 1518 LC=4,LU
          SCOST(LC)=XSHIP(LC)+XCAP(LC)
          CC(4,LC)=CC(2,LC)
          CC(5,LC)=CC(3,LC)
          CC(6,LC)=CC(3,LC)
          CC(3,LC)=CC(1,LC)
          GLOAD(LC)=0
          GBAL(LC)=0
          ZB(LC)=ZBMF(LC)
          IZBM(LC)=100*ZB(LC)+0.5
1518 CONTINUE
      DO 15 MN=1,14
          IF (IS.NE.1)GO TO 16
              TDF(4,MN)=TDF(1,MN)
              TDF(5,MN)=TDF(1,MN)
              TDF(6,MN)=TDF(2,MN)
              TDF(7,MN)=TDF(2,MN)
              TDF(8,MN)=TDF(2,MN)
              TDF(9,MN)=TDF(2,MN)
              TDF(10,MN)=TDF(3,MN)
              TDF(11,MN)=TDF(3,MN)
              GOTO 15
16      CONTINUE
              TDF(4,MN)=TDF(1,MN)
              TDF(6,MN)=TDF(1,MN)
              TDF(5,MN)=TDF(2,MN)
              TDF(7,MN)=TDF(2,MN)
15 CONTINUE
C
      RETURN
      END
C
C *****
C
      SUBROUTINE HEADER (IS,INUMB,IR,ISN,ILTML)
C
      IMPLICIT INTEGER (I)
C
C
C
      SUBPROGRAM HEADER PRINTS THE PAGE HEADING,
C
      PAGE NUMBERS AND INCLUDES CARRIAGE CONTROLS
C
      COMMON /MEDCOM/ INMD(14),IYR(80)
      INIEGER IL(3)
C
      DATA ILT / 4HNORM,4H LUM,4HHIGH /
C
      2 FORMAT (11,2X)
100 FORMAT(38X,36H***** UL/SLS LOCK CAPACITY MODEL ****,
+ 32X,5HPAGE ,12,4H OF ,12)
110 FORMAT (44X,25H***** SDO LOCK SYSTEM ****,25X,8A2,2X,4A2)
120 FORMAT (45X,23H***** WELAND CANAL ****,24X,8A2,2X,4A2)
130 FORMAT (41X,28H***** ST. LAWRENCE RIVER ****,25X,8A2,2X,4A2)
140 FORMAT (49X,5H***** ,14,5H ****,/
+ 32X22H***** SEASON EXTENSION ,11,16H LOCKING TIME ,A4,
+ 5H ****)
150 FORMAT(/)
C
      NEXPB=1
      INUMB = INUMB+1
      IPGS=9
      IF ( IS.EQ.1 ) IPGS=11
      WRITE(8,2) NEXPB
      WRITE(8,100)INUMB,IPGS
      IF ( IS.EQ.1 )WRITE(8,110)
      IF ( IS.EQ.2 )WRITE(8,120)
      IF ( IS.EQ.3 )WRITE(8,130)
      WRITE(8,140) IYR(IR),ISN,ILT(ILTML)
      WRITE(8,150)
C
      RETURN
      END

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SUBROUTINE OUTMOD(LC,LU,IS,INUMB,IR,ISN,ILINL,NEXPG,
+ ICAP,CARF)
C
C   IMPLICIT INTEGER (1)
C   DIMENSION SORTOL(12,14),SORTOT(3,14)
C
C THE OUTPUT MODULE CONTAINS 7 SUBPROGRAMS THAT PRINT 7 TABLES
C AND PRINTS 2 ADDITIONAL TABLES WITHIN THE MODULE BODY
C
COMMON /MEDCOM/ IBMO(14),IYR(80)
COMMON /QUECOM/ CAGOC(6,12),DBTRN(12,3,14),DLTRN(12,3,14),
+ UN(14),DT(12,3,14),IDBTRN(12,3),IDTRNP(6,12,2),IDLTRN(12,3),
+ IHRS(14),ILTR(3,12),IRMO(4,14),ISDEV(4,2,14),ISYSTN(14),
+ ITLTR(3,12),ITMCST(15,12,4),ITMCYC(4,2,14),ITOT(3,3),
+ ITOTC(2,4),ITTCT(12,3),QUE(4,2,14),TOTDB(3,14),TOTDL(3,14),
+ TOTDT(3,14),WTGN(4,2,14),XDBTRN(12,2),XDLTRN(12,2)
COMMON /ARTAR/ ARTCL(2),ARTPOE(2),AVGVAR(4,2),
+ CAPCTY(4,2),CTF(4,2),DTLUCK(4,2),LMAX(12),LMIN(12),
+ MONKA(14),POEAR(12,2),POECL(2),KAMUA(4,2),RHO(4,2),RPMCL(2),
+ SABAR(12,2),SDEV(4,2),SHIP(12,6),SODAR(4,12,2),TVAL(14,12),
+ TVAL(12),TDCST(4,12),TDCX(5,4),TIMES(14),TLOAD(14,12),
+ TLOADT(12),TMCYCL(4,2),TMEAN(4,2),TTI(14),
+ VARTH(4,2),TLOCKH(4,2),DAVAR(12,2)
COMMON /COMMOD/ WHEAT(80,3),SOY(80,3),BLYRYE(80,3),CORN(80,3),
+ OILSD(80,3),ALMSTN(80,3),AIDORE(80,3),KAMMAT(80,3),
+ COAL(80,3),PETROL(80,3),DRYBLK(80,3),GENCAR(80,3),
+ STLPDR(80,3),GRAIN(80,3),STONE(80,3),ORE(80,3),BULK(80,3),
+ GNCAR(80,3),CEMENT(80,3),AMIN(80,3)
COMMON /HINARY/ BASEFT(6,12),CC(6,12),DFA(14,4),DISTN(2,6),
+ EMPTY(6,12),FILL(6,12),FLEETN(6,12),FLOAD(6),HRSYR(6),
+ PO(80,12),REDFT(12),TDF(12,14),TRIPYR(6,12),VSM(12,6),
+ WDIST(6),ZBHF(12),ADDFCT(6,12),CAPINC(12)
COMMON /CARGCM/ CAGOCM(6,14),SOR(12,12,14)
C
C   DIMENSION CARF(3,15,80)
C
C   9 FORMAT(11)
795 FORMAT(2X,12,1X,6(1X,16,2X,16,4X))
757 FORMAT(5X,6(2X,5(1H-),3X,5(1H-),4X),/,
+ 1X,5HTOTAL,16,2X,16,4X,5(1X,16,2X,16,4X))
2259 FORMAT(///,16X,15HLOADED TRANSITS,23X,9HBALLASTED,
+ 9H TRANSITS,26X,5HTOTAL,/,
+ 20X,5HTOTAL,33X,5HTOTAL,34X,3HALL,/,
+ 1X,5HCLASS,2(10X,2HUP,10X,2HND,7X,5HTOTAL,2X),10X,2HUP,
+ 10X,2HND,7X,5HTOTAL)
2260 FORMAT(2X,12,2X,3(3X,2(19,3X),19,2X))
2263 FORMAT(4X,3(8X,2(6H-----,6X),6H-----))
2262 FORMAT(1X,5HTOTAL,3(3X,2(19,3X),19,2X))
110 FORMAT(11(/))
125 FORMAT(7(/))
113 FORMAT(33X,39H#### DAILY TRANSIT DEMAND BY MONTH AND ,
+ 10HCLASS ####,
+ 121 FORMAT(/,28X,A8,45X,A8)
122 FORMAT(2X,2(12X,2HUP,16X,2HND,13X,9HTOTAL ),/,
+ 1X,5HCLASS,6(18H LUAD BLST TOTAL ))
224 FORMAT(2X,12,6(2X,2(1X,F4.1),1X,F5.1))
225 FORMAT(4X,6(2X,2(1X,4H----),1X,5H-----),/,
+ 1X,5HTOTAL,6(2(1X,F4.1),1X,F5.1,2X))
118 FORMAT(50X,9HCONTINUED)
128 FORMAT(9(/))
123 FORMAT(7(/))
126 FORMAT(12(/))
2100 FORMAT(31X,25H#### YEARLY TRANSITS BY ,
+ 25HCOMMODITY AND CLASS ####,/,
+ 47X,15HLOADED TRANSITS,/,
+ 13X,3HORE,15X,4HCOAL,15X,5HSTONE,14X,5HGRAIN,12X,
+ 10HOTHER BULK,9X,9HGEN CARGO,/,
+ 1X,5HCLASS,5(4X,2HUP,6X,2HND,5X),4X,2HUP,6X,2HND)
C
C   INUMB= 0
C   WRITE(8,9) NEXPG
C   IF (IS.NE.1) GO TO 7791
C   DO 986 LC=3,LU
C     DO 985 MN=1,14
C       DO 987 K=3,12,3
C         SOR(K,LC,MN)=0
987 CONTINUE
C       DO 975 K=1,12
C         SOR(K,LC,MN)=IFIX(10.8 SOR(K,LC,MN)+ 0.5)*0.1
975 CONTINUE
985 CONTINUE

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984 CONTINUE
DO 984 MN=1,14
DO 983 LC=3,LU
DO 982 ND=1,2
SOR(3,LC,MN)=SOR(3,LC,MN)+SOR(NU,LC,MN)
SOR(6,LC,MN)=SOR(6,LC,MN)+SOR((ND+3),LC,MN)
SOR(9,LC,MN)=SOR(9,LC,MN)+SOR((ND+6),LC,MN)
SOR(12,LC,MN)=SOR(12,LC,MN)+SOR((NU+9),LC,MN)
982 CONTINUE
983 CONTINUE
984 CONTINUE
DO 7792 K=1,12
DO 7793 J=1,14
SORTOL(K,J)=0.0
7793 CONTINUE
7792 CONTINUE
DO 7794 J=1,14
DO 7795 K=1,12
DO 7796 LC=3,LU
SORTOL(K,J)=SORTOL(K,J)+SOR(K,LC,J)
7796 CONTINUE
7795 CONTINUE
7794 CONTINUE
GO TO 7797
7791 CONTINUE
DO 5 IA = 1,3
DO 7 IB=1,14
SORTOT(IA,IB)=0
7 CONTINUE
5 CONTINUE
DO 8 MN=1,14
DO 9 LC=3,LU
DO 10 ND=1,2
SOR(ND,LC,MN)=IFIX(10.*SOR(ND,LC,MN)+0.5)*0.1
10 CONTINUE
SOR(3,LC,MN)=SOR(1,LC,MN)+SOR(2,LC,MN)
DO 11 ND=1,3
SORTOT(ND,MN)=SORTOT(ND,MN)+SOR(ND,LC,MN)
11 CONTINUE
90 CONTINUE
8 CONTINUE
7797 CONTINUE
IPRINT=0
IF(IR.EQ.8) GO TO 7557
IF(IR.EQ.15) GO TO 7557
DO 7549 J=20,80,10
IF(IR.EQ.J) IPRINT=1
7549 CONTINUE
IF(IPRINT.EQ.1) GO TO 7557
IF(ICAP.GE.1) GO TO 7548
CALL QUETAB(IS,INUMB,IR,ISN,ILYHL,SORTOL,
+ SORTOT,LU)
GO TO 7552
7548 CONTINUE
IF(IR.GT.20) GO TO 7553
IF(IR.LT.15) GO TO 7554
YEAR=IR*1.0-15.0
DO 7555 N= 1,3
DO 7556 M= 1,15
CARF(N,M,IR)=CARF(N,M,15)+(YEAR/5.0)*(CARF(N,M,20)-CARF(N,M,15))
7556 CONTINUE
7555 CONTINUE
GO TO 7557
7554 YEAR=IR*1.0-8.0
DO 7558 N= 1,3
DO 7559 M= 1,15
CARF(N,M,IR)=CARF(N,M,8)+(YEAR/7.0)*(CARF(N,M,15)-CARF(N,M,8))
7559 CONTINUE
7558 CONTINUE
GO TO 7557
7553 DO 33 I=2,7
DO 32 J1=2,8,2
IYEAR=I*10+J1
IF(IR.EQ.IYEAR) IDEC=I*10
32 CONTINUE
33 CONTINUE
IDEC1=IDEC+10
YEAR=(IR-IDEC)*1.0
DO 7561 N= 1,3
DO 7562 M=1,15
CARF(N,M,IR)=CARF(N,M,IDEC)+(YEAR/10.0)*(CARF(N,M,IDEC1)
+CARF(N,M,IDEC))
7562 CONTINUE
7561 CONTINUE
7557 CONTINUE

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C ***** PROJECTED CARGO TABLE *****
C ***** FLEET MIX TABLE *****
C ***** VESSEL CHARACTERISTICS TABLE *****
C
    CALL PROJCR (IS,INUMB,IR,ISN,ILTML,CARF)
    CALL MIX (LU,IS,INUMB,IR,ISN,ILTML,SHIP)
    CALL VESCHR (IS,LU,LMIN,LMAX)
C
C ***** YEARLY TRANSITS TABLE *****
C
    DO 2361 IA=1,LU
      DO 2362 IB=1,2
        ILTR(IB,IA)=0
        ITLTR(IB,IA)=0
        IDBTRN(IA,IB)=0
        IDLTRN(IA,IB)=0
        XDBTRN(IA,IB)=0
        XDLTRN(IA,IB)=0
      2362 CONTINUE
        ILTR(3,IA)=0
        ITLTR(3,IA)=0
        IDBTRN(IA,3)=0
        IDLTRN(IA,3)=0
      2361 CONTINUE
      DO 2364 IA=1,3
        DO 2365 IB=1,3
          ITOT(IB,IA)=0
        2365 CONTINUE
      2364 CONTINUE
      DO 2366 IA=1,4
        DO 2367 IB=1,2
          ITUTC(IB,IA)=0
        2367 CONTINUE
      2366 CONTINUE
C
    CALL HEADER (IS,INUMB,IR,ISN,ILTML)
C
    WRITE(8,2100)
    DO 105 LC=4,LU
      DO 107 MN=1,14
        XDBTRN(LC,2)=XDBTRN(LC,2)+DBTRN(LC,1,MN)*DM(MN)
        XDBTRN(LC,1)=XDBTRN(LC,1)+DBTRN(LC,2,MN)*DM(MN)
        XDLTRN(LC,2)=XDLTRN(LC,2)+DLTRN(LC,1,MN)*DM(MN)
        XDLTRN(LC,1)=XDLTRN(LC,1)+DLTRN(LC,2,MN)*DM(MN)
      107 CONTINUE
        IDBTRN(LC,1)=XDBTRN(LC,1)+0.5
        IDBTRN(LC,2)=XDBTRN(LC,2)+0.5
        IDLTRN(LC,1)=XDLTRN(LC,1)+0.5
        IDLTRN(LC,2)=XDLTRN(LC,2)+0.5
      DO 109 MC=1,6
        DO 102 ND=1,2
          ITOTC(ND,MC)=ITOTC(ND,MC)+IC(RNP(MC,LC,ND))
          ILTR(ND,LC)=ILTR(ND,LC)+IC(RNP(MC,LC,ND))
        102 CONTINUE
      109 CONTINUE
        IDBTRN(LC,3)=IDBTRN(LC,1)+IDBTRN(LC,2)
        IDLTRN(LC,3)=IDLTRN(LC,1)+IDLTRN(LC,2)
        ILTR(3,LC)=ILTR(1,LC)+ILTR(2,LC)
      DO 104 ND=1,3
        ITLTR(ND,LC)=ILTR(ND,LC)+IDBTRN(LC,ND)
        ITOT(ND,1)=ITOT(ND,1)+ILTR(ND,LC)
        ITOT(ND,2)=ITOT(ND,2)+IDBTRN(LC,ND)
        ITOT(ND,3)=ITOT(ND,3)+ITLTR(ND,LC)
      104 CONTINUE
    105 CONTINUE
    DO 799 LC= 4,LU
      WRITE(8,795)LC,((ILTRNP(MC,LC,1),I=1,2),MC=1,6)
    799 CONTINUE
    WRITE(8,757)((ITOTC(ND,MC),ND=1,2),MC=1,6)
    WRITE(8,2259)
    DO 2261 LC=4,LU
      WRITE(8,2260)LC,((ILTR(I,LC),I=1,3),(IDBTRN(LL,I),
        + I=1,3),(ITLTR(I,LC),I=1,3))
    2261 CONTINUE
    WRITE(8,2263)
    WRITE(8,2262)((ITOT(ND,NE),ND=1,3),NE=1,3)
    WRITE(8,110)
    IF ( IS.NE.1 ) WRITE(8,125)
C
C ***** DAILY TRANSIT DEMAND TABLE *****
C
    DO 2369 IA=1,14
      DO 2371 IB=1,3
        DO 2372 IC=1,LU
          DT(IC,IB,IA)=0

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2372      CONTINUE
          TOTDL(IB,IA)=0.
          TOTDB(IB,IA)=0.
          TOTDT(IB,IA)=0.
2371      CONTINUE
2369      CONTINUE
          DO 111 MN=1,14
              DO 112 LC=4,LU
                  HOLD=DLTRN(LC,1,MN)
                  DLTRN(LC,1,MN)=DLTRN(LC,2,MN)
                  DLTRN(LC,2,MN)=HOLD
                  HOLD=DBTRN(LC,1,MN)
                  DBTRN(LC,1,MN)=DBTRN(LC,2,MN)
                  DBTRN(LC,2,MN)=HOLD
              112      CONTINUE
          111      CONTINUE
C
          CALL HEADER (IS,INUMB,IR,ISN,ILTML)
C
          WRITE(8,113)
          DO 114 MN=1,14
              DO 115 LC=3,LU
                  DO 977 ND=1,2
                      DLTRN(LC,ND,MN)=IFIX(10.*DLTRN(LC,ND,MN)+0.5)*0.1
                      DBTRN(LC,ND,MN)=IFIX(10.*DBTRN(LC,ND,MN)+0.5)*0.1
          977      CONTINUE
                      DLTRN(LC,3,MN)=DLTRN(LC,1,MN)+DLTRN(LC,2,MN)
                      DBTRN(LC,3,MN)=DBTRN(LC,1,MN)+DBTRN(LC,2,MN)
                      DO 116 NU=1,3
                          DT(LC,ND,MN)=DLTRN(LC,ND,MN)+DBTRN(LC,ND,MN)
                          TOTDL(ND,MN)=TOTDL(ND,MN)+DLTRN(LC,ND,MN)
                          TOTDB(ND,MN)=TOTDB(ND,MN)+DBTRN(LC,ND,MN)
                          TOTDT(ND,MN)=TOTDT(ND,MN)+DT(LC,ND,MN)
          116      CONTINUE
          115      CONTINUE
          114      CONTINUE
          DO 117 I=1,13,2
              J=I+3
              IF( J.GT.14 ) J=J-14
              JI=J+1
              IF( JI.EQ.15 ) JI=1
              WRITE(8,121) IBMO(J),IBMO(JI)
              WRITE(8,122)
              DO 223 LC=3,LU
                  WRITE(8,224) LC,(DLTRN(LC,K,J),DBTRN(LC,K,J),DT(LC,K,J),
                      +      K=1,3),(DLTRN(LC,K,JI),DBTRN(LC,K,JI),DT(LC,K,JI)
                      +      ,K=1,3)
          223      CONTINUE
                  WRITE(8,225) (TOTDL(K,J),TOTDB(K,J),TOTDT(K,J),K=1,3),
                      +      (TOTDL(K,JI),TOTDB(K,JI),TOTDT(K,JI),K=1,3)
                  IF( J.NE.8 .AND. J.NE.14 ) GOTO 119
                  IF( IS.NE.1 ) WRITE(8,128)
C
          CALL HEADER (IS,INUMB,IR,ISN,ILTML)
C
          WRITE(8,113)
          WRITE(8,118)
          119      CONTINUE
          117      CONTINUE
          WRITE(8,123)
          IF(IS.NE.1) WRITE(8,126)
          DO 226 MN=1,14
              DO 227 LC=4,LU
                  HOLD=DLTRN(LC,1,MN)
                  DLTRN(LC,1,MN)=DLTRN(LC,2,MN)
                  DLTRN(LC,2,MN)=HOLD
                  HOLD=DBTRN(LC,1,MN)
                  DBTRN(LC,1,MN)=DBTRN(LC,2,MN)
                  DBTRN(LC,2,MN)=HOLD
              227      CONTINUE
          226      CONTINUE
C
          C ***** ACTUAL TRANSITS TABLE *****
          C ***** QUEUING INFORMATION TABLE *****
          C ***** MONTHLY DELAY COST TABLE *****
          C ***** ACTUAL CARGO FLOW TABLE *****
C
          IF( IS.EQ.1 ) CALL ACTRAN(LU,IS,INUMB,IR,ISN,
              +      ILTML)
          IF( IS.NE.1 ) CALL ACTRN2(LU,IS,INUMB,IR,ISN,
              +      ILTML,SORTOT)
          CALL QUETAB (IS,INUMB,IR,ISN,ILTML,
              +      SORTUL,SORTOT,LU)
          CALL ACCARG(CARF,IR)

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C
7552 CONTINUE
RETURN
END

C
C *****
C
SUBROUTINE PROJCR (IS,INUMB,IR,ISN,ILTML,CARF)
C
IMPLICIT INTEGER (I)
DIMENSION CARF(3,15,80)
C
C
SUBPROGRAM PROJCR PRINTS THE PROJECTED CARGO FLOW TABLES
C
COMMON /HEDCOM/ INMU(14),1YR(80)
COMMON /PRJCOM/ IPCARG(3,15,15),PCARG(3,15,6)
C
INTEGER IPCTOT(3,15)
C
501 FORMAT (39X,33H*** PROJECTED CARGO TONNAGE ***./
+ 45X,21H(THOUSAND SHORT TONS),/)
120 FORMAT (8X,5(14X,A8))
110 FORMAT (11X,5(4X,1/4 UP DOWN TOTAL,1X))
702 FORMAT (1X,10HWHEAT ,4(317,1X),317/,
+ 1X,10HISOY BEANS ,4(317,1X),317/,
+ 1X,10HBARLEY+RYE,4(317,1X),317/,
+ 1X,10HCORN ,4(317,1X),317/,
+ 1X,10HOIL SEED ,4(317,1X),317/,
+ 1X,10HLIMESTONE ,4(317,1X),317/,
+ 1X,10HIROM ORE ,4(317,1X),317/,
+ 1X,10HCOAL ,4(317,1X),317/,
+ 1X,10HRAW MAIL ,4(317,1X),317/,
+ 1X,10HPETROLEUM ,4(317,1X),317/,
+ 1X,10HCEMENT ,4(317,1X),317/,
+ 1X,10HMINERALS ,4(317,1X),317/,
+ 1X,10HDIRY BULK ,4(317,1X),317/,
+ 1X,10HGEN CARGO ,4(317,1X),317/,
+ 1X,10HSTEEL PROD,4(317,1X),317/)
703 FORMAT (11X,4(3(7H-----)1X),3(7H-----))
704 FORMAT (1X,10HTOTALS ,4(317,1X),317/)
705 FORMAT (8X,4(14X,A8),11X,4HYEAR)
2295 FORMAT (5(/))
C
WRITE (8,2295)
CALL HEADER (IS,INUMB,IR,ISN,ILTML)
C
DO 20 MN=1,15
DO 21 ND=1,3
DO 22 MC= 1,15
IPCARG(ND,MN,MC)= 0
22 CONTINUE
IPCTOT(ND,MN)= 0
21 CONTINUE
20 CONTINUE
DO 2299 ND= 1,3
DO 2301 MN= 1,14
DO 8810 MC= 1,5
IPCARG(ND,MN,MC)= CARF(ND,MC,IR)* PCARG(ND,MN,4)
+ 0.5
8810 CONTINUE
IPCARG(ND,MN,6)= CARF(ND,6,IR)* PCARG(ND,MN,3)
+ 0.5
IPCARG(ND,MN,7)= CARF(ND,7,IR)* PCARG(ND,MN,1)
+ 0.5
IPCARG(ND,MN,8)= CARF(ND,8,IR)* PCARG(ND,MN,2)
+ 0.5
DO 8820 MC= 9,13
IPCARG(ND,MN,MC)= CARF(ND,MC,IR)* PCARG(ND,MN,5)
+ 0.5
8820 CONTINUE
DO 8830 MC= 14,15
IPCARG(ND,MN,MC)= CARF(ND,MC,IR)*PCARG(ND,MN,6)
+ 0.5
8830 CONTINUE
DO 8840 MC= 1,15
IPCARG(ND,15,MC)= IPCARG(ND,15,MC)+ IPCARG(ND,MN,MC)
IPCTOT(ND,MN)= IPCTOT(ND,MN)+ IPCARG(ND,MN,MC)
8840 CONTINUE
2301 CONTINUE
DO 8850 MC= 1,15
IPCTOT(ND,15)= IPCTOT(ND,15)+ IPCARG(ND,15,MC)
8850 CONTINUE
2299 CONTINUE

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```

WRITE(8,501)
WRITE(8,120) (IBMO(I),I=4,8)
WRITE(8,110)
WRITE(8,702)((IPCARG(I,J,K),I=1,3),J=4,8),K=1,15)
WRITE(8,703)
WRITE(8,704)((IPCTOT(I,J),I=1,3),J=4,8)
WRITE(8,120) (IBMO(I),I=9,13)
WRITE(8,110)
WRITE(8,702)((IPCARG(I,J,K),I=1,3),J=9,13),K=1,15)
WRITE(8,703)
WRITE(8,704)((IPCTOT(I,J),I=1,3),J=9,13)
WRITE(8,705) IBMO(14), (IBMO(I),I=1,3)
WRITE(8,110)
WRITE(8,702)((IPCARG(I,14,K),I=1,3),((IPCARG(I,J,K),I=1,3),
+ J=1,3),IPCARG(I,15,K),I=1,3),K=1,15)
WRITE(8,703)
WRITE(8,704)(IPCTOT(I,14),I=1,3),((IPCTOT(I,J),I=1,3),J=1,3),
+ (IPCTOT(I,15),I=1,3)
WRITE(8,2295)

C
RETURN
END

C
C *****
C
SUBROUTINE MIX (LU,IS,INUMB,IR,ISN,ILTML,SHIP)
C
IMPLICIT INTEGER (I)

C
C SUBPROGRAM MIX PRINTS THE FLEET MIX TABLE
C
COMMON /HINARY/ BASEFT(6,12),CC(6,12),DFA(14,4),DISTN(2,6),
+ EMPTY (6,12),FILL(6,12),FLEETN(6,12),FLUAN(6),HRSTR(6),
+ POB(6,12),REDFT(12),TDF(12,14),TRIPYR(6,12),VSM(12,6),
+ WDIST(6),ZWHF(12),ADDPCT(6,12),CAPINC(12)
DIMENSION SHIP(12,6),TSHIP(6),TSHIPS(12)
DIMENSION SUMSHP(6),ASHIP(6),IPCT(6,12)

C
C
100 FORMAT (//45X,1YH**** FLEET MIX ****//)
110 FORMAT(7X,5HCLASS,8X,3HORE,13X,4HCOAL,11X,5HSTONE,
+ 11X,5HGRAIN,11X,6HO BULK,9X,6HGCARGO,7X,5HTOTAL,
+ 7,15X,6(6HNUMBER,2X,5HBUILD,3X),7,15X,6(5HSHIPS,5X,1HX,5X))
120 FORMAT(8X,12,6(5X,F5.1,3X,13),5X,F5.1)
130 FORMAT(4X,7(11X,5H-----),7X,6HTOTALS,2X,F5.1,6(11X,
+ F5.1)//)

C
CALL HEADER (IS,INUMB,IR,ISN,ILTML)
WRITE(8,100)
WRITE(8,110)
DO 976 MC=1,6
TSHIP(MC)=0
976 CONTINUE
DO 992 LC=4,LU
TSHIPS(LC)=0
DO 972 MC=1,6
SHIP(LC,MC)= IFIX(10.0* SHIP(LC,MC)+ 0.5)*0.1
TSHIPS(LC)=TSHIPS(LC)+SHIP(LC,MC)
TSHIP(MC)=TSHIP(MC)+SHIP(LC,MC)
IPCT(MC,LC)= ADDPCT(MC,LC)*100.0+ 0.5
972 CONTINUE
WRITE(8,120)LC,(SHIP(LC,J),IPCT(J,LC),J=1,6),TSHIPS(LC)
992 CONTINUE
TTSHIP=0
DO 2236 MC=1,6
TTSHIP=TTSHIP+TSHIP(MC)
2236 CONTINUE
WRITE(8,130)(TSHIP(MC),MC=1,6),TSHIP
ADDTSH= 0.0
DO 9500 MC= 1,6
SUMSHP(MC)= 0.0
9500 CONTINUE
DO 9520 LC= 4,LU
ALC= LC* 1.0
DO 9510 MC= 1,6
SUMSHP(MC)= SUMSHP(MC)+ ALC*SHIP(LC,MC)
9510 CONTINUE
ADDTSH= ADDTSH+ ALC*TSHIPS(LC)
9520 CONTINUE

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DO 9530 NC= 1,6
  IF (TSHIP(NC) .EQ. 0.0) ASHIP(NC)= 0.0
  IF (TSHIP(NC) .EQ. 0.0) GO TO 9530
  ASHIP(NC)= SUMSHIP(NC)/TSHIP(NC)
9530 CONTINUE
  ATSHIP= ADDTSM/ TTSHIP
  WRITE (8,9540) (ASHIP(NC),NC=1,6),ATSHIP
9540 FORMAT (1X,9HCOMPOSITE,/,1X,10HSHIP CLASS,5X,F4.1,6(12X,F4.1)/)
C
  RETURN
END
C
C *****
C
C SUBROUTINE VESCHR (IS,LU,LMIN,LMAX)
C
C IMPLICIT INTEGER (I)
C
C SUBPROGRAM VESCHR PRINTS THE VESSEL CHARACTERISTICS TABLE
C
C DIMENSION LMIN(12),LMAX(12)
C
C COMMON /CALCOM/ ADDTRN(6,12,2),CARGOP(6,2,80),
+ CTRAN(6,12,4),CTRNPM(6,12,2),EXTPT(6,2,80),HRS(14,4,6),
+ TMLOCK(12,2,4),VSA(14,12,4)
C COMMON /MINARY/ BASEFT(6,12),CC(6,12),DFA(14,4),DISTN(2,6),
+ EMPTY(6,12),FILL(6,12),FLEETN(6,12),FLUAD(6),HRSYR(6),
+ PO(80,12),REDFT(12),TDF(12,14),TRIPYR(6,12),VSM(12,6),
+ WDIST(6),ZBHF(12),ADDPCT(6,12),CAPINC(12)
C COMMON /DAT1/ BTF(14,4),CAREX1(6,2,80),CAREX2(6,2,80),
+ DATN(14),DIN(14,4),DIST(6),
+ EXTP1(6,2,80),EXTP2(6,2,80),
+ IZBH(12),LYEAR(80),ODAYS(12),PCRF(14,2),SCUST(12),STDEV(12,2,4),
+ TLTHL2(12,2,4),TLTHL3(12,2,4),TURNWK(4),UNLOAD(12),XCAP(12),
+ XSHIP(12),ZB(12),GBAL(12),GLOAD(12)
C
C 5 FORMAT (1X)
302 FORMAT(6(//),38X,32H**** VESSEL CHARACTERISTICS ****)
304 FORMAT(25X,6HVESSEL,YX,4HMEAN,6X,7HMAXIMUM,39X,8HCAPACITY)
306 FORMAT(15X,6HVESSEL,4X,6HLENGTH,8X,6HVESSEL,5X,8HCARRYING,9X,
+ 6HVESSEL,8X,7HLOCKING,8X,8HINCREASE)
310 FORMAT(24X,4H(FT),9X,5H(MPH),6X,6H(S.TONS),10X,3H(X),10X,
+ 4H (MIN),10X,7H(ST/IN))
308 FORMAT(15X,5HCLASS,5X,5HRANGE,9X,5HSPEED,6X,6HCAPACITY,7X,
+ 11HUTILIZATION,6X,4HTIME,9X,10HWITH DRAFT)
312 FORMAT(22X,11HMIN MAX,47X,9HUP DN)
314 FORMAT(15X,3H 3,4X,32H (PLEASURE CRAFT, NON-COMMERCIAL,
+ 28H VESSELS, AND ICE LOCKAGES) )
320 FORMAT(16X,12,3X,14,4X,14,6X,F5.1,5X,17,11X,13,8X,14,3X,
+ 14,8X,F5.1)
332 FORMAT(15X,36HCLASS 5 IS LAKERS OF CLASSES 5 AND 6)
334 FORMAT(15X,30HCLASS 6 IS OCEAN GOING VESSELS)
3334 FORMAT (15X,46HCLASSES 8 AND 9 ARE BOTH LAKER AND OCEAN GOING,
+ 8H VESSELS,/)
748 FORMAT(//)
2296 FORMAT (6(//))
C
  WRITE(8,302)
  WRITE(8,3)
  WRITE(8,304)
  WRITE(8,306)
  WRITE(8,308)
  WRITE(8,310)
  WRITE(8,312)
  WRITE(8,314)
  DO 330 LC=4,LU
    ICC=CC(1,LC)+0.5
    ITMLK1=TMLOCK(LC,2,2)+0.5
    ITMLN2=TMLOCK(LC,1,2)+0.5
    WRITE(8,320)LC,LMIN(LC),LMAX(LC),VSM(LC,1),ICCC,IZBH(LC),
+ ITMLK1,ITMLN2,CAPINC(LC)
  330 CONTINUE
  WRITE(8,332)
  WRITE(8,334)
  IF (IS .NE. 1 .AND. LU .GE. 12) WRITE (8,3334)
  WRITE(8,748)
  WRITE(8,2296)
C
  RETURN
END
C

```



```

C      SUBROUTINE ACTRAN (LU,IS,INUMB,IR,ISN,ILTML)
C
C      IMPLICIT INTEGER (I)
C
C      SUBPROGRAM ACTRAN PRINTS THE ACTUAL TRANSITS
C      FOR THE 500 LOCK SYSTEM
C
C      COMMON /MEDCOM/ IBMO(14),IYR(80)
C      COMMON /CARGCM/ CAGOCM(6,14),SOR(12,12,14)
C
C      DIMENSION SORTOT(24)
C      DIMENSION SORTOL(12,14)
C
C
C      2221 FORMAT (43X,25H#### ACTUAL TRANSITS ####)
C      2297 FORMAT (50X,9HCONTINUED)
C      2215 FORMAT(/,27X,A8,43X,A8)
C      2216 FORMAT(5X,2(5X,9HMACARTHUR,10X,3HPOE,9X,15HSABIN AND DAVIS),/,
C      + 1X,5HCLASS,6(17H UP DN TOTAL ))
C      2218 FORMAT(1X,12,2X,6(1X,2(1X,F4.1),1X,F5.1))
C      2219 FORMAT(5X,6(1X,2(1X,4H----),1X,5H----),/,
C      + 1X,6HTOTAL ,6(2(F4.1,X),F5.1,2X))
C      12 FORMAT (12(/))
C      991 FORMAT (/,52X,A8)
C      993 FORMAT (31X,5HSABIN,11X,9HMACARTHUR,11X,3HPOE,11X,9HNEW DAVIS,
C      + /,21X,5HCLASS,4(17H UP DN TOTAL ))
C      994 FORMAT (5X,2(5X,9HMACARTHUR,10X,3HPOE,12X,9HNEW DAVIS),/,
C      + 1X,5HCLASS,6(17H UP DN TOTAL ))
C      995 FORMAT (22X,12,1X,4(1X,2(1X,F4.1),1X,F5.1))
C      996 FORMAT (27X,4(2(1X,4H----),1X,5H----,1X),/,20X,5HTOTAL,1X,
C      + 4(2(F4.1,X),F5.1,2X))
C
C      CALL HEADER (IS,INUMB,IR,ISN,ILTML)
C
C      WRITE(8,2221)
C      J= 4
C      998 IF (J .GT. 14) J= J-14
C      J1= J+1
C      IF (J1 .EQ. 15) J1= 1
C      DO 76 K=1,24
C      SORTOT(K)=0.0
C      76 CONTINUE
C      992 IF (LU .EQ. 11) WRITE (8,991) IBMO(J)
C      IF (LU .NE. 11) WRITE (8,2215) IBMO(J),IBMO(J1)
C      IF (LU .LE. 10) WRITE (8,2216)
C      IF (LU .EQ. 11) WRITE (8,993)
C      IF (LU .GE. 12) WRITE (8,994)
C      DO 2217 LC= 3,LU
C      IF (LU .EQ. 11) WRITE (8,995) LC,(SOR(M,LC,J),M=1,12)
C      IF (LU .LE. 10) WRITE (8,2218) LC,(SOR(M,LC,J),M=1,9),
C      + (SOR(M,LC,J1),M=1,9)
C      IF (LU .GE. 12) WRITE (8,2218) LC,(SOR(M,LC,J),M=4,12),
C      + (SOR(M,LC,J1),M=4,12)
C      DO 75 K= 1,12
C      IF (LU .LE. 10 .AND. K .GE. 10) GO TO 75
C      IF (LU .GE. 12 .AND. K .LE. 3) GO TO 75
C      SORTOT(K)= SORTOT(K)+SOR(K,LC,J)
C      IF (LU .EQ. 11) GO TO 75
C      SORTOT(K+12)= SORTOT(K+12)+SOR(K,LC,J1)
C      75 CONTINUE
C      2217 CONTINUE
C      IF (LU .LE. 10) WRITE (8,2219) (SORTOT(K),K=1,9),(SORTOT(K),
C      + K=13,21)
C      IF (LU .EQ. 11) WRITE (8,996) (SORTOT(K),K=1,12)
C      IF (LU .GE. 12) WRITE (8,2219) (SORTOT(K),K=4,12),(SORTOT(K),
C      + K=16,24)
C      IF (LU .NE. 11 .AND. J .NE. 8 .AND. J .NE. 14) GO TO 15
C      IF (LU .EQ. 11 .AND. J .NE. 6 .AND. J .NE. 9 .AND. J .NE. 12
C      + .AND. J .NE. 1) GO TO 15
C
C      CALL HEADER (IS,INUMB,IR,ISN,ILTML)
C
C      WRITE(8,2221)
C      WRITE(8,2297)
C      15 CONTINUE
C      J= J+2
C      IF (LU .EQ. 11) J= J1
C      IF (LU .EQ. 11 .AND. J1 .EQ. 4) GO TO 2214
C      IF (LU .NE. 11 .AND. J .EQ. 4) GO TO 2214
C      GO TO 998

```

```

2214 CONTINUE
      WRITE(8,12)
      RETURN
      END
C
C *****
C
      SUBROUTINE ACTRN2 (LU,IS,INUMB,IR,ISN,ILTML,
+ SORTOT)
C
      IMPLICIT INTEGER (I)
C
C SUBPROGRAM ACTRN2 PRINTS THE ACTUAL TRANSITS
C FOR THE WELLAND AND SEAWAY
C
      COMMON /HEDCOM/ IBMO(14),IYR(80)
      COMMON /CARGCM/ CAGOC(6,14),SOR(12,12,14)
C
      DIMENSION SORTOT(3,14)
C
C
110 FORMAT (43X,25H*** ACTUAL TRANSITS *** )
120 FORMAT (/6X,5(6X,A9,8X),/)
+ 1X,5HCLASS,5(3X,2HUP,4X,2HUN,2X,5HTOTAL,4X))
130 FORMAT (/6X,4(6X,A9,8X),/)
+ 1X,5HCLASS,4(3X,2HUP,4X,2HUN,2X,5HTOTAL,4X))
2 FORMAT (3X,12,1X,5(3(F4.1,3X),1X))
4 FORMAT (6X,5(3(4H---,3X),1X),/)
+ 1X,5HTOTAL,5(3(F4.1,3X),1X))
12 FORMAT (6X,4(3(4H---,3X),1X),/)
+ 1X,5HTOTAL,4(3(F4.1,3X),1X))
1/0 FORMAT(5(/))
C
C
      CALL HEADER (IS,INUMB,IR,ISN,ILTML)
C
      WRITE(8,110)
      WRITE(8,120) (IBMO(I),I=4,8)
      DO 100 LC=4,LU
        WRITE(8,2)LC,((SOR(I,LC,J),I=1,3),J=4,8)
100 CONTINUE
      WRITE(8,4)((SORTOT(NU,MN),NU=1,3),MN=4,8)
      WRITE(8,120) (IBMO(I),I=9,13)
      DO 200 LC=4,LU
        WRITE(8,2) LC,((SOR(I,LC,J),I=1,3),J=9,13)
200 CONTINUE
      WRITE(8,4)((SORTOT(ND,MN),ND=1,3),MN=9,13)
      WRITE(8,130) IBMO(14), (IBMO(I),I=1,3)
      DO 300 LC=4,LU
        WRITE(8,2)LC,(SOR(I,LC,14),I=1,3),((SOR(I,LC,J),
+ I=1,3),J=1,3)
300 CONTINUE
      WRITE(8,12)(SORTOT(ND,14),ND=1,3),((SORTOT(ND,MN),ND=1,3),
+ MN=1,3)
      WRITE(8,170)
C
      RETURN
      END
C
C *****
C
      SUBROUTINE QUETAB (IS,INUMB,IR,ISN,ILTML,
+ SORTOL,SORTOT,LU)
C
      IMPLICIT INTEGER (I)
C
C SUBPROGRAM QUETAB PRINTS THE QUEUEING AND LUCKING TIME INFORMATION
C
      COMMON /HEDCOM/ IBMO(14),IYR(80)
      COMMON /CALCOM/ ADUTRN(6,12,2),CARGOP(6,2,80),
+ CTRAN(6,12,4),CTRNPM(6,12,2),EXTPT(6,2,80),HRS(14,4,6),
+ TMLCK(12,2,4),VGA(14,12,4)
      COMMON /QUECOM/ CAGOC(6,12),UBTRN(12,3,14),ULTRN(12,3,14),
+ DM(14),DT(12,3,14),IBTRN(12,3),ICTRNP(6,12,2),ULTRN(12,3),
+ IHRB(14),ILTR(3,12),IRHO(4,14),ISDEV(4,2,14),ISYSTH(14),
+ ITLTR(3,12),ITMCST(15,12,4),ITHCYC(4,2,14),ITUT(3,3),
+ ITOTC(2,6),ITUCST(12,3),QUE(4,2,14),TOTDB(3,14),TOTDL(3,14),
+ TOTDT(3,14),WTQM(4,2,14),XDBTRN(12,2),XDLTRN(12,2)
C
      DIMENSION IWAITH(4,2,14)
      DIMENSION SORTOL(12,14),SORTOT(3,14),WAITC(4,2),WAITH(4,2,14)

```

```

5 FORMAT (1X)
2145 FORMAT (41X,29H**** QUEUING INFORMATION ****)
2171 FORMAT (48X,17HCUNSTRAINING LOCK)
2144 FORMAT (31X,7(3X,A9),/,30X,7(4X,2HUP,4X,2HON))
2149 FORMAT (1X,26HLOCK OPERATION TIME (HRS) ,7(6X,16))
2191 FORMAT (1X,29HLOCK CYCLE TIME (MIN): MEAN ,7(2(1X,15)))
2192 FORMAT (1X,29H      1 ST DEV ,7(2(1X,15)))
2193 FORMAT (1X,29HAVE WAITING TIME (HOURS) ,7(2(1X,F5.2)))
2194 FORMAT (1X,29HAVE QUEUE LENGTH (SHIPS) ,7(2(1X,F5.2)))
2195 FORMAT (1X,26HLOCK UTILIZATION (X) ,7(6X,16))
2150 FORMAT (//43X,24HREMAINING LOCKS - SYSTEM)
2151 FORMAT (1X,21HSYSTEM ROUNDTRIP TIME,5X,7(6X,16),/
+ 1X,22H - WAITING TIME (HRS))
127 FORMAT (5(/))

C
CALL HEADER (IS,INUMB,IR,ISN,ILTML)
DO 2319 I=1,14
  IHRS(I)=HRS(1,ISN,1)+0.5
2319 CONTINUE
WRITE(8,2145)
IKNT1=0
IF (IS.EQ.1 .AND. LU.GE.12) IKNT1=1
2180 IKNT1=IKNT1+1
DO 500 I=1,3
  DO 500 J=1,2
    WAITC(I,J)=0.0
  DO 500 K=1,14
    WAITM(I,J,K)=0.0
  IWAITM(I,J,K)=0
500 CONTINUE
IF (IS.EQ.1) WRITE(8,2171)
IF (IS.EQ.1) CALL QUEUE(IKNT1,LU)

C
C CONSTRAINING LOCK
C
WRITE(8,2146) (IBMO(I),I=4,10)
WRITE(8,2149) (IHRS(I),I=4,10)
WRITE(8,2191) (ITMCYC(IKNT1,2,I),ITMCYC(IKNT1,1,I),I=4,10)
WRITE(8,2192) (ISDEV(IKNT1,2,I),ISDEV(IKNT1,1,I),I=4,10)
WRITE(8,2193) (WTQM(IKNT1,2,I),WTQM(IKNT1,1,I),I=4,10)
IF (IS.EQ.1) GO TO 3000
DO 3001 K=1,2
  DO 3002 I=1,14
    WAITM(IKNT1,K,I)= WTQM(IKNT1,K,I)* SORTUT(K,I)* DM(1)
    WAITC(IKNT1,K)= WAITC(IKNT1,K)+ WAITM(IKNT1,K,I)
3002 CONTINUE
3001 CONTINUE
GO TO 3004
3000 DO 3005 K=1,2
  IF (K.EQ.1) K5=2
  IF (K.EQ.2) K5=1
  K1=(IKNT1-1)*K5+K5
  DO 3006 I=1,14
    WAITM(IKNT1,K,I)= WTQM(IKNT1,K,I)* SORTOL(K1,I)* DM(I)
    WAITC(IKNT1,K)= WAITC(IKNT1,K)+ WAITM(IKNT1,K,I)
3006 CONTINUE
3005 CONTINUE
3004 DO 3021 K=1,2
  DO 3022 I=1,14
    IWAITM(IKNT1,K,I)=WAITM(IKNT1,K,I)+0.5
3022 CONTINUE
3021 CONTINUE
WRITE(8,3007) (IWAITM(IKNT1,2,I),
+ IWAITM(IKNT1,1,I),I=4,10)
3007 FORMAT (1X,29HMONTHLY WAITING TIME (HRS) ,7(2I6))
WRITE(8,2194) (QUE(IKNT1,2,I),QUE(IKNT1,1,I),I=4,10)
WRITE(8,2195) (IRHO(IKNT1,I),I=4,10)
WRITE(8,2146) (IBMO(I),I=11,14), (IBMO(I),I=1,3)
WRITE(8,2149) (IHRS(I),I=11,14), (IHRS(I),I=1,3)
WRITE(8,2191) (ITMCYC(IKNT1,2,I),ITMCYC(IKNT1,1,I),I=11,14),
+ (ITMCYC(IKNT1,2,I),ITMCYC(IKNT1,1,I),I=1,3)
WRITE(8,2192) (ISDEV(IKNT1,2,I),ISDEV(IKNT1,1,I),I=11,14),
+ (ISDEV(IKNT1,2,I),ISDEV(IKNT1,1,I),I=1,3)
WRITE(8,2193) (WTQM(IKNT1,2,I),WTQM(IKNT1,1,I),I=11,14),
+ (WTQM(IKNT1,2,I),WTQM(IKNT1,1,I),I=1,3)
WRITE(8,3007) (IWAITM(IKNT1,2,I),
+ IWAITM(IKNT1,1,I),I=11,14), (IWAITM(IKNT1,2,I),IWAITM(
+ IKNT1,1,I),I=1,3)
WRITE(8,2194) (QUE(IKNT1,2,I),QUE(IKNT1,1,I),I=11,14),
+ (QUE(IKNT1,2,I),QUE(IKNT1,1,I),I=1,3)
WRITE(8,2195) (IRHO(IKNT1,I),I=11,14),
+ (IRHO(IKNT1,I),I=1,3)
WRITE(8,3008) WAITC(IKNT1,2),WAITC(IKNT1,1)

```

```

3000 FORMAT(/,1X,29YEARLY WAITING TIME (HOURS) ,7X,8HUPBOUND:,
+ 1X,F6.0,7X,10HDOWNBOUND:,1X,F6.0)
IF( IS.NE.1 )GOTO 2181
IF( IKNT1.LE.2 ) GOTO 2180
IF (LU .GE. 11 .AND. IKNT1 .LE. 3) GO TO 2180
GOTO 2182

```

```

C
C NON-CONSTRAINING LOCKS
C

```

```

2181 CONTINUE
WRITE(8,2150)
WRITE(8,2146) (IBMO(I),I=4,10)
WRITE(8,2149) (IHRS(I),I=4,10)
WRITE(8,2191) (ITMCYC(2,2,I),ITMCYC(2,1,I),I=4,10)
WRITE(8,2192) (ISDEV(2,2,I),ISDEV(2,1,I),I=4,10)
WRITE(8,2193) (WTQM(2,2,I),WTQM(2,1,I),I=4,10)
WRITE(8,2194) (QUE(2,2,I),QUE(2,1,I),I=4,10)
WRITE(8,2195) (IRHO(2,1),I=4,10)
WRITE(8,2151) (ISYSTH(I),I=4,10)
WRITE(8,2146) (IBMO(I),I=11,14), (IBMO(I),I=1,3)
WRITE(8,2149) (IHRS(I),I=11,14), (IHRS(I),I=1,3)
WRITE(8,2191) (ITMCYC(2,2,I),ITMCYC(2,1,I),I=11,14),
+ (ITMCYC(2,2,I),ITMCYC(2,1,I),I=1,3)
WRITE(8,2192) (ISDEV(2,2,I),ISDEV(2,1,I),I=11,14),
+ (ISDEV(2,2,I),ISDEV(2,1,I),I=1,3)
WRITE(8,2193) (WTQM(2,2,I),WTQM(2,1,I),I=11,14),
+ (WTQM(2,2,I),WTQM(2,1,I),I=1,3)
WRITE(8,2194) (QUE(2,2,I),QUE(2,1,I),I=11,14),
+ (QUE(2,2,I),QUE(2,1,I),I=1,3)
WRITE(8,2195) (IRHO(2,1),I=11,14),
+ (IRHO(2,1),I=1,3)
WRITE(8,2151) (ISYSTH(I),I=11,14), (ISYSTH(I),I=1,3)

```

```

2182 CONTINUE
WRITE(8,127)

```

```

C
C RETURN
C
END

```

```

C
C *****
C

```

```

C SUBROUTINE ACCARG(CARF,IR)

```

```

C IMPLICIT INTEGER (I)

```

```

C
C SUBPROGRAM ACCARG PRINTS THE ACTUAL CARGO FLOW TABLE
C

```

```

COMMON /CARGCH/ CAGOCM(6,14),SOR(12,12,14)
COMMON /PRJCOM/ IPCARG(3,15,15),PCARG(3,15,6)

```

```

C DIMENSION CARF(3,15,80)
C DIMENSION ITFLOW(15),ICAGO(15,14),ICAG(15)

```

```

C INTEGER ICFLOW(15)

```

```

C DATA ICAG / 8HWHEAT ,8H50Y BEAN,8H8AR+RYE ,
+ 8HCORN ,8H0IL SEED,8HLIMESTN ,8HIRON ORE,
+ 8HCOAL ,8HRAW MATL,8HPETROL ,8HCEMENT ,
+ 8HMINERAL ,8HDRY BULK,8HGEN CARG,8HSTL PROD /

```

```

C
1 FORMAT (4(/),37X,40HACTUAL CARGO FLOW BY COMMODITY AND MONTH)
2 FORMAT(3X,53HCARGO 1 APR 2 APR MAY JUNE JULY AUG ,
+ 42HSEPT OCT NOV 1 DEC 2 DEC JAN ,
+ 18HFEB MARCH TOTAL,)
4 FORMAT(1X,A10,1X,14(I6,1X),I7)
5 FORMAT(12X,14(6H-----,1X),7H-----,/,
+ 5X,7HTOTAL ,14(I6,1X),I7)
11 FORMAT (2X,37HCARGO FLOW CAPACITY HAS BEEN REACHED!/,
+ 2X,41HCARGO FLOW PROJECTION CAN NOT BE REACHED.)

```

```

C DO 12 IA=1,15
C ITFLOW(IA)=0
C ICFLOW(IA)=0

```

```

12 CONTINUE

```

```

WRITE(8,1)

```

```

WRITE(8,2)

```

```

DO 6 MN= 1,14

```

```

DO 7 MC= 1,5

```

```

ICAGO(MC,MN)= CARF(3,MC,IR)* CAGOCM(4,MN)+ 0.5

```

```

7 CONTINUE

```

```

ICAGO(6,MN)= CARF(3,6,IR)* CAGOCM(3,MN)+ 0.5

```

```

ICAGO(7,MN)= CARF(3,7,IR)* CAGOCM(1,MN)+ 0.5

```

```

ICAGO(8,MN)= CARF(3,8,IR)* CAGOCM(2,MN)+ 0.5

```

```

      DO 9060 MC= 9.13
        ICAGO(MC,MN)= CARF(3,MC,IR)* CAMOCH(5,MN)+ 0.5
9060  CONTINUE
      DO 9070 MC= 14.15
        ICAGO(MC,MN)= CARF(3,MC,IR)* CAMOCH(6,MN)+ 0.5
9070  CONTINUE
      4 CONTINUE
      DO 9071 MC= 1.15
        DO 9090 MN= 1.14
          ITFLOW(MC)= ITFLOW(MC)+ ICAGO(MC,MN)
9090  CONTINUE
          WRITE(8,4) ICAG(MC), (ICAGO(MC,MN), MN=4,14), (ICAGO(MC,MN),
            + MN=1,3), ITFLOW(MC)
9071  CONTINUE
        DO 9600 MN= 1.14
          DO 9601 MC= 1.15
            ICFLOW(MN)= ICFLOW(MN)+ ICAGO(MC,MN)
9601  CONTINUE
            ICFLOW(15)= ICFLOW(15)+ ICFLOW(MN)
9600  CONTINUE
            WRITE(8,5) (ICFLOW(I), I=4,14), (ICFLOW(I), I=1,3), ICFLOW(15)
      14 CONTINUE
      WRITE (8,2488)
2488  FORMAT (4(/))
C
      RETURN
      END

```

APPENDIX C  
DATA FILE LISTING

# SOO DATA FILE

```

1:1          GUNOGO, DATA FILE IDENTIFIER
10          MAXIMUM VESSEL CLASS
1:0:0:0     SEASON EXTENSIONS
1:0:0       LOCKING TIMES (NORMAL, LOW, HIGH)
0.80:0.80:0.80:0.80:0.80:0.80:0.80:0.80:0.80:0.80  SHIP UTILIZATION FACTORS
1.00:1.00:00.00:00.00:00.00:00.00:00.00:00.00:00.00  FACTOR, CALFAC
FLEET MIX SHIP BUILDING FACTORS
(KE COAL STONE GRAIN UBULK GCARGO CLASS
0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.30 0.20 4
0.10 0.10 0.40 0.10 0.60 0.00 5
0.00 0.05 0.00 0.20 0.00 0.80 6
0.20 0.40 0.60 0.70 0.10 0.00 7
0.10 0.15 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 8
0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 9
0.60 0.30 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 10
CARRYING CAPACITY BY SHIP CLASS (IN SHORT TONS)
4 5 6 7 8 9 10
09500. 21000. 15000. 27000. 28000. 45000. 60000.  IRON ORE - STONE
08700. 14000. 15000. 21000. 24000. 28000. 60000.  COAL - GRAIN
08700. 14000. 15000. 21000. 24000. 28000. 60000.  BULK - GENERAL CARGO
VALIDATION TRANSIT DISTRIBUTION FACTORS
JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JULY AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC DEC
.007 .000 .000 .023 .048 .120 .127 .131 .123 .131 .127 .101 .037 .025
.007 .000 .000 .023 .048 .120 .127 .131 .123 .131 .127 .101 .037 .025
.007 .000 .000 .023 .048 .120 .127 .131 .123 .131 .127 .101 .037 .025
CARGO PROJECTIONS **** 1978 **** (SHORT TONS / YEAR)
DOWNBOUND
17401. 135. 3430. 1609. 1282. 0.0 67699. 76. 2846. 141.
1. 41. 1702. 576. 257.
**** 1978 ****
UPBOUND
0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 1995. 178. 42. 4817. 1064.
H07. 459. 83. 690. 46.
**** 1985 ****
DOWNBOUND
22917. 62. 5084. 1408. 1298. 0. 73007. 81. 4685. 151.
1. 49. 1900. 623. 284.
**** 1985 ****
UPBOUND
0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 2060. 197. 48. 6551. 1149.
948. 504. 101. 742. 91.
**** 1990 ****
DOWNBOUND
25731. 66. 6566. 1211. 1311. 0. 80554. 97. 11702. 158.
1. 55. 2042. 659. 299.
**** 1990 ****
UPBOUND
0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 2307. 224. 52. 5418. 1199.
1051. 537. 114. 781. 73.
**** 2000 ****
DOWNBOUND
25171. 73. 7559. 1139. 1337. 0. 90495. 113. 17338. 174.
2. 70. 2376. 739. 330.
**** 2000 ****
UPBOUND
0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 2543. 254. 61. 6858. 1306.
1338. 618. 148. 867. 76.
**** 2010 ****
DOWNBOUND
27033. 77. 8407. 1244. 1364. 0. 104196. 134. 19749. 192.
2. 87. 2758. 827. 365.
**** 2010 ****
UPBOUND
0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 2884. 292. 71. 7511. 1423.
1476. 709. 185. 961. 94.
**** 2020 ****
DOWNBOUND
28978. 79. 9167. 1371. 1391. 0. 118656. 159. 17951. 211.
2. 110. 3202. 927. 399.
**** 2020 ****
UPBOUND
0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 3302. 332. 82. 8238. 1553.
2098. 817. 231. 1066. 75.
**** 2030 ****
DOWNBOUND
31635. 80. 9926. 1497. 1419. 0. 134166. 188. 17991. 233.
2. 140. 3718. 1039. 443.
**** 2030 ****
UPBOUND
0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 3780. 375. 96. 9045. 1698.
2627. 945. 289. 1183. 120.
**** 2040 ****

```

DOWNBOUND  
 34301. 82. 10487. 1420. 1448. 0. 150710. 224. 18034. 257.  
 2. 180. 4317. 1164. 491.  
 \*\*\*\* 2040 \*\*\*\*  
 UPBOUND  
 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 4328. 425. 111. 9942. 1858.  
 3291. 1097. 361. 1313. 157.  
 \*\*\*\* 2050 \*\*\*\*  
 DOWNBOUND  
 36894. 84. 12207. 1769. 1462. 0. 166055. 266. 18085. 283.  
 3. 234. 5018. 1305. 543.  
 \*\*\*\* 2050 \*\*\*\*  
 UPBOUND  
 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 4955. 478. 129. 10939. 2035.  
 4123. 1279. 451. 1456. 195.  
 HOURS AVAILABLE FOR LOCKING OPERATIONS BY MONTH  
 JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEPT OCT NOV DEC DEC  
 23.8 23.9 23.9 23.7 23.7 23.7 23.8 23.9 24.0 23.8 23.8 23.9 23.9  
 LOCKING TIME IN MINUTES BY SHIP CLASS  
 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 SHIP CLASS  
 0039. 0042. 0042. 0045. 0046. 0000. 0000. DOWN FOR SABIN-DAVIS LOCK  
 0038. 0041. 0042. 0045. 0046. 0000. 0000. UP  
 0073. 0075. 0074. 0077. 0078. 0101. 0106. DOWN FOR MACARTHUR-POE LOCK  
 0068. 0065. 0065. 0061. 0068. 0073. 0089. UP  
 LOW TIMES  
 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 SHIP CLASS  
 0066. 0074. 0072. 0075. 0077. 0096. 0102. DOWN FOR MACARTHUR-POE LOCK  
 0058. 0063. 0063. 0058. 0067. 0069. 0084. UP  
 HIGH TIMES  
 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 SHIP CLASS  
 0080. 0076. 0076. 0079. 0079. 0106. 0110. DOWN FOR MACARTHUR-POE LOCK  
 0078. 0067. 0067. 0064. 0069. 0077. 0094. UP  
 LOCKING TIME STANDARD DEVIATION IN MINUTES BY SHIP CLASS  
 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 SHIP CLASS  
 002.8 003.2 002.7 002.8 003.0 000.0 000.0 DOWN FOR SABIN-DAVIS LOCK  
 002.5 002.8 004.0 003.5 002.2 000.0 000.0 UP  
 006.3 006.7 006.2 006.3 003.5 006.3 005.5  
 009.0 009.3 009.3 009.7 005.3 005.7 007.3  
 VALIDATION BIAS TRAFFIC FACTORS  
 L.AP L.AP E.DC L.DC  
 00.50 00.20 00.60 00.80  
 TURNBACK TIME IN MINUTES BY LOCK  
 MAC POE S-D  
 0000. 0000. 0000.  
 SHIP COST (\$/HOUR) BY SHIP CLASS  
 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 SHIP CLASS  
 000373. 000396. 000423. 000435. 000423. 000553. 000579. OPERATING COST  
 000287. 000356. 000397. 000438. 000493. 000630. 000767. CAPITAL COST  
 NON-COMMERCIAL CRAFT DAILY ARRIVAL - ICE LOCKAGES  
 JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC DEC  
 00.0 00.0 00.0 00.0 00.0 00.0 00.0 00.0 00.0 00.0 00.0 00.0 00.0  
 02.0 03.0 03.0 01.0 00.0 00.0 00.0 00.0 00.0 00.0 00.0 00.0 00.0 DN  
 LOADING FACTOR - FLOAD  
 0 C S G OB GC  
 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 0.85 .85  
 ONE WAY DISTANCE (DISTN)  
 ORE COAL STONE GRAIN O BULK G CARGO  
 00824. 00774. 00790. 01478. 01149. 00875.  
 00000. 00782. 00549. 00000. 01077. 00782.  
 LOADING RATE (FILL)  
 ORE COAL STONE GRAIN O BULK G CARGO  
 02800. 09000. 02800. 01481. 00600. 00150. 4  
 02800. 09000. 02800. 01481. 00600. 00150. 5  
 02800. 09000. 02800. 01481. 00600. 00150. 6  
 02800. 09000. 02800. 01481. 00600. 00150. 7  
 02800. 09000. 02800. 01481. 00600. 00150. 8  
 02800. 09000. 02800. 01481. 00600. 00150. 9  
 02800. 09000. 02800. 01481. 00600. 00150. 10  
 UNLOADING RATE (EMPTY)  
 ORE COAL STONE GRAIN O BULK G CARGO  
 02800. 01848. 00700. 01266. 00143. 00150. 4  
 02800. 01848. 00700. 01266. 00143. 00150. 5  
 11200. 01848. 06720. 01266. 00143. 00150. 6  
 11200. 01848. 06720. 01266. 00143. 00150. 7  
 11200. 06720. 06720. 01266. 00143. 00150. 8  
 11200. 06720. 06720. 01266. 00143. 00150. 9  
 11200. 06720. 06720. 01266. 00143. 00150. 10  
 OPERATING HOURS PER MONTH PER SEASON EXTENSION (HRS)  
 JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC DEC  
 000. 000. 000. 356. 356. 735. 714. 741. 744. 714. 738. 717. 360. 384. ORE EXT 1  
 000. 000. 000. 356. 356. 735. 714. 741. 744. 714. 738. 717. 360. 384. COAL  
 000. 000. 000. 356. 356. 735. 714. 741. 744. 714. 738. 717. 360. 384. STONE  
 000. 000. 000. 356. 356. 735. 714. 741. 744. 714. 738. 717. 360. 384. GRAIN  
 000. 000. 000. 356. 356. 735. 714. 741. 744. 714. 738. 717. 360. 384. U BULK  
 000. 000. 000. 356. 356. 735. 714. 741. 744. 714. 738. 717. 360. 384. G CARGO



738.	000.	000.	356.	356.	735.	714.	741.	744.	714.	738.	717.	360.	384.	ORE EXT 2
738.	000.	000.	356.	356.	735.	714.	741.	744.	714.	738.	717.	360.	384.	CUAL
000.	000.	000.	356.	356.	735.	714.	741.	744.	714.	738.	717.	360.	384.	STONE
000.	000.	000.	356.	356.	735.	714.	741.	744.	714.	738.	717.	360.	384.	GRAIN
000.	000.	000.	356.	356.	735.	714.	741.	744.	714.	738.	717.	360.	384.	U BULK
000.	000.	000.	356.	356.	735.	714.	741.	744.	714.	738.	717.	360.	384.	G CARGO
738.	669.	000.	356.	356.	735.	714.	741.	744.	714.	738.	717.	360.	384.	ORE EXT 3
738.	669.	000.	356.	356.	735.	714.	741.	744.	714.	738.	717.	360.	384.	COAL
000.	000.	000.	356.	356.	735.	714.	741.	744.	714.	738.	717.	360.	384.	STONE
000.	000.	000.	356.	356.	735.	714.	741.	744.	714.	738.	717.	360.	384.	GRAIN
000.	000.	000.	356.	356.	735.	714.	741.	744.	714.	738.	717.	360.	384.	U BULK
000.	000.	000.	356.	356.	735.	714.	741.	744.	714.	738.	717.	360.	384.	G CARGO
738.	669.	741.	356.	356.	735.	714.	741.	744.	714.	738.	717.	360.	384.	ORE EXT 4
738.	669.	741.	356.	356.	735.	714.	741.	744.	714.	738.	717.	360.	384.	COAL
000.	000.	000.	356.	356.	735.	714.	741.	744.	714.	738.	717.	360.	384.	STONE
000.	000.	000.	356.	356.	735.	714.	741.	744.	714.	738.	717.	360.	384.	GRAIN
000.	000.	000.	356.	356.	735.	714.	741.	744.	714.	738.	717.	360.	384.	U BULK
000.	000.	000.	356.	356.	735.	714.	741.	744.	714.	738.	717.	360.	384.	G CARGO

VESSEL SPEED BY MONTH AND CLASS (VSA)

JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	DEC	
00.0	00.0	00.0	13.0	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.6	4 EXT 1
00.0	00.0	00.0	13.1	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.8	5
00.0	00.0	00.0	13.9	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.6	6
00.0	00.0	00.0	14.0	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.6	7
00.0	00.0	00.0	14.2	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.8	8
00.0	00.0	00.0	14.5	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.8	9
00.0	00.0	00.0	14.5	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.8	10
11.6	00.0	00.0	13.0	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.6	EXT 2
12.5	00.0	00.0	13.1	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.8	
14.2	00.0	00.0	13.9	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.6	
13.7	00.0	00.0	14.0	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.6	
13.9	00.0	00.0	14.2	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.8	
14.1	00.0	00.0	14.5	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.8	
14.1	00.0	00.0	14.5	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.8	
11.6	09.3	00.0	13.0	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.6	EXT 3
12.5	10.1	00.0	13.1	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.8	
13.2	10.7	00.0	13.9	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.6	
13.7	11.9	00.0	14.0	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.6	
13.9	12.7	00.0	14.2	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.8	
14.1	12.7	00.0	14.5	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.8	
14.1	12.7	00.0	14.5	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.8	
11.6	09.3	09.9	13.0	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.6	EXT 4
12.5	10.1	10.5	13.1	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.8	
13.2	10.7	11.1	13.9	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.6	
13.7	11.9	12.0	14.0	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.6	
13.9	12.0	12.2	14.2	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.8	
14.1	12.7	13.0	14.5	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.8	
14.1	12.7	13.0	14.5	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.8	

RELATIVE DEMAND INDEXES (DIN)

JAN	FEB	MAR	E.A.P	L.A.P	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	E.DC	L.DC	
00.0	00.0	00.0	01.8	04.2	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	03.2	02.1	EXT 1
06.0	00.0	00.0	01.8	04.2	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	08.0	07.0	EXT 2
07.0	06.0	00.0	01.8	04.2	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	08.0	07.0	EXT 3
07.0	07.0	07.0	08.0	09.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	08.0	07.0	EXT 4

VESSEL RETIREMENT FRACTIONS (PU)

4	5	6	7	8	9	10	YEAR
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1978
0.56	0.30	0.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1985
1.00	0.50	0.30	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1990
1.00	0.80	0.50	0.10	0.20	0.00	0.00	2000
1.00	0.85	0.80	0.20	0.30	0.00	0.00	2010
1.00	0.95	0.85	0.30	0.80	0.00	0.20	2020
1.00	1.00	0.95	0.80	0.92	0.00	0.30	2030
1.00	1.00	1.00	0.85	1.00	1.00	0.50	2040
1.00	1.00	1.00	0.90	1.00	1.00	0.60	2050

BASE YEAR FLEET (BASE F)

4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
0.00	30.10	0.00	7.50	6.60	1.00	8.00	URE
1.40	6.30	1.00	0.30	0.00	0.00	1.00	CUAL
0.40	0.90	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	STONE
1.40	7.30	6.90	14.60	0.00	0.00	0.00	GRAIN
0.00	1.10	0.00	3.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	U BULK
2.70	0.00	3.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	G CARGO

BIASED TRAFFIC FACTOR (BTF)

JAN	FEB	MAR	E.A.P	L.A.P	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	E.DC	L.DC	
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.50	0.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.60	0.80	EXT 1
0.05	0.00	0.00	0.50	0.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.10	EXT 2
0.00	0.05	0.00	0.50	0.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.10	EXT 3
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.10	EXT 4

EXTENDED SEASON DISTRIBUTION FRACTIONS

J=1	F=2	M=3	
1.0000	0.0000	0.0000	ISN2
0.5000	0.5000	0.0000	ISN3
0.3333	0.3333	0.3333	ISN4



# WELLAND DATA FILE

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1,2          GOMOGO, DATA FILE IDENTIFIER
/           MAXIMUM VESSEL CLASS
0.1,0.0     SEASON EXTENSIONS
1.0,0       LOCKING TIMES (MUMMAL,LOW,HIGH)
0.70,0.70,0.70,0.70,0.70,0.70,0.70,0.70,0.70,0.70 SHIP UTILIZATION FACTORS
1.00,5.00,05.00,01.17,10.70,00.00,00.00,00.00 FACTOR,CALFAC,SYSFAC,SYSDAB,SYSTEM
FLEET MIX SHIP BUILDING FACTORS
ORE COAL STONE GRAIN UBULK UCARGO CLASS
0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.20 0.20 4
0.20 0.10 0.20 0.05 0.30 0.00 5
0.00 0.10 0.10 0.35 0.30 0.80 6
0.80 0.80 0.70 0.60 0.20 0.00 7
CARRYING CAPACITY BY SHIP CLASS (IN SHORT TONS)
4 5 6 7
09500. 21000. 15000. 27000. IRON ORE - STONE
08700. 14000. 15000. 21000. COAL - GRAIN
08700. 14000. 15000. 21000. OTHER BULK - GENERAL CARGO
VALIDATION TRANSIT DISTRIBUTION FACTORS
JAN FEB MAY APR APR MAY JUN JULY AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC DEC
.000 .000 .000 .030 .050 .130 .120 .120 .120 .120 .120 .120 .050 .020
.000 .000 .000 .040 .050 .130 .120 .120 .120 .120 .120 .120 .050 .010
.000 .000 .000 .000 .000 .000 .000 .000 .000 .000 .000 .000 .000 .000
CARGO PROJECTIONS **** 1978 **** (SHORT TONS / YEAR)
DOWNBOUND
16022. 2791. 2994. 6666. 1282. 110. 4919. 722. 5906. 1217.
1. 1638. 2755. 998. 116.
**** 1978 ****
UPBOUND
0. 0. 6. 0. 0. 46. 11219. 0. 0. 613.
488. 427. 2335. 1195. 3598.
**** 1985 ****
DOWNBOUND
20781. 2015. 4449. 7252. 1298. 112. 4855. 754. 5615. 1322.
1. 1825. 3234. 1088. 204.
**** 1985 ****
UPBOUND
0. 0. 8. 0. 0. 49. 12000. 0. 0. 664.
600. 487. 2375. 1303. 8447.
**** 1990 ****
DOWNBOUND
23346. 2136. 5666. 6237. 1311. 126. 5418. 901. 5155. 1400.
2. 1973. 3594. 1157. 188.
**** 1990 ****
UPBOUND
0. 0. 20. 0. 0. 55. 13383. 0. 0. 701.
484. 531. 2415. 1386. 6864.
**** 2000 ****
DOWNBOUND
24290. 2355. 6517. 5866. 1337. 139. 5497. 1052. 5714. 1541.
2. 2244. 4281. 1307. 223.
**** 2000 ****
UPBOUND
0. 0. 23. 0. 0. 42. 15309. 0. 0. 768.
899. 420. 2469. 1569. 7142.
**** 2010 ****
DOWNBOUND
26120. 2497. 7259. 6405. 1364. 157. 5895. 1250. 5718. 1694.
2. 2646. 4963. 1477. 287.
**** 2010 ****
UPBOUND
0. 0. 25. 0. 0. 49. 17544. 0. 0. 842.
1048. 729. 2529. 1776. 8845.
**** 2020 ****
DOWNBOUND
28024. 2547. 7934. 7062. 1391. 180. 6342. 1485. 5723. 1863.
2. 3188. 5739. 1668. 304.
**** 2020 ****
UPBOUND
0. 0. 25. 0. 0. 80. 19911. 0. 0. 924.
1445. 861. 2454. 2011. 7058.
**** 2030 ****
DOWNBOUND
30626. 2598. 8609. 7712. 1419. 206. 6846. 1764. 5729. 2050.
2. 3940. 6358. 1885. 439.
**** 2030 ****
UPBOUND
0. 0. 25. 0. 0. 90. 22445. 0. 0. 1013.
1837. 1024. 2517. 2276. 11178.
**** 2040 ****
DOWNBOUND
33228. 2651. 9286. 8341. 1448. 236. 7411. 2096. 5736. 2259.
2. 5018. 7678. 2130. 584.
**** 2040 ****
UPBOUND
0. 0. 25. 0. 0. 101. 25125. 0. 0. 1113.
2338. 1224. 2596. 2576. 14645.
**** 2050 ****

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000.	000.	000.	000.	348.	725.	704.	728.	724.	698.	717.	694.	360.	000.	
000.	000.	000.	000.	348.	725.	704.	728.	724.	698.	717.	694.	360.	000.	
000.	000.	000.	000.	348.	725.	704.	728.	724.	698.	717.	694.	360.	000.	EXT. 4
264.	275.	000.	189.	348.	725.	704.	728.	724.	698.	717.	694.	360.	134.	
264.	275.	000.	189.	348.	725.	704.	728.	724.	698.	717.	694.	360.	134.	
000.	000.	000.	000.	348.	725.	704.	728.	724.	698.	717.	694.	360.	000.	
000.	000.	000.	000.	348.	725.	704.	728.	724.	698.	717.	694.	360.	000.	
000.	000.	000.	000.	348.	725.	704.	728.	724.	698.	717.	694.	360.	000.	
000.	000.	000.	000.	348.	725.	704.	728.	724.	698.	717.	694.	360.	000.	
000.	000.	000.	000.	348.	725.	704.	728.	724.	698.	717.	694.	360.	000.	
VESSEL SPEED BY MONTH AND CLASS (VSA)														
JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	DEC		
00.0	00.0	00.0	00.0	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	4	
00.0	00.0	00.0	00.0	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	5	
00.0	00.0	00.0	00.0	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	6	
00.0	00.0	00.0	00.0	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	7	
00.0	00.0	00.0	00.0	10.7	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	EXT. 2	
00.0	00.0	00.0	00.0	11.8	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7		
00.0	00.0	00.0	00.0	13.4	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7		
00.0	00.0	00.0	00.0	12.2	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7		
11.6	00.0	00.0	10.7	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	EXT. 3	
12.7	00.0	00.0	11.8	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7		
13.9	00.0	00.0	13.4	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7		
13.1	00.0	00.0	12.2	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7		
11.6	08.7	00.0	10.7	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	EXT. 4	
12.7	09.5	00.0	11.8	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7		
13.9	12.0	00.0	13.4	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7		
13.1	09.9	00.0	12.2	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7		
RELATIVE DEMAND INDEXES (DIN)														
JAN	FEB	MAR	E. AP	L. AP	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	E. DC	L. DC	
00.0	00.0	00.0	00.0	07.1	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	06.0	00.0	EXT. 1
00.0	00.0	00.0	06.0	07.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	08.0	07.0	EXT. 2
06.0	00.0	00.0	06.0	07.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	08.0	07.0	EXT. 3
07.0	06.0	00.0	07.0	06.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	08.0	07.0	EXT. 4
VESSEL RETIREMENT FRACTIONS (PU)														
4	5	6	7	YEAR										
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1978										
0.56	0.30	0.20	0.00	1985										
1.00	0.50	0.30	0.00	1990										
1.00	0.80	0.50	0.10	2000										
1.00	0.85	0.80	0.20	2010										
1.00	0.95	0.85	0.30	2020										
1.00	1.00	0.95	0.80	2030										
1.00	1.00	1.00	0.85	2040										
1.00	1.00	1.00	0.90	2050										
BASE YEAR FLEET (BASEFT)														
4	5	6	7	ORE										
6.10	1.60	0.00	8.20	COAL										
1.00	0.40	0.00	1.50	STONE										
2.00	2.00	0.00	0.20	GRAIN										
6.90	5.80	21.00	10.40	BULK										
0.40	1.10	6.40	0.60	CARGO										
5.20	0.50	10.10	0.00											
BIASED TRAFFIC FACTOR (DTF)														
JAN	FEB	MAR	E. AP	L. AP	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	E. DC	L. DC	
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.60	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.75	0.00	EXT. 1
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.50	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.50	EXT. 2
0.50	0.00	0.00	0.50	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.00	EXT. 3
0.00	0.50	0.00	0.50	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.00	EXT. 4
EXTENDED SEASON DISTRIBUTION FRACTIONS														
J=1	F=2	M=3	EAP=4	LDEC=5										
0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.5000	0.5000										
0.5000	0.0000	0.0000	0.2500	0.2500										
0.3333	0.3333	0.0000	0.1667	0.1667										
CAPACITY INCREASE WITH DEPTH (SHORT TONS PER INCH)														
4	5	6	7											
0.00	91.80	61.80	113.10											
1	CAPACITY EXPANSION? 1=YES, 0=NO													
1	CAPACITY EXPANSION MEASURE													
0.075	0.075	LOCKING TIME												
0.050	0.050	REDUCTION FACTORS												
0.050	0.025	TRAVELING LEVELS												
0.030	0.030	INCREASE SHIP SPEED												
0.130	0.130	FASTER DUMP-FILL												
5	TRAFFIC CONTROL													
1	MAXIMUM UTILITY													
3	LOCKING TIME REDUCTION SELECTOR													
32.0	CAPACITY EXPANSION?													
0	INCREASE ALLOWABLE DRAFT													
0	NEW DRAFT													
2	DEEPER DRAFT AND LARGER SHIPS													
11	CAPACITY EXPANSION MEASURE 2													
0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70	BUILD LARGER LULKS									
					MAXIMUM SHIP CLASS									
					ZBHF									

FLEET MIX BUILDING FACTORS							CLASS
ORE	COAL	STONE	GRAIN	OBULK	GCARGO		
0.00	0.00	0.25	0.00	0.20	0.10		4
0.00	0.00	0.05	0.00	0.30	0.10		5
0.10	0.05	0.10	0.15	0.30	0.40		6
0.10	0.35	0.60	0.05	0.20	0.05		7
0.00	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.30		8
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05		9
0.40	0.40	0.00	0.40	0.00	0.00		10
0.20	0.10	0.00	0.20	0.00	0.00		11
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		12

SHIP CARRYING CAPACITIES						CLASS
8	9	10	11	12		
28000.	45000.	60000.	72000.	90000.		ORE
24000.	28000.	60000.	72000.	90000.		COAL
28000.	45000.	60000.	72000.	90000.		STONE
24000.	28000.	60000.	72000.	90000.		GRAIN
24000.	28000.	60000.	72000.	90000.		O BULK
24000.	28000.	60000.	72000.	90000.		G CARGO

LUCKING TIMES (NORMAL)								
4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
34.0	34.0	38.0	40.0	45.0	53.0	57.0	61.0	73.0
34.0	34.0	38.0	40.0	45.0	53.0	57.0	61.0	73.0
34.0	34.0	38.0	40.0	45.0	53.0	57.0	61.0	73.0
34.0	34.0	38.0	40.0	45.0	53.0	57.0	61.0	73.0

LUCKING TIMES (LOW)								
4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
34.0	34.0	38.0	40.0	45.0	53.0	57.0	61.0	73.0
34.0	34.0	38.0	40.0	45.0	53.0	57.0	61.0	73.0
34.0	34.0	38.0	40.0	45.0	53.0	57.0	61.0	73.0
34.0	34.0	38.0	40.0	45.0	53.0	57.0	61.0	73.0

LUCKING TIME (HIGH)								
4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
34.0	34.0	38.0	40.0	45.0	53.0	57.0	61.0	73.0
34.0	34.0	38.0	40.0	45.0	53.0	57.0	61.0	73.0
34.0	34.0	38.0	40.0	45.0	53.0	57.0	61.0	73.0
34.0	34.0	38.0	40.0	45.0	53.0	57.0	61.0	73.0

LUCKING TIME STANDARD DEVIATION								
4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
2.7	2.7	2.8	3.0	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8
2.7	2.7	2.8	3.0	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8
2.7	2.7	2.8	3.0	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8
2.7	2.7	2.8	3.0	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8

LOADING RATES							CLASS
ORE	COAL	STONE	GRAIN	OBULK	GCARGO		
2800.	9000.	2800.	1481.	600.	150.		8
2800.	9000.	2800.	1481.	600.	150.		9
2800.	9000.	2800.	1481.	600.	150.		10
2800.	9000.	2800.	1481.	600.	150.		11
2800.	9000.	2800.	1481.	600.	150.		12

UNLOADING RATES							CLASS
ORE	COAL	STONE	GRAIN	OBULK	GCARGO		
11200.	6720.	6720.	1266.	143.	150.		8
11200.	6720.	6720.	1266.	143.	150.		9
11200.	6720.	6720.	1266.	143.	150.		10
11200.	6720.	6720.	1266.	143.	150.		11
11200.	6720.	6720.	1266.	143.	150.		12

VESSEL SPEED													
JAN	FEB	MAR	1APR	2APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	1DEC	2DEC
0.0	0.0	0.0	14.2	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.8
0.0	0.0	0.0	14.2	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.8
0.0	0.0	0.0	14.2	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.8
0.0	0.0	0.0	14.2	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.8
0.0	0.0	0.0	14.2	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.8

RETIREMENT PERCENTAGES					
8	9	10	11	12	
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1978
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1985
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1990
0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2000
0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2010
0.8	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	2020
0.92	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	2030
1.0	1.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	2040
1.0	1.0	0.6	0.1	0.0	2050

CAPACITY INCREASE WITH DEPTH				
8	9	10	11	12
115.60	147.10	207.10	228.60	250.00

CAPACITY EXPANSION?	
0	

## ST. LAWRENCE RIVER DATA FILE

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1.3          GONOGO, DATA FILE IDENTIFIER
/            MAXIMUM VESSEL CLASS
0.1.0.0     SEASON EXTENSIONS
1.0.0       LOCKING TIMES (NORMAL,LOW,HIGH)
0.70,0.70,0.70,0.70,0.70,0.70,0.70,0.70,0.70 SHIP UTILIZATION FACTORS
1.00,5.00,05.00,00.00,36.00,00.33,00.00,00.00 FACTOR,CALFAC,SYSFAC,SYBADD,SYSTEM
FLEET MIX SHIP BUILDING FACTORS
URE  COAL  STONE  GRAIN  BULK  GCARGO  CLASS
0.00  0.00  0.00  0.00  0.20  0.20      4
0.20  0.10  0.20  0.05  0.30  0.00      5
0.00  0.10  0.10  0.35  0.30  0.80      6
0.80  0.80  0.70  0.60  0.20  0.00      7
CARRYING CAPACITY BY SHIP CLASS (IN SHORT TONS)
4      5      6      7
0V500. 21000. 15000. 27000. IRON ORE - STONE
0M700. 14000. 15000. 21000. COAL - GRAIN
0B700. 14000. 15000. 21000. BULK - GENERAL CARGO
TRANSIT DISTRIBUTION FACTOR FOR VALIDATION
JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC DEC
.000 .000 .000 .020 .040 .130 .124 .124 .124 .124 .130 .040 .020
.000 .000 .000 .030 .045 .125 .120 .120 .120 .120 .125 .040 .035
.000 .000 .000 .000 .000 .000 .000 .000 .000 .000 .000 .000 .000
CARGO PROJECTIONS **** 1978 **** (SHORT TONS / YEAR)
DOWNBOUND
15549. 2365. 2883. 6666. 1282. 110. 0. 809. 1. 889.
1. 1127. 2675. 1118. 194.
**** 1978 ****
UPBOUND
0. 0. 6. 0. 0. 46. 16592. 17. 1003. 1985.
107. 827. 2366. 1868. 3723.
**** 1985 ****
DOWNBOUND
20034. 1704. 4283. 7252. 1298. 112. 0. 861. 1. 965.
1. 1267. 3131. 1220. 306.
**** 1985 ****
UPBOUND
0. 0. 8. 0. 0. 49. 16015. 16. 1095. 2100.
132. 922. 2406. 2038. 8610.
**** 1990 ****
DOWNBOUND
22478. 1807. 5463. 6237. 1311. 126. 0. 1050. 1. 1021.
1. 1378. 3489. 1297. 314.
**** 1990 ****
UPBOUND
0. 0. 20. 0. 0. 55. 19873. 18. 1161. 2181.
151. 996. 2441. 2165. 7066.
**** 2000 ****
DOWNBOUND
23337. 1991. 6284. 5866. 1337. 139. 0. 1234. 1. 1124.
2. 1626. 4140. 1460. 403.
**** 2000 ****
UPBOUND
0. 0. 23. 0. 0. 62. 20263. 18. 1279. 2334.
200. 1150. 2498. 2430. 7432.
**** 2010 ****
DOWNBOUND
25081. 2112. 7048. 6405. 1364. 157. 0. 1466. 2. 1235.
2. 1957. 4831. 1645. 529.
**** 2010 ****
UPBOUND
0. 0. 25. 0. 0. 69. 22495. 19. 1411. 2500.
256. 1321. 2559. 2727. 9237.
**** 2020 ****
DOWNBOUND
26898. 2154. 7647. 7062. 1391. 180. 0. 1742. 3. 1358.
2. 2418. 5565. 1852. 628.
**** 2020 ****
UPBOUND
0. 0. 25. 0. 0. 80. 24860. 19. 1556. 2679.
327. 1524. 2635. 3060. 7588.
**** 2030 ****
DOWNBOUND
29381. 2198. 8296. 7712. 1419. 206. 0. 2071. 2. 1494.
2. 3079. 6449. 2086. 875.
**** 2030 ****
UPBOUND
0. 0. 25. 0. 0. 90. 27389. 20. 1715. 2875.
418. 1768. 2728. 3435. 11890.
**** 2040 ****
DOWNBOUND
31864. 2242. 8946. 8341. 1448. 236. 0. 2460. 3. 1646.
2. 4051. 7474. 2350. 1171.
**** 2040 ****
UPBOUND
0. 0. 25. 0. 0. 103. 30067. 20. 1890. 3087.
534. 2061. 2842. 3857. 15603.
**** 2050 ****

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DOWNBOUND  
 34289. 2287. 10244. 9108. 1462. 270. 0. 2923. 4. 1817.  
 J. 5508. 8465. 2648. 1551.  
 \*\*\*\*\* 2050 \*\*\*\*\*  
 UPBOUND  
 0. 0. 25. 0. 0. 119. 33016. 21. 2084. 3319.  
 682. 2416. 2982. 4331. 14441.  
 HOURS AVAILABLE FOR LOCKING OPERATIONS BY MONTH  
 JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEPT OCT NOV DEC DEC  
 23.2 23.0 23.7 23.2 23.2 23.2 23.3 23.3 23.2 23.2 23.2 22.9 23.2 23.2  
 LOCKING TIME IN MINUTES BY SHIP CLASS  
 4 5 6 7 SHIP CLASS  
 0034. 0034. 0039. 0041. DOWN FOR CONSTRAINING LOCK  
 0034. 0034. 0040. 0041. UP  
 0031. 0031. 0036. 0037. DOWN FOR NON-CONSTRAINING LOCK  
 0031. 0031. 0036. 0037. UP  
 LOW TIMES  
 4 5 6 7 SHIP CLASS  
 0034. 0034. 0038. 0040. DOWN FOR CONSTRAINING LOCK  
 0033. 0033. 0039. 0040. UP  
 0031. 0031. 0035. 0036. DOWN FOR NON-CONSTRAINING LOCK  
 0031. 0031. 0035. 0036. UP  
 HIGH TIMES  
 4 5 6 7 SHIP CLASS  
 0035. 0035. 0040. 0042. DOWN FOR CONSTRAINING LOCK  
 0035. 0035. 0041. 0041. UP  
 0032. 0032. 0037. 0039. DOWN FOR NON-CONSTRAINING LOCK  
 0032. 0032. 0037. 0037. UP  
 LOCKING TIME STANDARD DEVIATION IN MINUTES BY SHIP CLASS  
 4 5 6 7 SHIP CLASS  
 002.7 002.7 002.8 003.0 DOWN FOR CONSTRAINING LOCK  
 002.7 002.7 002.8 003.0 UP  
 002.3 002.3 002.7 002.8 DOWN FOR NON-CONSTRAINING LOCK  
 002.3 002.3 002.7 002.8 UP  
 VALIDATION BIAS TRAFFIC FACTORS  
 E.AP L.AP E.DC L.DC  
 01.00 00.80 00.20 00.80  
 TURNBACK TIME IN MINUTES BY LOCK  
 LUN. NON-C.  
 0000. 0000. 0000.  
 SHIP COST (\$/HOUR) BY SHIP CLASS  
 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 SHIP CLASS  
 000373. 000396. 000254. 000435. 000423. 000553. 000579. 000632. OPERATING COST  
 000287. 000356. 000238. 000438. 000493. 000630. 000767. 000877. CAPITAL COST  
 NON-COMMERCIAL CRAFT DAILY ARRIVAL - ICE LOCKAGES  
 JAN FEB MAR APR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC DEC  
 00.0 00.0 00.0 00.0 00.0 00.0 01.0 01.5 01.5 01.0 00.0 00.0 00.0 UP  
 02.0 03.0 03.0 01.0 00.0 00.0 01.0 01.5 01.5 01.0 00.0 00.0 00.0 UN  
 LOADING FACTOR - FLOAD  
 U C S G OB GC  
 1.001.001.001.000.850.85  
 ONE WAY DISTANCES(DISTN)  
 UKE COAL STONE GRAIN O BULK G CARGO  
 01025. 00237. 00187. 01412. 00542. 01080. UN  
 00588. 00589. 00589. 01043. 00589. 00684. UP  
 LOADING RATE (FILL)  
 UKE COAL STONE GRAIN O BULK G CARGO  
 02800. 09000. 02800. 01481. 00600. 00150. 4  
 02800. 09000. 02800. 01481. 00600. 00150. 5  
 02800. 09000. 02800. 01481. 00600. 00150. 6  
 02800. 09000. 02800. 01481. 00600. 00150. 7  
 UNLOADING RATE (EMPTY)  
 UKE COAL STONE GRAIN O BULK G CARGO  
 02800. 01848. 00700. 01266. 00143. 00150. 4  
 02800. 01848. 00700. 01266. 00143. 00150. 5  
 02800. 01848. 00700. 01266. 00143. 00150. 6  
 11200. 06720. 11200. 01266. 00143. 00150. 7  
 HOURS PER MO. PER SEASON EXTENSION (HRS)  
 JAN FEB MAR APR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC DEC  
 000. 000. 000. 000. 347. 718. 698. 722. 718. 690. 714. 688. 359. 000. UKE EXT. 1  
 000. 000. 000. 000. 347. 718. 698. 722. 718. 690. 714. 688. 359. 000. COAL  
 000. 000. 000. 000. 347. 718. 698. 722. 718. 690. 714. 688. 359. 000. STONE  
 000. 000. 000. 000. 347. 718. 698. 722. 718. 690. 714. 688. 359. 000. GRAIN  
 000. 000. 000. 000. 347. 718. 698. 722. 718. 690. 714. 688. 359. 000. O BULK  
 000. 000. 000. 000. 347. 718. 698. 722. 718. 690. 714. 688. 359. 000. G CARGO  
 000. 000. 000. 188. 347. 718. 698. 722. 718. 690. 714. 688. 359. 131. ORE EXT. 2  
 000. 000. 000. 188. 347. 718. 698. 722. 718. 690. 714. 688. 359. 131. COAL  
 000. 000. 000. 188. 347. 718. 698. 722. 718. 690. 714. 688. 359. 131. STONE  
 000. 000. 000. 188. 347. 718. 698. 722. 718. 690. 714. 688. 359. 131. GRAIN  
 000. 000. 000. 188. 347. 718. 698. 722. 718. 690. 714. 688. 359. 131. O BULK  
 000. 000. 000. 188. 347. 718. 698. 722. 718. 690. 714. 688. 359. 131. G CARGO  
 256. 000. 000. 188. 347. 718. 698. 722. 718. 690. 714. 688. 359. 131. UKE EXT. 3  
 256. 000. 000. 188. 347. 718. 698. 722. 718. 690. 714. 688. 359. 131. COAL  
 000. 000. 000. 000. 347. 718. 698. 722. 718. 690. 714. 688. 359. 000. STONE  
 000. 000. 000. 000. 347. 718. 698. 722. 718. 690. 714. 688. 359. 000. GRAIN



000.	000.	000.	000.	347.	718.	698.	722.	718.	690.	714.	688.	359.	000.	U BULK
000.	000.	000.	000.	347.	718.	698.	722.	718.	690.	714.	688.	359.	000.	G CARGO
256.	267.	000.	188.	347.	718.	698.	722.	718.	690.	714.	688.	359.	131.	ORE EXT. 4
000.	000.	000.	000.	347.	718.	698.	722.	718.	690.	714.	688.	359.	000.	COAL
000.	000.	000.	000.	347.	718.	698.	722.	718.	690.	714.	688.	359.	000.	STONE
000.	000.	000.	000.	347.	718.	698.	722.	718.	690.	714.	688.	359.	000.	GRAIN
000.	000.	000.	000.	347.	718.	698.	722.	718.	690.	714.	688.	359.	000.	O BULK
000.	000.	000.	000.	347.	718.	698.	722.	718.	690.	714.	688.	359.	000.	G CARGO

VESSEL SPEED BY MONTH AND CLASS (VSA)

JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	DEC		
00.0	00.0	00.0	00.0	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.0	4	EXT. 1
00.0	00.0	00.0	00.0	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	13.7	5	
00.0	00.0	00.0	00.0	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.4	6	
00.0	00.0	00.0	00.0	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.0	7	
00.0	00.0	00.0	10.7	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.0	4	EXT. 2
00.0	00.0	00.0	11.8	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	13.7	5	
00.0	00.0	00.0	13.4	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.4	6	
00.0	00.0	00.0	12.2	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.0	7	
11.6	00.0	00.0	10.7	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.0	4	EXT. 3
12.7	00.0	00.0	11.8	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	13.7	5	
13.9	00.0	00.0	13.4	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.4	6	
13.1	00.0	00.0	12.2	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.0	7	
11.6	08.7	00.0	10.7	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.0	4	EXT. 4
12.7	09.5	00.0	11.8	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	13.7	5	
13.9	12.0	00.0	13.4	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.4	6	
13.1	09.9	00.0	12.2	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.0	7	

RELATIVE DEMAND INDEXES (DIN)

JAN	FEB	MAR	E.AP	L.AP	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	E.DC	L.DC	
00.0	00.0	00.0	00.0	06.2	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	06.3	00.0	EXT. 1
00.0	00.0	00.0	06.0	07.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	08.0	07.0	EXT. 2
06.0	00.0	00.0	06.0	07.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	08.0	07.0	EXT. 3
07.0	06.0	00.0	06.0	07.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	08.0	07.0	EXT. 4

VESSEL RETIREMENT FRACTIONS (PO)

4	5	6	7	YEAR
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1978
0.56	0.30	0.20	0.00	1985
1.00	0.50	0.30	0.00	1990
1.00	0.80	0.50	0.00	2000
1.00	0.85	0.80	0.20	2010
1.00	0.95	0.85	0.30	2020
1.00	1.00	0.95	0.80	2030
1.00	1.00	1.00	0.85	2040
1.00	1.00	1.00	0.90	2050

BASE YEAR FLEET (BASEFT)

4	5	6	7	
0.00	5.70	0.00	6.40	ORE
0.90	0.30	0.00	0.50	COAL
0.30	0.70	0.40	0.10	STONE
11.20	4.70	22.10	7.90	GRAIN
2.80	0.40	7.40	0.00	O BULK
4.20	0.70	11.40	0.00	G CARGO

BIASED TRAFFIC FACTOR (BTF)

JAN	FEB	MAR	E.AP	L.AP	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	E.DC	L.DC	
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.90	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.50	0.00	EXT. 1
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.50	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.00	EXT. 2
0.50	0.00	0.00	0.50	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.00	EXT. 3
0.00	0.50	0.00	0.50	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.00	EXT. 4

EXTENDED SEASON DISTRIBUTION FRACTIONS

J=1 F=2 M=3 EAPR=4 LUEC=5

0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.5000	0.5000	ISN1
0.5000	0.0000	0.0000	0.2500	0.2500	ISN3
0.3333	0.3333	0.0000	0.1667	0.1667	ISN4

CAPACITY INCREASE WITH DPTH (SHORT TONS PER INCH)

4	5	6	7
0.00	91.80	61.80	113.10

CAPACITY EXPANSION? 1=YES, 0=NO

1 CAPACITY EXPANSION MEASURE

0.075 0.075 LOCKING TIME TRAVELING KEELS

0.025 0.025 REDUCTION FACTORS INCREASE SHIP SPEED

0.055 0.010 FASTER DUMP-FILL

0.045 0.045 TRAFFIC CONTROL

0.130 0.130 MAXIMUM UTILITY

5 LOCKING TIME REDUCTION SELECTOR

1 CAPACITY EXPANSION?

3 INCREASE ALLOWABLE DRAFT

32.0 NEW DRAFT

0 DEEPER DRAFT AND LARGER SHIPS

0 CAPACITY EXPANSION MEASURE 2

2 BUILD LARGER LOCKS

11 MAXIMUM SHIP CLASS

0.70 0.70 0.70 0.70 0.70 ZBHF

FLEET MIX BUILDING FACTORS							CLASS
ORE	COAL	STONE	GRAIN	OBULK	GCARGO		
0.00	0.00	0.25	0.00	0.20	0.10		4
0.00	0.00	0.05	0.00	0.30	0.10		5
0.10	0.05	0.10	0.15	0.30	0.40		6
0.10	0.35	0.60	0.05	0.20	0.05		7
0.00	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.30		8
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05		9
0.60	0.40	0.00	0.60	0.00	0.00		10
0.20	0.10	0.00	0.20	0.00	0.00		11
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		12

SHIP CARRYING CAPACITIES							
8	9	10	11	12			
28000.	45000.	60000.	72000.	90000.		ORE	
24000.	28000.	60000.	72000.	90000.		COAL	
28000.	45000.	60000.	72000.	90000.		STONE	
24000.	28000.	60000.	72000.	90000.		GRAIN	
24000.	28000.	60000.	72000.	90000.		U BULK	
24000.	28000.	60000.	72000.	90000.		G CARGO	

LUCKING TIMES (NORMAL)							
4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
34.0	34.0	38.0	40.0	45.0	53.0	57.0	61.0
34.0	34.0	38.0	40.0	45.0	53.0	57.0	61.0
34.0	34.0	38.0	40.0	45.0	53.0	57.0	61.0
34.0	34.0	38.0	40.0	45.0	53.0	57.0	61.0

LUCKING TIMES (LOW)							
4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
34.0	34.0	38.0	40.0	45.0	53.0	57.0	61.0
34.0	34.0	38.0	40.0	45.0	53.0	57.0	61.0
34.0	34.0	38.0	40.0	45.0	53.0	57.0	61.0
34.0	34.0	38.0	40.0	45.0	53.0	57.0	61.0

LUCKING TIME (HIGH)							
4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
34.0	34.0	38.0	40.0	45.0	53.0	57.0	61.0
34.0	34.0	38.0	40.0	45.0	53.0	57.0	61.0
34.0	34.0	38.0	40.0	45.0	53.0	57.0	61.0
34.0	34.0	38.0	40.0	45.0	53.0	57.0	61.0

LUCKING TIME STANDARD DEVIATION							
4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
2.7	2.7	2.8	3.0	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8
2.7	2.7	2.8	3.0	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8
2.7	2.7	2.8	3.0	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8
2.7	2.7	2.8	3.0	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8

LOADING RATES							CLASS
ORE	COAL	STONE	GRAIN	OBULK	GCARGO		
2800.	9000.	2800.	1481.	600.	150.		8
2800.	9000.	2800.	1481.	600.	150.		9
2800.	9000.	2800.	1481.	600.	150.		10
2800.	9000.	2800.	1481.	600.	150.		11
2800.	9000.	2800.	1481.	600.	150.		12

UNLOADING RATES							CLASS
ORE	COAL	STONE	GRAIN	OBULK	GCARGO		
11200.	6720.	6720.	1266.	143.	150.		8
11200.	6720.	6720.	1266.	143.	150.		9
11200.	6720.	6720.	1266.	143.	150.		10
11200.	6720.	6720.	1266.	143.	150.		11
11200.	6720.	6720.	1266.	143.	150.		12

VESSEL SPEED													
JAN	FEB	MAR	1APR	2APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	UCT	NOV	1DEC	2DEC
0.0	0.0	0.0	14.2	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.8
0.0	0.0	0.0	14.2	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.8
0.0	0.0	0.0	14.2	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.8
0.0	0.0	0.0	14.2	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.8
0.0	0.0	0.0	14.2	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.8

RETIREMENT PERCENTAGES						
H	9	10	11	12		
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		1978
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		1985
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		1990
0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		2000
0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		2010
0.8	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0		2020
0.92	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0		2030
1.0	1.0	0.5	0.0	0.0		2040
1.0	1.0	0.6	0.1	0.0		2050

CAPACITY INCREASE WITH DEPTH				
H	9	10	11	12
115.40	167.10	207.10	228.60	250.00

CAPACITY EXPANSION?	
0	

APPENDIX D  
SAMPLE OUTPUT LISTING

\*\*\*\* GL/SLS LOCK CAPACITY MODEL \*\*\*\*  
 \*\*\*\* SNU LOCK SYSTEM \*\*\*\*  
 \*\*\*\* 1985 \*\*\*\*  
 \*\*\*\* SEASON EXTENSION 1: LOCKING TIME NORM \*\*\*\*

\*\*\*\* PROJECTED CARGO TONNAGE \*\*\*\*  
 (THOUSAND SHORT TONS)

	1 APRIL		2 APRIL		MAY		JUNE		JULY	
	UP	DOWN TOTAL	UP	DOWN TOTAL	UP	DOWN TOTAL	UP	DOWN TOTAL	UP	DOWN TOTAL
WHEAT	0	253	0	622	0	3058	0	2970	0	3083
SOY BEANS	0	1	0	2	0	8	0	8	0	8
BARLEY+RYE	0	56	0	138	0	478	0	459	0	484
CORN	0	16	0	38	0	188	0	182	0	189
OIL SEED	0	14	0	35	0	173	0	168	0	175
LIMESTONE	23	0	56	0	275	0	267	0	277	0
IRON ORE	2	813	5	1981	26	9740	26	9462	26	9820
COAL	73	52	178	127	874	625	849	607	881	630
RAW MAIL	1	1	1	2	6	11	6	10	6	11
PETROLEUM	13	2	31	4	153	20	149	20	155	20
CEMENT	10	0	26	0	126	0	123	0	128	0
MINERALS	6	1	14	1	67	7	65	6	68	7
DRY BULK	1	21	3	52	13	254	13	246	14	256
GEN CARGO	8	7	20	17	99	83	96	81	100	84
STEEL PROD	1	3	2	8	12	38	12	37	12	38
TOTALS	138	1240	336	3027	1651	14883	1606	14456	1667	15005
										16670

	AUGUST		SEPTEMBER		OCTOBER		NOVEMBER		1 DECEMBER	
	UP	DOWN TOTAL	UP	DOWN TOTAL	UP	DOWN TOTAL	UP	DOWN TOTAL	UP	DOWN TOTAL
WHEAT	0	3095	0	2970	0	3070	0	2983	0	479
SOY BEANS	0	8	0	8	0	8	0	8	0	1
BARLEY+RYE	0	487	0	459	0	481	0	462	0	104
CORN	0	190	0	182	0	189	0	183	0	29
OIL SEED	0	175	0	168	0	174	0	169	0	27
LIMESTONE	278	0	267	0	276	0	268	0	43	0
IRON ORE	27	9859	26	9462	26	9780	26	9502	4	1527
COAL	885	633	849	607	878	628	853	610	137	98
RAW MAIL	6	11	6	10	6	11	6	11	1	2
PETROLEUM	155	20	149	20	154	20	150	20	24	3
CEMENT	128	0	123	0	127	0	123	0	20	0
MINERALS	68	7	65	6	74	7	66	6	11	1
DRY BULK	14	257	13	246	14	255	13	247	2	40
GEN CARGO	100	84	96	81	99	83	97	81	16	13
STEEL PROD	12	38	12	37	12	38	12	37	2	6
TOTALS	1673	15064	1606	14456	1660	14944	1614	14519	260	2332
										2592

	2 DECEMBER		JANUARY		FEBRUARY		MARCH		YEAR	
	UP	DOWN TOTAL	UP	DOWN TOTAL	UP	DOWN TOTAL	UP	DOWN TOTAL	UP	DOWN TOTAL
WHEAT	0	333	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	22916
SOY BEANS	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	41
BARLEY+RYE	0	74	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5084
CORN	0	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1406
OIL SEED	0	19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1297
LIMESTONE	30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2060	0
IRON ORE	3	1061	0	0	0	0	0	0	197	73007
COAL	95	68	0	0	0	0	0	0	6552	4685
RAW MAIL	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	46	81
PETROLEUM	17	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1150	151
CEMENT	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	948	0
MINERALS	7	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	505	50
DRY BULK	1	26	0	0	0	0	0	0	101	1902
GEN CARGO	11	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	742	623
STEEL PROD	1	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	90	284
TOTALS	180	1621	0	0	0	0	0	0	12391	111547
										123934

\*\*\*\* GL/SLS LUCK CAPACITY MODEL \*\*\*\*

\*\*\*\* SQU LUCK SYSTEM \*\*\*\*

\*\*\*\* 1985 \*\*\*\*

\*\*\*\* SEASON EXTENSION 1/ LOCKING TIME NORM \*\*\*\*

\*\*\*\* FLEET MIX \*\*\*\*

CLASS	ORE	COAL	STONE	GRAIN	O BULK	GCARGO	TOTAL
	NUMBER SHIPS	NUMBER SHIPS	NUMBER SHIPS	NUMBER SHIPS	NUMBER SHIPS	NUMBER SHIPS	
4	0.0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5	19.4	4.2	0.8	7.7	2.5	1.1	39.4
6	0.0	0	0	11.1	0.0	0.0	11.1
7	7.8	1.1	0.4	36.2	4.8	4.4	50.3
8	4.6	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.6
9	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0
10	9.4	1.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.9
TOTALS	44.4	8.3	1.4	55.4	14.4	5.5	129.4

COMPOSITE  
SHIP CLASS

4.5

5.6

5.5

6.5

5.4

6.3

7.0

\*\*\*\* VESSEL CHARACTERISTICS \*\*\*\*

VESSEL CLASS	VESSEL LENGTH (FT)	MIN	MAX	MEAN	VESEL SPEED (MPH)	MAXIMUM CARRYING CAPACITY (S.TONS)	VESEL UTILIZATION (%)	LOCKING TIME (MIN)	CAPACITY INCREASE WITH DRAFT (ST/IN)
3	(PLEASURE CRAFT)	0	599	13.8	13.8	9500	80	68	0.0
4	0	600	699	13.9	13.9	21000	80	65	91.8
5	400	699	799	14.7	14.7	15000	80	65	61.8
6	700	799	899	14.7	14.7	27000	80	61	113.1
7	750	849	949	14.9	14.9	28000	80	68	115.4
8	850	989	1089	14.9	14.9	45000	80	73	167.1
10	990	1099	1199	14.9	14.9	60000	80	89	207.1

CLASS 5 IS LAKERS OF CLASSES 5 AND 4

CLASS 6 IS OCEAN GOING VESSELS

\*\*\*\* BL/SLS LUCK CAPACITY MODEL \*\*\*\*

\*\*\*\* SDO LOCK SYSTEM \*\*\*\*

\*\*\*\* 1985 \*\*\*\*

\*\*\*\* SEASON EXTENSION 1) LOCKING TIME NORM \*\*\*\*

\*\*\*\*\* YEARLY TRANSITS BY COMMODITY AND CLASS \*\*\*\*\*

LOADED TRANSITS

CLASS	ORE		CUAL		STONE		GRAIN		OTHER BULK		GEN CARGO	
	UP	DN	UP	DN	UP	DN	UP	DN	UP	DN	UP	DN
4	0	0	22	14	14	0	0	14	58	45	22	23
5	0	1035	144	102	53	0	0	252	106	83	0	0
6	0	0	30	22	0	0	0	352	0	0	53	58
7	0	423	35	23	30	0	0	1051	61	46	0	0
8	0	361	7	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9	0	50	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	0	461	56	38	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	2330	268	206	97	0	0	1649	225	174	75	81

LOADED TRANSITS

CLASS	TOTAL	
	UP	DN
4	114	96
5	303	1452
6	83	432
7	124	1543
8	7	368
9	0	50
10	50	499
TOTAL	685	4440

BALLASTED TRANSITS

CLASS	TOTAL	
	UP	DN
4	20	36
5	1198	61
6	359	16
7	1426	25
8	354	2
9	48	0
10	448	10
TOTAL	3853	150

TOTAL

ALL	TOTAL	
	UP	DN
4	136	132
5	1501	1513
6	442	448
7	1552	1568
8	361	370
9	48	50
10	498	509
TOTAL	4538	4590

\*\*\*\* GL/SL LUCK CAPACITY MODEL \*\*\*\*  
 \*\*\*\* SIN LUCK SYSTEM \*\*\*\*  
 \*\*\*\* 1985 \*\*\*\*  
 \*\*\*\* SEASON EXTENSION 1, LOCKING TIME NORM \*\*\*\*

\*\*\*\* DAILY TRANSIT DEMAND BY MONTH AND CLASS \*\*\*\*

CLASS	1 APRIL				2 APRIL			
	UP	DOWN	LOAD	TOTAL	UP	DOWN	LOAD	TOTAL
3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
4	1.1	0.0	1.1	2.0	2.2	1.1	3.3	5.5
5	2.2	1.3	1.5	5.0	2.6	1.1	3.7	6.3
6	1.1	0.0	1.1	2.2	2.6	0.0	2.6	5.2
7	1.1	0.0	1.1	2.2	2.6	0.0	2.6	5.2
8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
10	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
TOTAL	5.4	1.3	4.8	11.5	10.0	2.2	12.2	22.2

CLASS	MAY				JUNE			
	UP	DOWN	LOAD	TOTAL	UP	DOWN	LOAD	TOTAL
3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
4	1.1	0.0	1.1	2.2	2.2	1.1	3.3	5.5
5	2.2	1.3	1.5	5.0	2.6	1.1	3.7	6.3
6	1.1	0.0	1.1	2.2	2.6	0.0	2.6	5.2
7	1.1	0.0	1.1	2.2	2.6	0.0	2.6	5.2
8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
10	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
TOTAL	5.4	1.3	4.8	11.5	10.0	2.2	12.2	22.2

CLASS	JULY				AUGUST			
	UP	DOWN	LOAD	TOTAL	UP	DOWN	LOAD	TOTAL
3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
4	1.1	0.0	1.1	2.2	2.2	1.1	3.3	5.5
5	2.2	1.3	1.5	5.0	2.6	1.1	3.7	6.3
6	1.1	0.0	1.1	2.2	2.6	0.0	2.6	5.2
7	1.1	0.0	1.1	2.2	2.6	0.0	2.6	5.2
8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
10	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
TOTAL	5.4	1.3	4.8	11.5	10.0	2.2	12.2	22.2

\*\*\*\* GL/SL LUCK CAPACITY MODEL \*\*\*\*  
 \*\*\*\* SUU LOCK SYSTEM \*\*\*\*  
 \*\*\*\* 1985 \*\*\*\*  
 \*\*\*\* SEASON EXTENSION 1: LOCKING TIME NORM \*\*\*\*

\*\*\*\* DAILY TRANSIT DEMAND BY MONTH AND CLASS \*\*\*\*  
 CONTINUED

SEPTEN					OCTOBER					1 DECEM					JANUARY				
DN					DN					DN					DN				
UP					UP					UP					UP				
CLASS	LOAD	BLST	TOTAL	TOTAL	LOAD	BLST	TOTAL	TOTAL	LOAD	BLST	TOTAL	TOTAL	LOAD	BLST	TOTAL	LOAD	BLST	TOTAL	TOTAL
3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
4	1.5	1.1	6.6	6.6	4.4	2.2	6.6	6.6	4.4	2.2	6.6	6.6	4.4	2.2	6.6	4.4	2.2	6.6	6.6
5	1.3	5.2	6.5	6.5	6.3	3.3	6.6	6.6	1.3	5.2	6.5	6.5	6.3	3.3	6.6	1.3	5.2	6.5	6.5
6	4.4	1.6	2.0	2.0	1.9	1.1	2.0	2.0	4.4	1.6	2.0	2.0	1.9	1.1	2.0	4.4	1.6	2.0	2.0
7	5.5	6.2	6.7	6.7	6.7	1.1	6.8	6.8	5.5	6.2	6.7	6.7	6.7	1.1	6.8	5.5	6.2	6.7	6.7
8	0.0	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.6	0.0	1.6	1.6	0.0	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.6	0.0	1.6	0.0	1.5	1.5	1.5
9	0.0	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	0.0	2.2	2.2	0.0	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	0.0	2.2	0.0	2.2	2.2	2.2
10	2.2	2.0	2.2	2.2	2.1	0.0	2.1	2.1	2.3	2.0	4.3	4.3	2.1	0.0	2.1	2.3	2.0	4.3	4.3
TOTAL	2.9	16.8	19.7	19.7	19.2	7.7	19.9	39.6	22.1	17.5	39.6	39.6	19.2	7.7	19.9	22.1	17.5	39.6	39.6
NOVEMBER										2 DECEM									
UP					UP					UP					UP				
CLASS	LOAD	BLST	TOTAL	TOTAL	LOAD	BLST	TOTAL	TOTAL	LOAD	BLST	TOTAL	TOTAL	LOAD	BLST	TOTAL	LOAD	BLST	TOTAL	TOTAL
3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
4	1.5	1.1	6.6	6.6	4.4	2.2	6.6	6.6	4.4	2.2	6.6	6.6	4.4	2.2	6.6	4.4	2.2	6.6	6.6
5	1.3	5.3	6.6	6.6	6.3	3.3	6.6	6.6	1.3	5.3	6.6	6.6	6.3	3.3	6.6	1.3	5.3	6.6	6.6
6	4.4	1.6	2.0	2.0	1.9	1.1	2.0	2.0	4.4	1.6	2.0	2.0	1.9	1.1	2.0	4.4	1.6	2.0	2.0
7	5.5	6.3	6.8	6.8	6.7	1.1	6.8	6.8	5.5	6.3	6.8	6.8	6.7	1.1	6.8	5.5	6.3	6.8	6.8
8	0.0	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	0.0	1.6	1.6	0.0	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	0.0	1.6	0.0	1.6	1.6	1.6
9	0.0	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	0.0	2.2	2.2	0.0	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	0.0	2.2	0.0	2.2	2.2	2.2
10	2.2	2.0	2.2	2.2	2.1	0.0	2.1	2.1	2.3	2.0	4.3	4.3	2.1	0.0	2.1	2.3	2.0	4.3	4.3
TOTAL	2.9	17.1	20.0	20.0	19.2	7.7	19.9	39.6	22.1	17.8	39.9	39.9	19.2	7.7	19.9	22.1	17.8	39.9	39.9
JANUARY																			
UP					UP					UP					UP				
CLASS	LOAD	BLST	TOTAL	TOTAL	LOAD	BLST	TOTAL	TOTAL	LOAD	BLST	TOTAL	TOTAL	LOAD	BLST	TOTAL	LOAD	BLST	TOTAL	TOTAL
3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
4	1.5	1.1	6.6	6.6	4.4	2.2	6.6	6.6	4.4	2.2	6.6	6.6	4.4	2.2	6.6	4.4	2.2	6.6	6.6
5	1.3	5.2	6.5	6.5	6.3	3.3	6.6	6.6	1.3	5.2	6.5	6.5	6.3	3.3	6.6	1.3	5.2	6.5	6.5
6	4.4	1.6	2.0	2.0	1.9	1.1	2.0	2.0	4.4	1.6	2.0	2.0	1.9	1.1	2.0	4.4	1.6	2.0	2.0
7	5.5	6.2	6.7	6.7	6.7	1.1	6.8	6.8	5.5	6.2	6.7	6.7	6.7	1.1	6.8	5.5	6.2	6.7	6.7
8	0.0	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.6	0.0	1.6	1.6	0.0	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.6	0.0	1.6	0.0	1.5	1.5	1.5
9	0.0	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	0.0	2.2	2.2	0.0	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	0.0	2.2	0.0	2.2	2.2	2.2
10	2.2	2.0	2.2	2.2	2.1	0.0	2.1	2.1	2.3	2.0	4.3	4.3	2.1	0.0	2.1	2.3	2.0	4.3	4.3
TOTAL	2.9	16.8	19.7	19.7	19.2	7.7	19.9	39.6	22.1	17.5	39.6	39.6	19.2	7.7	19.9	22.1	17.5	39.6	39.6



\*\*\*\* GL/SLS LUCK CAPACITY MODEL \*\*\*\*  
 \*\*\*\* SUI LUCK SYSTEM \*\*\*\*  
 \*\*\*\* 1985 \*\*\*\*  
 \*\*\*\* SEASON EXTENSION 1/ LOCKING TIME NORM \*\*\*\*

\*\*\*\* DAILY TRANSIT DEMAND BY MONTH AND CLASS \*\*\*\*  
 CONTINUED

CLASS	FEBRUARY			MARCH			TOTAL		
	UP	DN	TOTAL	UP	DN	TOTAL	LOAD BLST	LOAD BLST	TOTAL
3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
10	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

\*\*\*\* GL/SLS LOCK CAPACITY MODEL \*\*\*\*  
 \*\*\*\* SDO LOCK SYSTEM \*\*\*\*  
 \*\*\*\* 1985 \*\*\*\*  
 \*\*\*\* SEASON EXTENSION 1: LOCKING TIME NORM \*\*\*\*

\*\*\*\* ACTUAL TRANSITS \*\*\*\*

CLASS	1 APRIL				2 APRIL				3 APRIL				4 APRIL				5 APRIL				6 APRIL				7 APRIL				8 APRIL				9 APRIL				10 APRIL																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																						
	MACARTHUR		SABIN AND DAVIS		MACARTHUR		SABIN AND DAVIS		MACARTHUR		SABIN AND DAVIS		MACARTHUR		SABIN AND DAVIS		MACARTHUR		SABIN AND DAVIS		MACARTHUR		SABIN AND DAVIS		MACARTHUR		SABIN AND DAVIS		MACARTHUR		SABIN AND DAVIS		MACARTHUR		SABIN AND DAVIS																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																								
	UP	DN	TOTAL	UP	DN	TOTAL	UP	DN	TOTAL	UP	DN	TOTAL	UP	DN	TOTAL	UP	DN	TOTAL	UP	DN	TOTAL	UP	DN	TOTAL	UP	DN	TOTAL	UP	DN	TOTAL	UP	DN	TOTAL	UP	DN	TOTAL																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																							
3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0

\*\*\*\* UL/SLB LOCK CAPACITY MODEL \*\*\*\*  
 \*\*\*\* SUO LOCK SYSTEM \*\*\*\*  
 \*\*\*\* 1985 \*\*\*\*  
 \*\*\*\* SEASON EXTENSION 1: LOCKING TIME NORM \*\*\*\*

\*\*\*\* ACTUAL TRANSITS \*\*\*\*  
 CONTINUED

CLASS	MACARTHUR			PUE			SABIN AND DAVIS			MACARTHUR			PUE			SABIN AND DAVIS		
	TOTAL			TOTAL			TOTAL			TOTAL			TOTAL			TOTAL		
	UP	DN	TOTAL	UP	DN	TOTAL	UP	DN	TOTAL	UP	DN	TOTAL	UP	DN	TOTAL	UP	DN	TOTAL
3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
5	1.3	4.4	5.7	0.0	1.9	1.9	5.2	.3	5.5	1.3	4.4	5.7	0.0	1.9	1.9	5.2	.3	5.5
6	1.4	1.3	2.7	0.0	.6	.6	1.6	.1	1.7	1.4	1.3	2.7	0.0	.6	.6	1.6	.1	1.7
7	5.4	6.6	12.0	0.0	2.1	2.1	6.2	.1	6.3	5.4	6.6	12.0	0.0	2.1	2.1	6.2	.1	6.3
8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.6	1.6	1.5	0.0	1.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.6	1.6	1.5	0.0	1.5
9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.2	2.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.2	2.2	0.0	0.0	0.0
10	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.2	2.2	4.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.2	2.2	4.4	0.0	0.0	0.0
TOTAL	2.2	10.3	12.5	2.4	9.6	11.0	15.1	1.1	16.2	2.2	10.3	12.5	2.4	9.6	11.0	15.1	1.1	16.2

CLASS	MACARTHUR			PUE			SABIN AND DAVIS			MACARTHUR			PUE			SABIN AND DAVIS		
	TOTAL			TOTAL			TOTAL			TOTAL			TOTAL			TOTAL		
	UP	DN	TOTAL	UP	DN	TOTAL	UP	DN	TOTAL	UP	DN	TOTAL	UP	DN	TOTAL	UP	DN	TOTAL
3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
5	1.3	4.4	5.7	0.0	1.9	1.9	5.3	.3	5.6	1.4	1.4	2.8	0.0	1.9	1.9	5.3	.3	5.6
6	1.4	1.3	2.7	0.0	.6	.6	1.4	.1	1.5	1.4	1.4	2.8	0.0	.6	.6	1.4	.1	1.5
7	5.4	6.6	12.0	0.0	2.1	2.1	6.3	.1	6.4	5.4	6.6	12.0	0.0	2.1	2.1	6.3	.1	6.4
8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.6	1.6	1.5	0.0	1.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.6	1.6	1.5	0.0	1.5
9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.2	2.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.2	2.2	0.0	0.0	0.0
10	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.2	2.2	4.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.2	2.2	4.4	0.0	0.0	0.0
TOTAL	2.2	10.3	12.5	2.4	9.6	11.0	15.4	1.1	16.5	2.2	10.3	12.5	2.4	9.6	11.0	15.4	1.1	16.5

CLASS	MACARTHUR			PUE			SABIN AND DAVIS			MACARTHUR			PUE			SABIN AND DAVIS		
	TOTAL			TOTAL			TOTAL			TOTAL			TOTAL			TOTAL		
	UP	DN	TOTAL	UP	DN	TOTAL	UP	DN	TOTAL	UP	DN	TOTAL	UP	DN	TOTAL	UP	DN	TOTAL
3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
5	1.3	4.4	5.7	0.0	1.9	1.9	5.3	.3	5.6	1.4	1.4	2.8	0.0	1.9	1.9	5.3	.3	5.6
6	1.4	1.3	2.7	0.0	.6	.6	1.4	.1	1.5	1.4	1.4	2.8	0.0	.6	.6	1.4	.1	1.5
7	5.4	6.6	12.0	0.0	2.1	2.1	6.3	.1	6.4	5.4	6.6	12.0	0.0	2.1	2.1	6.3	.1	6.4
8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.6	1.6	1.5	0.0	1.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.6	1.6	1.5	0.0	1.5
9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.2	2.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.2	2.2	0.0	0.0	0.0
10	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.2	2.2	4.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.2	2.2	4.4	0.0	0.0	0.0
TOTAL	2.2	10.3	12.5	2.4	9.6	11.0	15.4	1.1	16.5	2.2	10.3	12.5	2.4	9.6	11.0	15.4	1.1	16.5

\*\*\*\* GL/SL LUCK CAPACITY MODEL \*\*\*\*  
 \*\*\*\* 500 LUCK SYSTEM \*\*\*\*  
 \*\*\*\* 1985 \*\*\*\*  
 \*\*\*\* SEASON EXTENSION 1: LOCKING TIME NORM \*\*\*\*

\*\*\*\* ACTUAL TRANSITS \*\*\*\*  
 CONTINUED

CLASS	MACARTHUR			FEBRUARY			SABIN AND DAVIS			MACARTHUR			MARCH			SABIN AND DAVIS		
	UP	DN	TOTAL	UP	DN	TOTAL	UP	DN	TOTAL	UP	DN	TOTAL	UP	DN	TOTAL	UP	DN	TOTAL
3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
10	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

#### GL/SLs LUCK CAPACITY MODEL ####

#### S/W LOCK SYSTEM ####

#### 1985 ####

#### SEASON EXTENSION 1/ LOCKING TIME NORM ####

#### QUEUING INFORMATION ####

#### MACARTHUR LOCK ####

	1 APRIL	2 APRIL	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUGUST	SEPTEMBER
LUCK OPERATION TIME (HRS)	356	85	82	79	110	88	714
LUCK CYCLE TIME (MIN)	10	8	10	7	10	7	10
AVE. WAITING TIME (HOURS)	.05	.08	.04	.21	.19	1.25	.19
MONTHLY WAITING TIME (HRS)	0	2	1	13	12	396	13
AVE. QUEUE LENGTH (SHIPS)	.00	.01	.00	.04	.02	.54	.02
LUCK UTILIZATION (%)	10	24	63	63	43	43	43
LUCK OPERATION TIME (HRS)	738	110	88	77	78	81	0
LUCK CYCLE TIME (MIN)	10	7	10	7	10	8	0
AVE. WAITING TIME (HOURS)	.19	1.25	.19	1.25	.02	.14	.01
MONTHLY WAITING TIME (HRS)	13	400	13	387	0	2	0
AVE. QUEUE LENGTH (SHIPS)	.02	.54	.02	.54	.00	.02	.00
LUCK UTILIZATION (%)	63	17	63	13	0	0	0
YEARLY WAITING TIME (HOURS)	UPBOUND: 1151.	DOWNBOUND: 2784.					

#### POE LOCK ####

	1 APRIL	2 APRIL	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUGUST	SEPTEMBER
LUCK OPERATION TIME (HRS)	356	97	107	92	141	105	714
LUCK CYCLE TIME (MIN)	14	15	10	14	13	15	13
AVE. WAITING TIME (HOURS)	.08	.09	.09	.24	.38	1.52	.38
MONTHLY WAITING TIME (HRS)	1	2	2	13	28	401	27
AVE. QUEUE LENGTH (SHIPS)	.01	.01	.00	.04	.04	.55	.04
LUCK UTILIZATION (%)	10	24	63	63	43	43	43
LUCK OPERATION TIME (HRS)	738	105	141	105	96	87	91
LUCK CYCLE TIME (MIN)	13	15	13	15	14	15	15
AVE. WAITING TIME (HOURS)	.38	1.52	.38	1.52	.03	.16	.02
MONTHLY WAITING TIME (HRS)	28	404	27	392	0	7	0
AVE. QUEUE LENGTH (SHIPS)	.04	.55	.04	.55	.00	.02	.00
LUCK UTILIZATION (%)	63	17	63	13	0	0	0
YEARLY WAITING TIME (HOURS)	UPBOUND: 1151.	DOWNBOUND: 2824.					

#### SABIN AND DAVIS LOCKS ####

	1 APRIL	2 APRIL	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUGUST	SEPTEMBER
LUCK OPERATION TIME (HRS)	356	49	44	51	45	61	714
LUCK CYCLE TIME (MIN)	5	4	4	4	4	4	4
AVE. WAITING TIME (HOURS)	.07	.00	.11	.01	.35	.02	.35
MONTHLY WAITING TIME (HRS)	4	0	13	0	163	1	158
AVE. QUEUE LENGTH (SHIPS)	.01	.00	.04	.00	.22	.00	.22
LUCK UTILIZATION (%)	15	23	48	48	48	48	48
LUCK OPERATION TIME (HRS)	738	61	45	61	43	43	384
LUCK CYCLE TIME (MIN)	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
AVE. WAITING TIME (HOURS)	.35	.02	.35	.02	.00	.01	.00
MONTHLY WAITING TIME (HRS)	163	1	161	1	1	0	0
AVE. QUEUE LENGTH (SHIPS)	.22	.00	.22	.00	.00	.00	.00
LUCK UTILIZATION (%)	48	2	48	2	0	0	0
YEARLY WAITING TIME (HOURS)	UPBOUND: 1151.	DOWNBOUND: 1151.					

CARGO	ACTUAL CARGO FLOW BY COMMODITY AND MONTH												TOTAL		
	1 APR	2 APR	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUG	SEPT	OCT	NOV	1 DEC	2 DEC	JAN		FEB	MARCH
WHEAT	253	622	3058	2970	3083	3095	2970	3070	2983	479	333	0	0	0	22916
SOY BEAN	1	2	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	1	1	0	0	0	41
BARLEY	56	138	678	659	684	687	659	681	662	106	74	0	0	0	5084
CORN	16	38	188	182	189	190	182	189	183	29	20	0	0	0	1406
OIL SEED	14	35	173	168	175	175	168	174	169	27	19	0	0	0	1297
LIME STN	23	56	275	267	277	278	267	276	268	43	30	0	0	0	2060
IRON ORE	916	1987	9766	9487	9846	9886	9487	9806	9527	1531	1064	0	0	0	73203
CUMUL	125	305	1499	1456	1511	1517	1456	1505	1462	235	163	0	0	0	11234
RAW MATL	1	4	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	3	2	0	0	0	129
PETROL	14	35	173	169	175	176	169	174	169	27	19	0	0	0	1300
CEMENT	10	26	127	123	128	128	123	127	124	20	14	0	0	0	950
MINERAL	4	15	74	72	74	75	72	74	72	12	8	0	0	0	554
DRY BUL	22	54	267	259	269	270	259	268	260	42	29	0	0	0	1999
GEN CARG	15	37	182	177	184	184	177	183	178	29	20	0	0	0	1366
SIL PROD	4	10	50	49	50	51	49	50	49	8	5	0	0	0	375
TOTAL	1376	3364	16535	16063	16670	16737	16063	16602	16131	2592	1801	0	0	0	123934

END

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